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VERTICAL SECTIONS OF TEMPERATURE, SALINITY, THERMOSTERIC ANOMALY, AND ZONAL GEOSTROPHIC VELOCITY FROM NORPAX SHUTTLE EXPERIMENT - PART 2

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VERTICAL SECTIONS OF TEMPERATURE, SALINITY, THERMOSTERIC ANOMALY, AND ZONAL GEOSTROPHIC VELOCITY FROM NORPAX SHUTTLE EXPERIMENT - PART 2.

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ABSTRACT. The NORPAX Hawaii-Tahiti Shuttle Experiment was carried out in the central Pacific (158°, 153°, 150°W) during the period February 1979-June 1980. This report covers CTD profiling data from legs 6-10 of the Shuttle (July 1979-January 1980). Vertical sections of temperature, salinity, thermosteric anomaly and zonal geostrophic velocity are presented. Meridional profiles of surface temperature, surface salinity, surface thermosteric anomaly and geostrophic volume transport relative to 1000 db are included.

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Description of field program

During the period February 1979-June 1980 a measurement program (Hawaii-Tahiti Shuttle Experiment) was carried out in the central Pacific to study the low frequency changes in the tropical current system. It was carried out by the NORPAX project as a component of the FGGE (First GARP (Global Atmospheric Research Program) Global Experiment) oceanographic program in the Pacific. Shipboard profile measurements were made along 158°, 153° and 150°W with conductivity/temperature/pressure/dissolved oxygen recorders (CTPO), expendable bathythermographs (XBT), and Düing Profiling Current Meters. Current meter moorings were located near the equator and satellite-tracked drift buoys were deployed between 0° and 10°N. A large-scale network of island sea level gauges was operated in the central and western Pacific. A preliminary analysis of the combined data set has been presented by Wyrtki, Firing, Halpern, Knox, McNally, Patzert, Stroup, Taft, and Williams (1981).

In this data report the temperature, salinity and specific volume observations from the second five legs are represented by a series of meridional vertical sections. The positions of the CTPO stations for each leg are shown in Figures 1, 2, and 3. The basic sampling plan was to profile to 1000 db at 1° intervals along the three meridians. In addition there were occasional stations along zonal sections connecting the meridians; they are not included in this report. Sections of temperature, salinity, thermosteric anomaly and zonal geostrophic velocity (relative to 1000 db) are shown for each meridian. Data from the first five legs has been presented by Taft and Kovala (1981). The data from the remaining legs of the Shuttle Experiment (including the dissolved oxygen measurements) will be included in subsequent data reports.
2. PREPARATION OF VERTICAL SECTIONS

2.1 Data processing

All data were obtained with a slightly modified Neil Brown Mark III CTP manufactured by Neil Brown Instrument Systems of Falmouth, Massachusetts. Several rosette-mounted Niskin bottles were tripped during each cast to provide discrete temperature, salinity, and oxygen data for calibration purposes.

A description of the CTP data processing as well as a listing of the data at 10-db intervals may be found in a series of five data reports published by Physical and Chemical Oceanographic Data Facility of the Scripps Institution of Oceanography (see references). Means and standard deviations of differences between the CTD and the Niskin bottle data for each leg are given in Table 1. These values were excerpted from the above reports. The error estimates represent upper bounds because they involve the comparison of values obtained during the descent of the instrument with bottle values obtained on the ascent.

2.2 Drawing of sections

The data were contoured with a linear interpolation program developed at the University of Washington, Seattle, Washington. Temperature and thermosteric anomaly contours were drawn from a field of block-averaged values at 2.5 db intervals; salinity data were smoothed a second time with a five-point binomial running average before contouring was done. Because of the complicated salinity structure in the thermocline, the salinity data are represented with an expanded scale (0-300 db) as well as the 0-1000 db scale which was used to represent all properties. The vertical exaggerations are: 0 to 300 db--5460; and 0 to 1000 db--2730. Occasional short gaps in the data, which were primarily due to tape reading problems, were filled by linear interpolation.

The average zonal geostrophic velocity was computed between stations 1° of latitude apart after a 3-point binomial filter was applied to the dynamic heights. At the ends of the sections individual station values were differenced to compute the velocity. Because of uncertainties in the geostrophic velocity computation as the equator is approached, no velocities were computed equatorward of 2°N(S).

Contour intervals, which are in some cases non-uniform are given in Table 2. The equivalence between thermosteric anomaly, i.e., the specific volume anomaly at in situ temperature and salinity and atmospheric pressure, and the density anomaly at atmospheric pressure (\(\sigma_t = 10^3(p_{S,T,P_a} - 1)\)) is given in Table 3.
Table 1. Means and standard deviations of differences between temperature and salinity measured by the CTP and the measurements obtained by Niskin bottle. The shallow bottle (S) was in the pressure range 2-10 db, the middle (M) bottle was in the range 400-600 db and the deep (D) bottle was near 1000 db.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Leg</th>
<th>Temperature (°C)</th>
<th>Salinity (°/oo)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mean</td>
<td>Standard Deviation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 S</td>
<td>-0.0172</td>
<td>0.0232</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>0.0005</td>
<td>0.0050</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7 S</td>
<td>-0.0129</td>
<td>0.0145</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M</td>
<td>-0.0015</td>
<td>0.0107</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>-0.0009</td>
<td>0.0043</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8 S</td>
<td>-0.0194</td>
<td>0.0122</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M</td>
<td>0.0062</td>
<td>0.0246</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>0.0000</td>
<td>0.0053</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9 S</td>
<td>-0.0174</td>
<td>0.0099</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M</td>
<td>-0.0007</td>
<td>0.0127</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>0.0002</td>
<td>0.0090</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 S</td>
<td>-0.0099</td>
<td>0.0095</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M</td>
<td>-0.0045</td>
<td>0.0251</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>0.0001</td>
<td>0.0086</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Table 2. Contour intervals used in vertical sections.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variable</th>
<th>Range</th>
<th>Contour interval</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Temperature</td>
<td>≥ 25°C</td>
<td>1°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>14° ≤ T ≤ 24°C</td>
<td>2°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>≤ 13°C</td>
<td>1°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Salinity</td>
<td>Above 300 db</td>
<td>0.1°/oo</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Below 300 db, S ≥ 34.6°/oo</td>
<td>0.1°/oo</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>S &lt; 34.6°/oo</td>
<td>0.05°/oo</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thermosteric</td>
<td>δ_T &gt; 300 x 10^5 cm^3 g^-1</td>
<td>40 x 10^5 cm^3 g^-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anomaly</td>
<td>δ_T ≤ 300 x 10^5 cm^3 g^-1</td>
<td>20 x 10^5 cm^3 g^-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Geostrophic</td>
<td>U &gt; 10 cm s^-1</td>
<td>10 cm s^-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Velocity</td>
<td>10 ≤ U ≤ 10 cm s^-1; 0 omitted</td>
<td>5 cm s^-1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table 3. Values of $\sigma_t$ for given thermosteric anomaly ($\delta_{S,T,P_a}$). (Data has been taken from the *Handbook of Oceanographic Tables*, U.S. Naval Oceanographic Office, 1966.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>$\delta_{S,T,P_a}$ (10^{-8} \text{ cm}^3 \text{g}^{-1})$</th>
<th>$\sigma_t$ (10^3 \text{ g cm}^{-3})$</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>580</td>
<td>22.032</td>
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<tr>
<td>540</td>
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<tr>
<td>500</td>
<td>22.868</td>
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<tr>
<td>460</td>
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<tr>
<td>420</td>
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<td>380</td>
<td>24.125</td>
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<td>340</td>
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<td>300</td>
<td>24.965</td>
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<td>280</td>
<td>25.175</td>
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<td>260</td>
<td>25.385</td>
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<td>240</td>
<td>25.596</td>
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<td>220</td>
<td>25.806</td>
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<td>200</td>
<td>26.017</td>
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<td>180</td>
<td>26.227</td>
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<tr>
<td>160</td>
<td>26.438</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>140</td>
<td>26.649</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>120</td>
<td>26.860</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>27.070</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80</td>
<td>27.281</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60</td>
<td>27.493</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3. ADDITIONAL MERIDIONAL PROFILES

3.1 Surface distributions

Plots of sea surface temperature, salinity, and thermosteric anomaly are given for each meridian on each leg (Figures 64-68).

3.2 Volume transport

The zonal geostrophic volume transport relative to 1000 db has been plotted for each meridian on each leg (Figures 69-73). The transports are the total westward and eastward (positive) transports at each mid-point (half-degree of latitude). All zonal components less than 5 cm sec$^{-1}$ in magnitude have been excluded from the integration.

4. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The field work and data analysis were funded by National Science Foundation grants to the University of Hawaii (OCE-78-20719) and the University of Washington (OCE-80-24913). The field measurements were done by the Physical and Chemical Oceanographic Data Facility at the Scripps Institution of Oceanography of the University of California at San Diego. The production of the sections was done by Virginia May, Joy Godfrey, and James Anderson of the Pacific Marine Environmental Laboratory. The excellent support of Captain R. Anthony Laskata and the crew of the R/V Wecoma of the Oregon State University is gratefully acknowledged. Chief Scientists of the various legs (with affiliation at time of cruise) were: Leg 6 - L. A. Regier of the Scripps Institution of Oceanography; Leg 7 - J. Miller of the University of Hawaii; Leg 8 - R. Knox of the Scripps Institution of Oceanography; Leg 9 - T. Clarke of the University of Hawaii; and Leg 10 - E. Firing of the University of Hawaii.
5. REFERENCES


Figure 1.--CTP stations occupied during Leg 6 (20 July-14 August 1979) and Leg 7 (19 August-11 September 1979) of Hawaii-Tahiti Shuttle Experiment.
Figure 2.--CTP stations occupied during Leg 8 (29 September-27 October 1979) and Leg 9 (1-24 November 1979) of Hawaii-Tahiti Shuttle Experiment.
Figure 3.--CTP stations occupied during Leg 10 (8 December 1979-3 January 1980) of Hawaii-Tahiti Shuttle Experiment.
Figure 4.--Distribution of temperature (°C) along 158°30'W (Leg 6, 20-28 July 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 5S.--Distribution of salinity (°/oo) along 158°30'W (Leg 6, 20-28 July 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 5D. -- Distribution of salinity (‰) along 158°30'W (Leg 6, 20-28 July 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom panel.
Figure 6.--Distribution of thermosteric anomaly (10^{-5} \text{ cm}^3 \text{ g}^{-1}) along 158°30' W (Leg 6, 20-28 July 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
LEG 6: 158°30'W, U_g

Figure 7.--Distribution of zonal geostrophic velocity component (cm s^{-1}) relative to 1000 db along 158°30'W (Leg 6, 20-28 July 1979). Eastward components are shaded. Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 8.--Distribution of temperature (°C) along 153°30'W (Leg 6, 29 July-5 August 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 9S.--Distribution of salinity (°/oo) along 153°30'W (Leg 6, 29 July-5 August 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 9D.--Distribution of salinity (°/oo) along 153°30'W (Leg 6, 29 July-5 August 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 10. -- Distribution of thermosteric anomaly ($10^{-5}$ cm$^3$ g$^{-1}$) along 153°30'W (Leg 6, 29 July-5 August 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 11.--Distribution of zonal geostrophic velocity component (cm s$^{-1}$) relative to 1000 db along 153°30'W (Leg 6, 29 July-5 August 1979). Eastward components are shaded. Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 12.—Distribution of temperature \((^\circ\text{C})\) along 150°30'W (Leg 6, August 5-14, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 13S.—Distribution of salinity ($^\circ$/oo) along 150°30'W (Leg 6, August 5-14, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 13D.--Distribution of salinity (‰) along 150°30'W (Leg 6, August 5-14, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 14.--Distribution of thermosteric anomaly \(10^{-5} \text{ cm}^3 \text{ g}^{-1}\) along 150°30'W (Leg 6, August 5-14, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 15.—Distribution of zonal geostrophic velocity component (cm s\(^{-1}\)) relative to 1000 db along 150°30'W (Leg 6, August 5-14, 1979). Eastward components are shaded. Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 16.--Distribution of temperature (°C) along 149°30'W (Leg 7, August 19-27, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 17S.--Distribution of salinity (°/oo) along 149°30'W (Leg 7, August 19-27, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 17D.--Distribution of salinity (°/oo) along 149°30'W (Leg 7, August 19-27, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 18.--Distribution of thermosteric anomaly ($10^{-5} \text{ cm}^3 \text{ g}^{-1}$) along 149°30'W (Leg 7, August 19-27, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 19.--Distribution of zonal geostrophic velocity component (cm s\(^{-1}\)) relative to 1000 db along 149\(^\circ\)30'W (Leg 7, August 19-27, 1979). Eastward components are shaded. Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 20.--Distribution of temperature (°C) along 153°10'W (Leg 7, August 28-September 3, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 21S.--Distribution of salinity (°/oo) along 153°10'W (Leg 7, August 28-September 3, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 21D.--Distribution of salinity (°/oo) along 153°10'W (Leg 7, August 28-September 3, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 22.--Distribution of thermosteric anomaly ($10^{-5} \text{ cm}^3 \text{ g}^{-1}$) along 153°10'W (Leg 7, August 28-September 3, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 23.--Distribution of zonal geostrophic velocity component (cm s$^{-1}$) relative to 1000 db along 153°10'W (Leg 7, August 28-September 3, 1979). Eastward components are shaded. Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 24.—Distribution of temperature (°C) along 157°30′W (Leg 7, September 4-11, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 25S.—Distribution of salinity (°/oo) along 157°30'W (Leg 7, September 4-11, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 25D.--Distribution of salinity (°/oo) along 157°30'W (Leg 7, September 4-11, 1979). Station positions given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 26.—Distribution of thermosteric anomaly ($10^{-5} \text{ cm}^3 \text{ g}^{-1}$) along 157°30'W (Leg 7, September 4-11, 1979). Station positions given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 27.—Distribution of zonal geostrophic velocity component (cm s$^{-1}$) relative to 1000 db along 157°30'W (Leg 7, September 4-11, 1979). Eastward components are shaded. Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 28.--Distribution of temperature (°C) along 157°50'W (Leg 8, September 29-October 6, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 29S.—Distribution of salinity (°/oo) along 157°50'W (Leg 8, September 29-October 6, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 29D.--Distribution of salinity (‰/o) along 157°50'W (Leg 8, September 29-October 6, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
LEG 8: 157°50'W, δₜ

Figure 30.—Distribution of thermosteric anomaly (10⁻⁵ cm³ g⁻¹) along 157°50'W (Leg 8, September 29-October 6, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 31.--Distribution of zonal geostrophic velocity component (cm s$^{-1}$) relative to 1000 db along 157°50'W (Leg 8, September 29-October 6, 1979). Eastward components are shaded. Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 32. -- Distribution of temperature (°C) along 152°30'W (Leg 8, October 8-19, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 33S.--Distribution of salinity (‰) along 152°30'W (Leg 8, October 8-19, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 33D.—Distribution of salinity (%o) along 152°30'W (Leg 8, October 8-19, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 34.--Distribution of thermosteric anomaly (10^{-5} \text{ cm}^3 \text{ g}^{-1}) along 152°30'W (Leg 8, October 8-19, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 35.--Distribution of zonal geostrophic velocity component (cm s^{-1}) relative to 1000 db along 152° 30' W (Leg 8, October 8-19, 1979). Eastward components are shaded. Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 36.—Distribution of temperature (°C) along 149°50'W (Leg 8, October 20-27, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 37S.--Distribution of salinity (°/oo) along 149°50'W (Leg 8, October 20-27, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 37D.--Distribution of salinity (‰) along 149°50′W (leg 8, October 20-27, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 38.—Distribution of thermosteric anomaly ($10^{-5}$ cm$^3$ g$^{-1}$) along 149°50'W (Leg 8, October 20-27, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 39.--Distribution of zonal geostrophic velocity component (cm s\(^{-1}\)) relative to 1000 db along 149°50'W (Leg 8, October 20-27, 1979). Eastward components are shaded. Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 40.--Distribution of temperature (°C) along 150° 10' W (Leg 9, November 1-9, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 41S.--Distribution of salinity (‰) along 150°10'W (Leg 9, November 1-9, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 41D.--Distribution of salinity ($\circ/\infty$) along 150°10'W (Leg 9, November 1-9, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 42.--Distribution of thermosteric anomaly \((10^{-5} \text{ cm}^3 \text{ g}^{-1})\) along 150°10'W (Leg 9, November 1-9, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 43.--Distribution of zonal geostrophic velocity component (cm s$^{-1}$) relative to 1000 db along 150°10'W (Leg 9, November 1-9, 1979). Eastward components are shaded. Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 44.--Distribution of temperature (°C) along 152°50'W (Leg 9, November 10-15, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 458.--Distribution of salinity (°/oo) along 152°50'W (Leg 9, November 10-15, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 45D.—Distribution of salinity (°/oo) along 152°50'W (Leg 9, November 10-15, 1979. Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 46. -- Distribution of thermosteric anomaly ($10^{-5} \text{ cm}^2 \text{ g}^{-1}$) along $152^\circ50'W$ (Leg 9, November 10-15, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 47.—Distribution of zonal geostrophic velocity component (cm s$^{-1}$) relative to 1000 db along 152°50'W (Leg 9, November 10-15, 1979). Eastward components are shaded. Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 48.—Distribution of temperature (°C) along 158°10'W (Leg 9, November 17-24, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 49S.--Distribution of salinity (‰) along 158°10'W (Leg 9, November 17-24, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 49D.—Distribution of salinity (‰) along 158°10'W (Leg 9, November 17–24, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 50. -- Distribution of thermosteric anomaly ($10^{-5} \text{ cm}^{2} \text{ s}^{-1}$) along 138°10'W (Leg 9, November 17-24, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.

LEG 9: 138°10'W, $\delta_T$
Figure 51.--Distribution of zonal geostrophic velocity component (cm s$^{-1}$) relative to 1000 db along 158°10'W (Leg 9, November 17-24, 1979). Eastward components are shaded. Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 52.--Distribution of temperature (°C) along 158°00'W (Leg 10, December 8-17, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 53S.--Distribution of salinity (°/oo) along 158°00'W (Leg 10, December 8-17, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 53D.--Distribution of salinity (‰) along 158°W (Leg 10, December 8-17, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 54.--Distribution of thermosteric anomaly (10^{-5} \text{cm}^3 g^{-1}) along 158°00'W (Leg 10, December 8-17, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 55.--Distribution of zonal geostrophic velocity component (cm s$^{-1}$) relative to 1000 db along 158°00'W (Leg 10, December 8-17, 1979). Eastward components are shaded. Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 56.--Distribution of temperature (°C) along 153°W (Leg 10, December 18-23, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 57S. -- Distribution of salinity (°/oo) along 153°00'W (Leg 10, December 18-23, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 57D.--Distribution of salinity (°/oo) along 153°00'W (Leg 10, December 18-23, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 58.--Distribution of thermosteric anomaly \(10^{-5} \text{ cm}^3 \text{ g}^{-1}\) along 153°00'W (Leg 10, December 18-23, 1979). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 59.—Distribution of zonal geostrophic velocity component (cm s$^{-1}$) relative to 1000 db along 153°00′W (Leg 10, December 18-23, 1979). Eastward components are shaded. Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 60.--Distribution of temperature (°C) along 150°00'W (Leg 10, December 24, 1979-January 3, 1980). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 61S.--Distribution of salinity ($\circ{\text{o}}/_{\text{oo}}$) along 150°00'W (Leg 10, December 24, 1979-January 3, 1980). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 61D.--Distribution of salinity (°/o0) along 150°00'W (Leg 10, December 24, 1979-January 3, 1980). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 62.—Distribution of thermometric anomaly \((10^{-5} \text{ cm}^3 \text{ g}^{-1})\) along 150°00'W (Leg 10, December 24, 1979-January 3, 1980). Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 63.--Distribution of zonal geostrophic velocity component (cm s$^{-1}$) relative to 1000 db along 150°00'W (Leg 10, December 24, 1979-January 3, 1980). Eastward components are shaded. Station positions are given by tic marks along bottom of panel.
Figure 64.--Distributions of sea-surface temperature, salinity and thermosteric anomaly at 158°30' W, 153°30' W and 150°30' W on Leg 6. Refer to individual sections for dates.
Figure 65.—Distribution of sea-surface temperature, salinity and thermosteric anomaly at 157°30', 153°10', and 149°30'W on Leg 7. See middle panel for meridian key. Refer to individual sections for dates.
Figure 66.--Distributions of sea-surface temperature, salinity and thermosteric anomaly at 157°50'W, 152°30'W, and 149°50'W on Leg 8. See middle panel for meridian key. Refer to individual sections for dates.
SURFACE THERMOSTERIC ANOMALY (10^{-3} cm^3 g^{-1})

SURFACE TEMPERATURE (°C)

SURFACE SALINITY (‰)

--- 158°10' W
--- 152°50' W
--- 150°10' W

Figure 67.--Distribution of sea-surface temperature, salinity and thermosteric anomaly at 158°10', 152°50' and 150°10'W on Leg 9. See middle panel for meridian key. Refer to individual sections for dates.
Figure 68.--Distributions of sea-surface temperature, salinity and thermosteric anomaly at 158°00', 153°00' and 150°00'W on Leg 10. See middle panel for meridian key. Refer to individual sections for dates.
Figure 69.--Distributions of eastward (positive) and westward (negative) volume transport relative to 1000 db at 158°30', 153°30', and 150°30'W on Leg 6. Refer to individual sections for dates. Circles indicate zero transport.
Figure 70.--Distributions of eastward (positive) and westward (negative) volume transport relative to 1000 db at 157°30', 153°10' and 149°30'W on Leg 7. Refer to individual sections for dates. Circles indicate zero transport.
Figure 71.--Distributions of eastward (positive) and westward (negative) volume transport relative to 1000 db at 157°50', 152°30', and 149°50' W on Leg 8. Refer to individual sections for dates. Circles indicate zero transport.
Figure 72.--Distributions of eastward (positive) and westward (negative) volume transport relative to 1000 db at 158°10', 152°50' and 150°10'W on Leg 9. Refer to individual sections for dates. Circles indicate zero transport.
Figure 73.—Distribution of eastward (positive) and westward (negative) volume transport relative to 1000 db at 158°00', 153°00', and 150°00'W on Leg 10. Refer to individual sections for dates. Circles indicate zero transport.