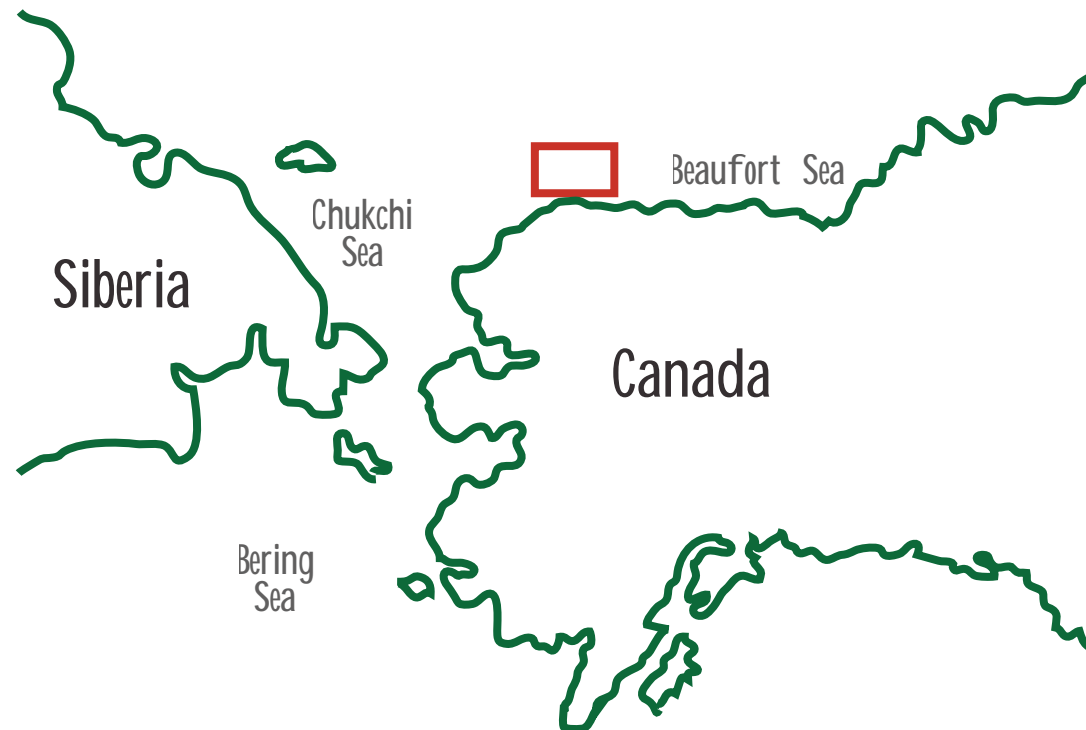


EVOLUTION OF WATER MASSES IN BARROW CANYON DURING SUMMER/FALL

FIRST RESULTS FROM THE DBO INTERNATIONAL TRANSECTS 2010-13

Carolina Nobre, *Bob Pickart, Kevin Arrigo, Carin Ashjian, Jingfeng He, Jackie Grebmeier, Motoyo Itoh, Svein Vagle, Catherine Berchok, Phyllis Stabeno, Takashi Kikuchi, Lee Cooper, Ian Hartwell*



OUTLINE

FIRST RESULTS FROM THE DBO INTERNATIONAL TRANSECTS 2010-13

WHAT IS DBO?

THE PROGRAM AND SCOPE OF THE DATA

MEAN FIELDS & SEASONALITY

ASSESSING SEASONAL VARIATION IN WATER MASSES AND WIND FORCING

MESO-SCALE VARIABILITY

UPWELLING EVENTS

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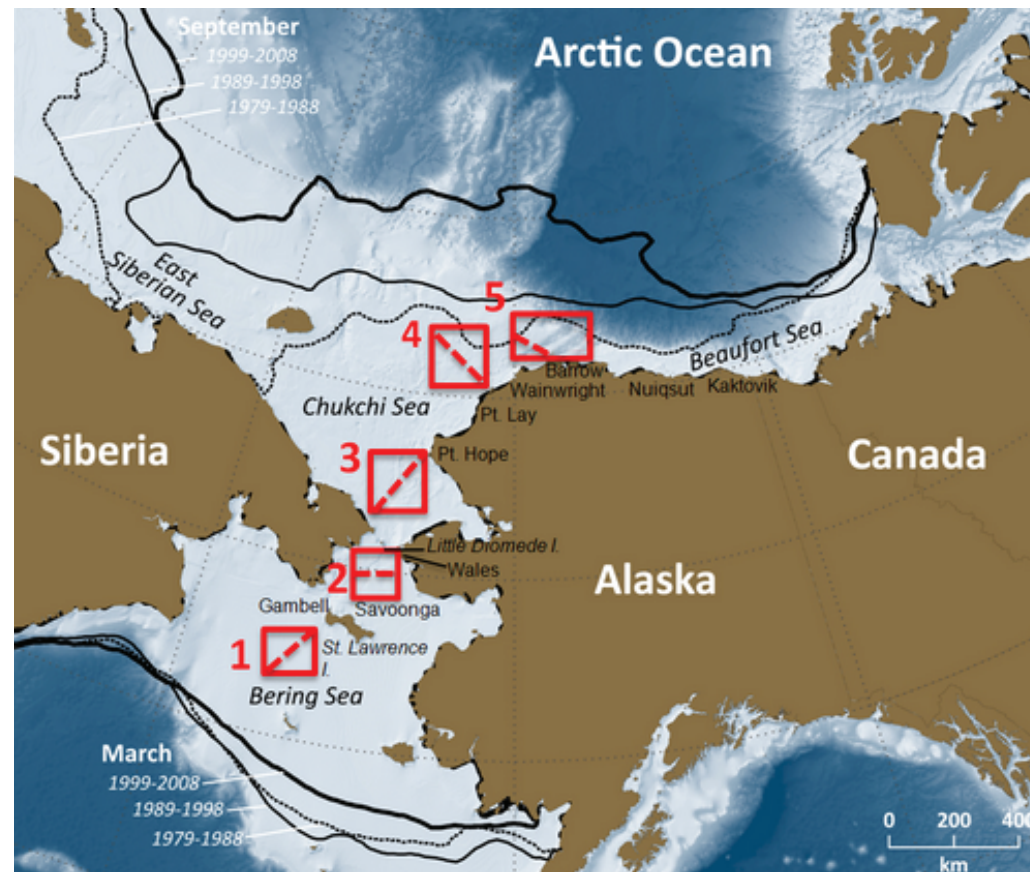
MESO-SCALE VARIABILITY

UPWELLING EVENTS

Distributed Biological Observatory

The DBO aims to serve as a change detection array for the identification and consistent monitoring of biophysical responses.

Occupied by national and international entities (shared data plan)

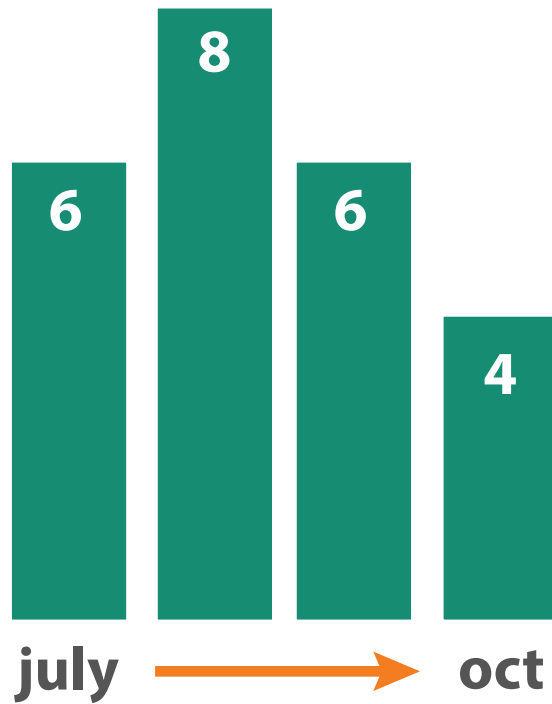


24 occupations of the Barrow Canyon transect

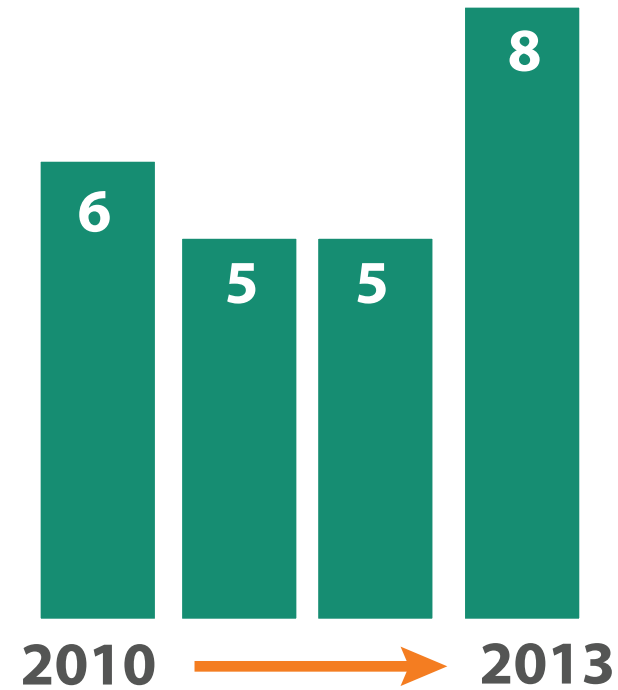
11 contributing Chief Scientists

202 total CTD casts

24 Occupations of Barrow Canyon Section from 2010- 2013

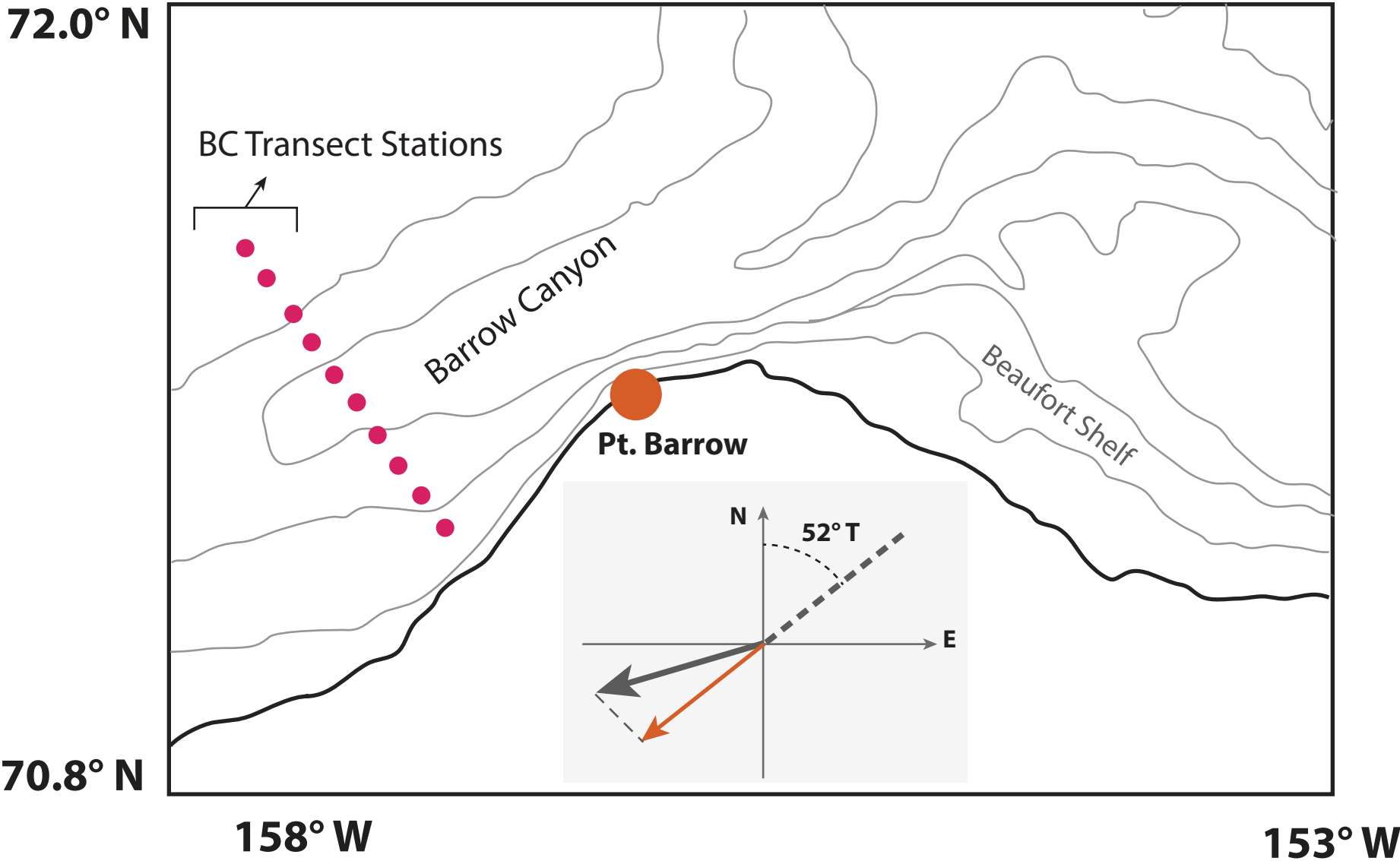


Seasonal



Yearly

Barrow Canyon Station Positions and Wind Data



WHAT IS DBO?

THE PROGRAM AND SCOPE OF THE DATA

MEAN FIELDS & SEASONALITY

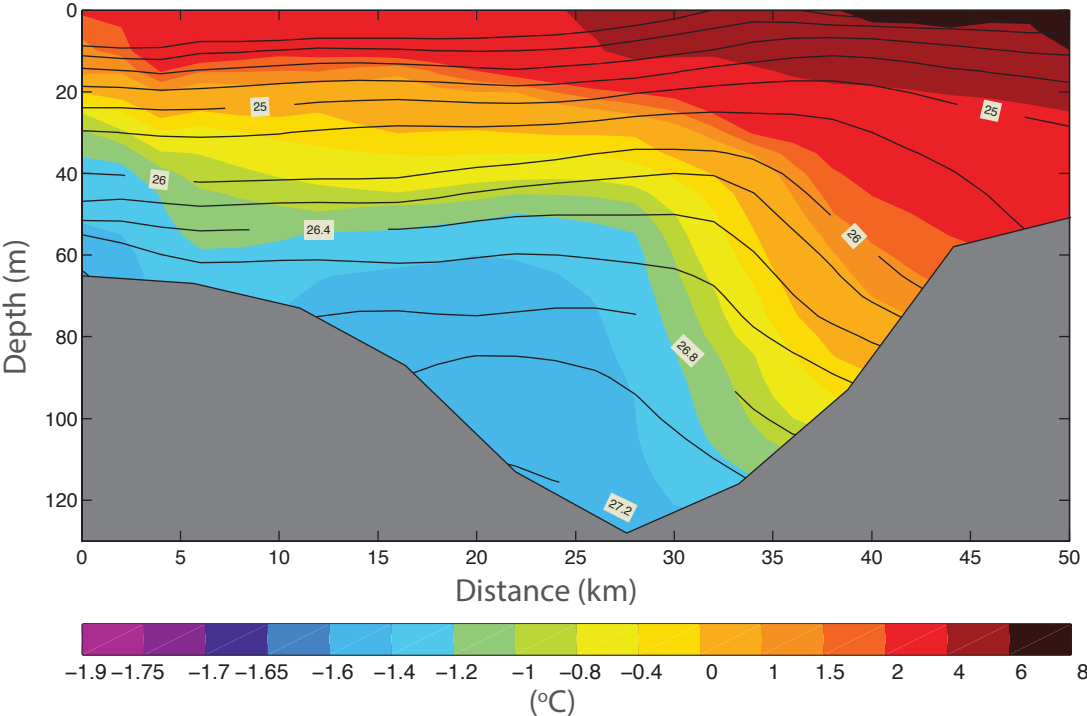
ASSESSING SEASONAL VARIATION IN WATER MASSES AND WIND FORCING

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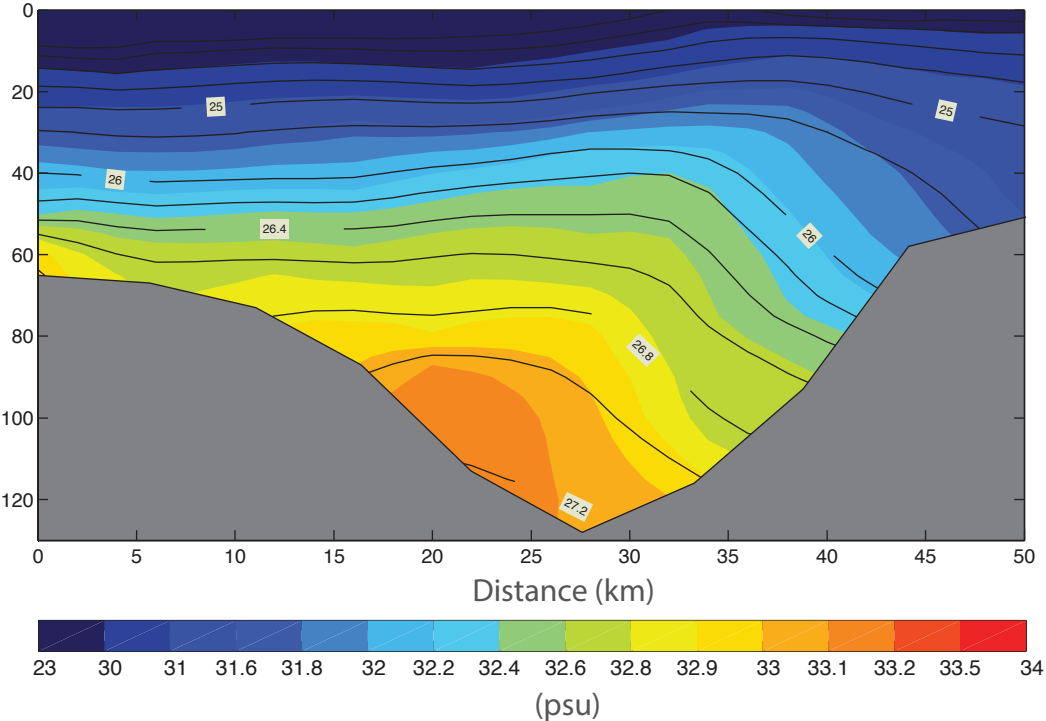
UPWELLING EVENTS

Mean Temperature and Salinity Fields for Barrow Canyon

Potential temperature (color) overlain by potential density (contours)

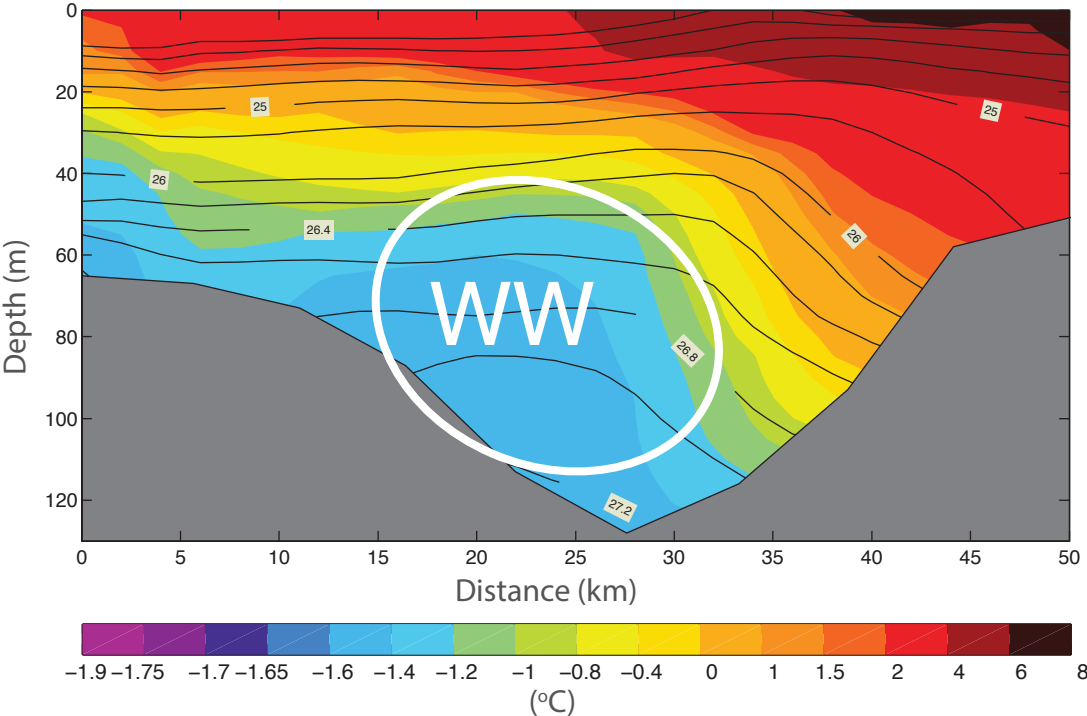


Salinity (color) overlain by potential density (contours)

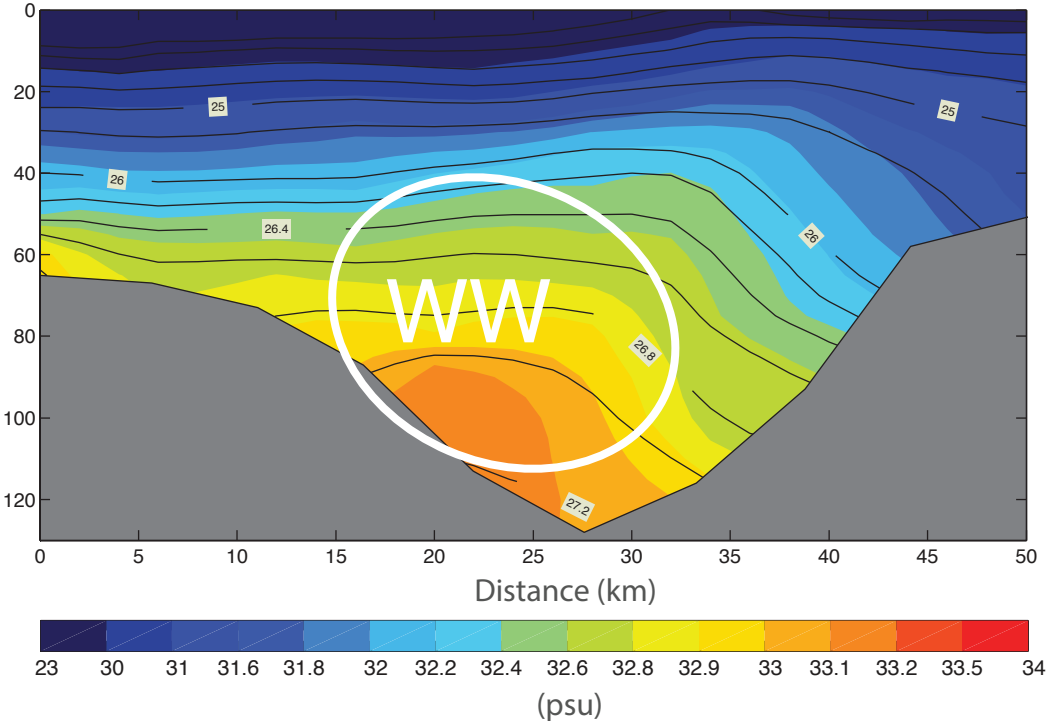


Mean Temperature and Salinity Fields for Barrow Canyon

Potential temperature (color) overlain by potential density (contours)

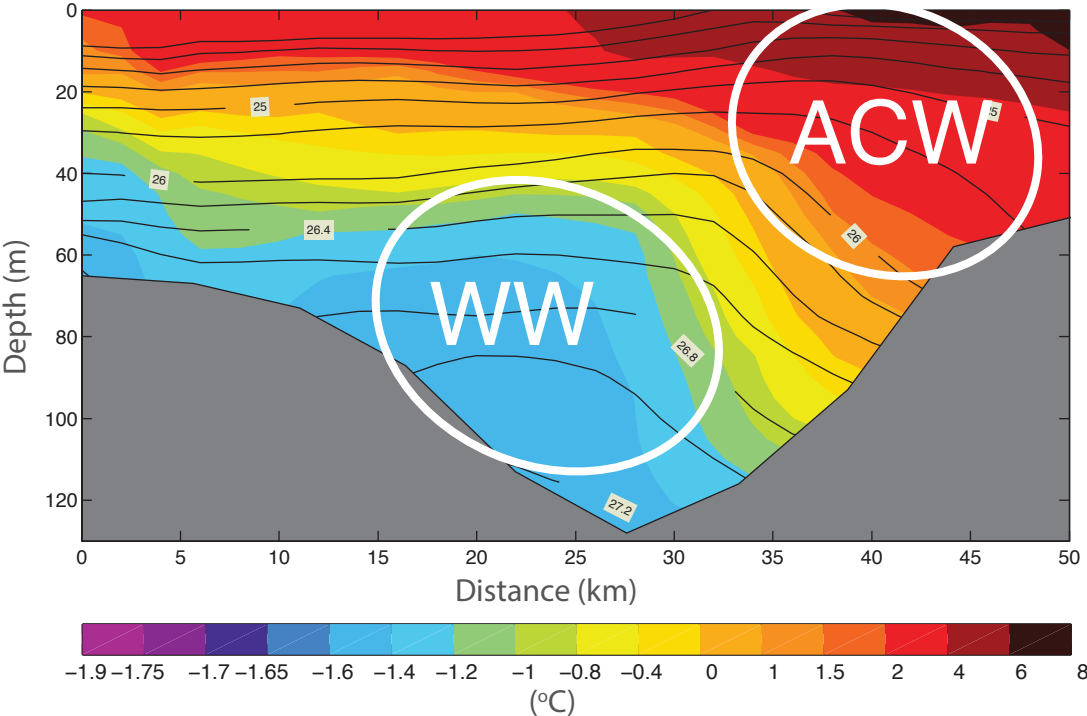


Salinity (color) overlain by potential density (contours)

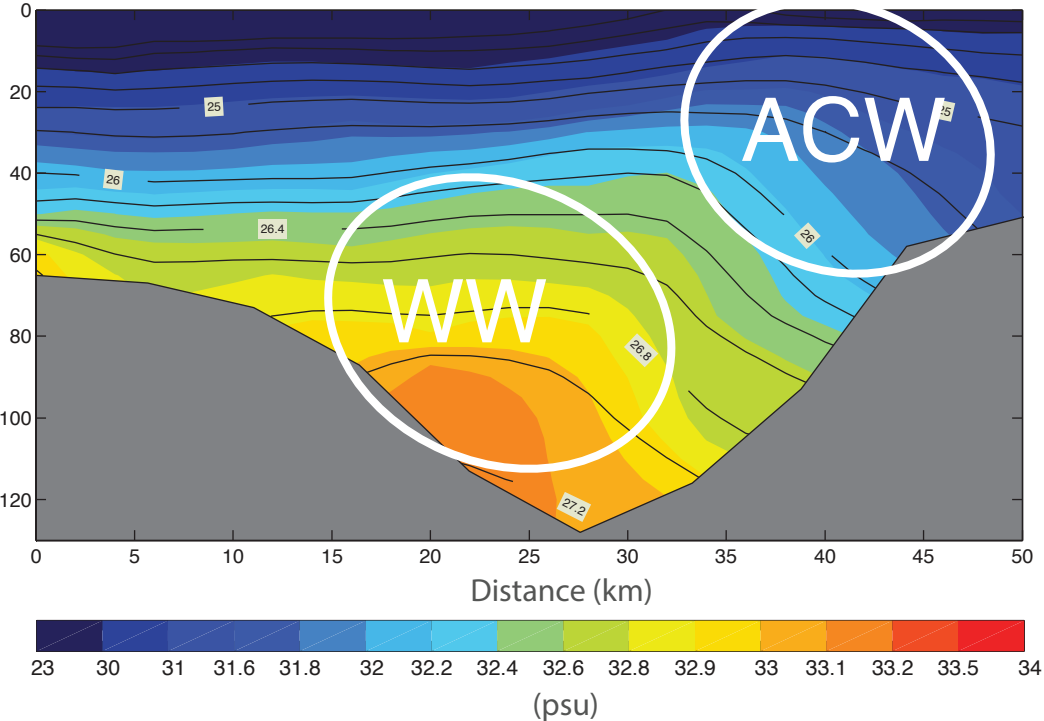


Mean Temperature and Salinity Fields for Barrow Canyon

Potential temperature (color) overlain by potential density (contours)

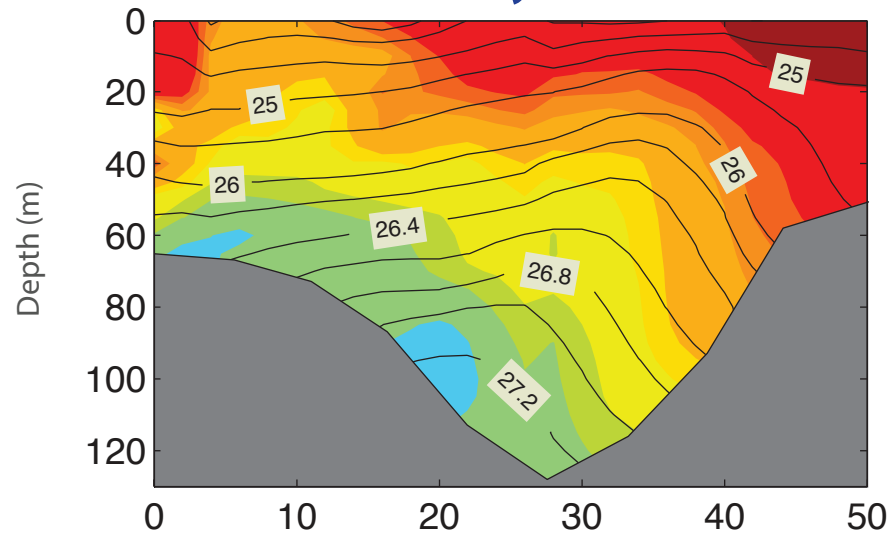


Salinity (color) overlain by potential density (contours)

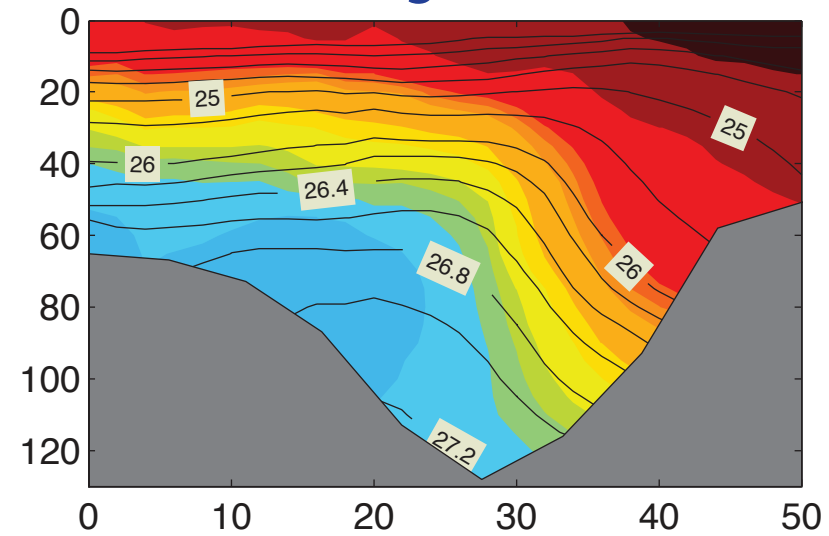


Seasonal Composites of Potential temperature overlain by potential density

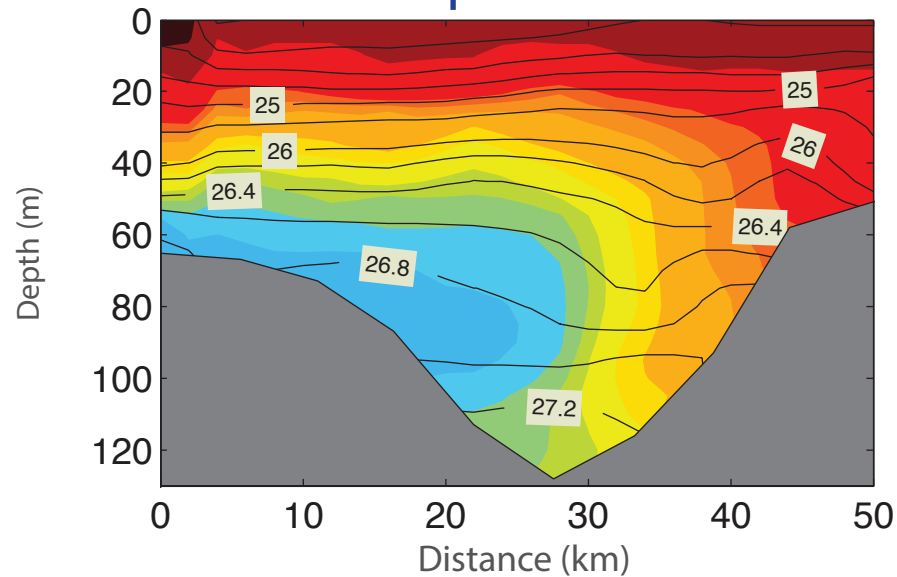
July



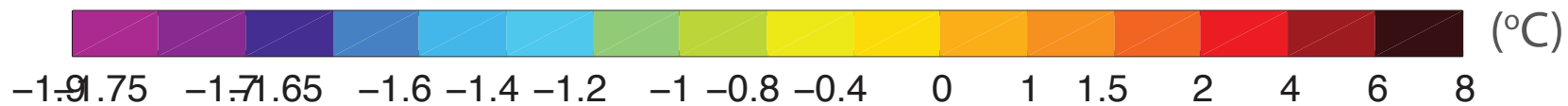
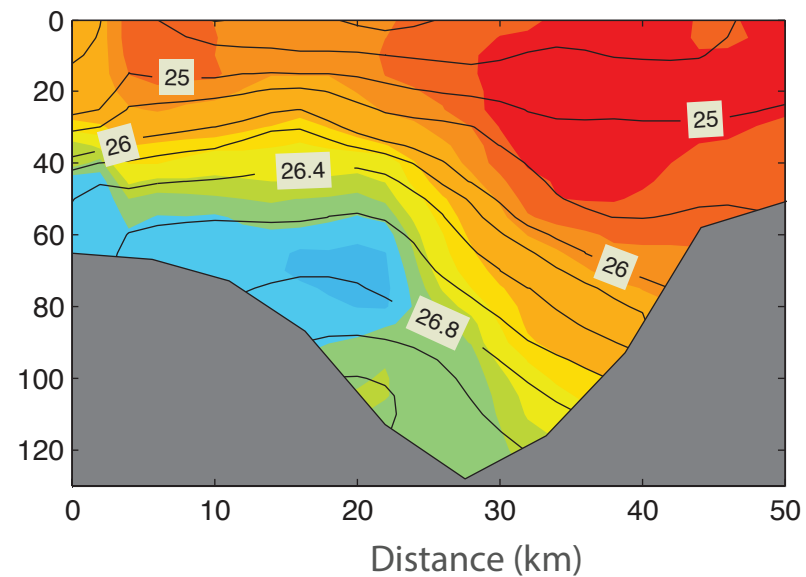
August



September

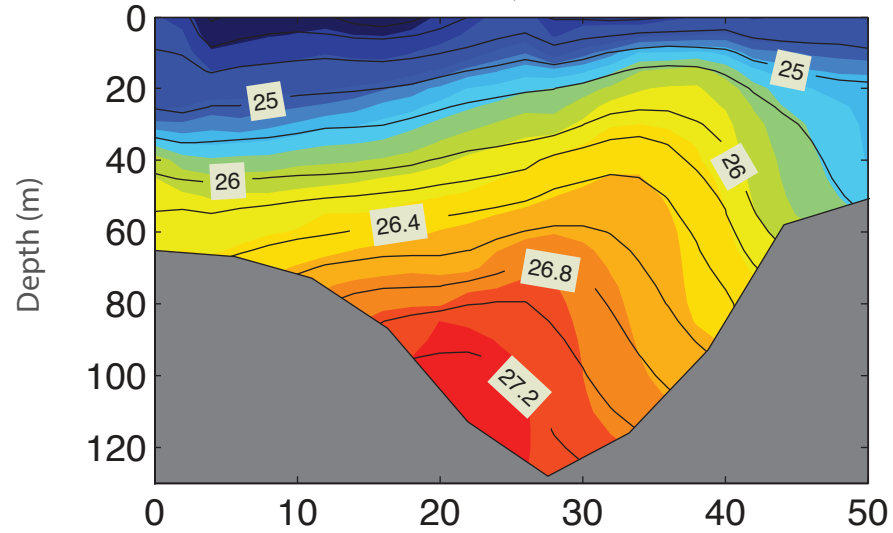


October

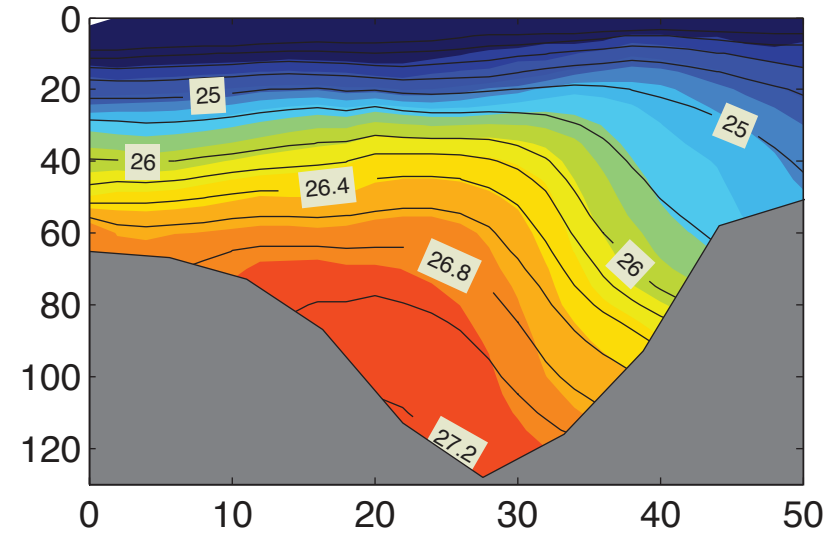


Seasonal Composites of Salinity overlain by potential density

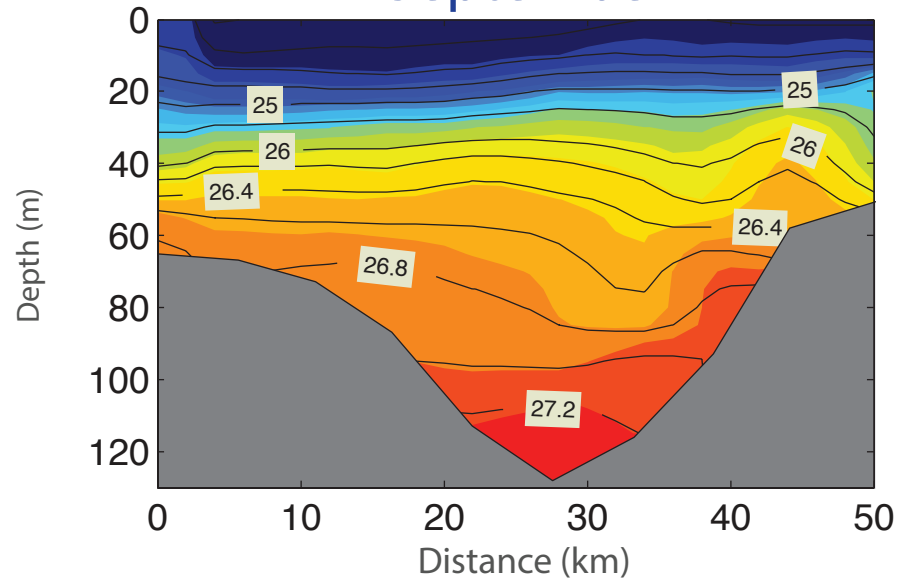
July



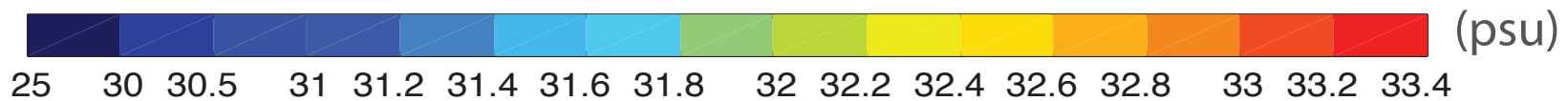
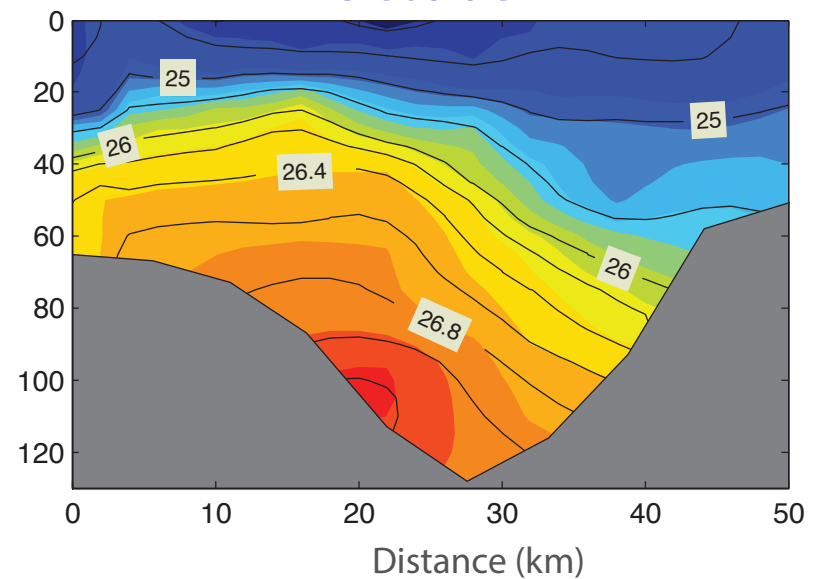
August



September



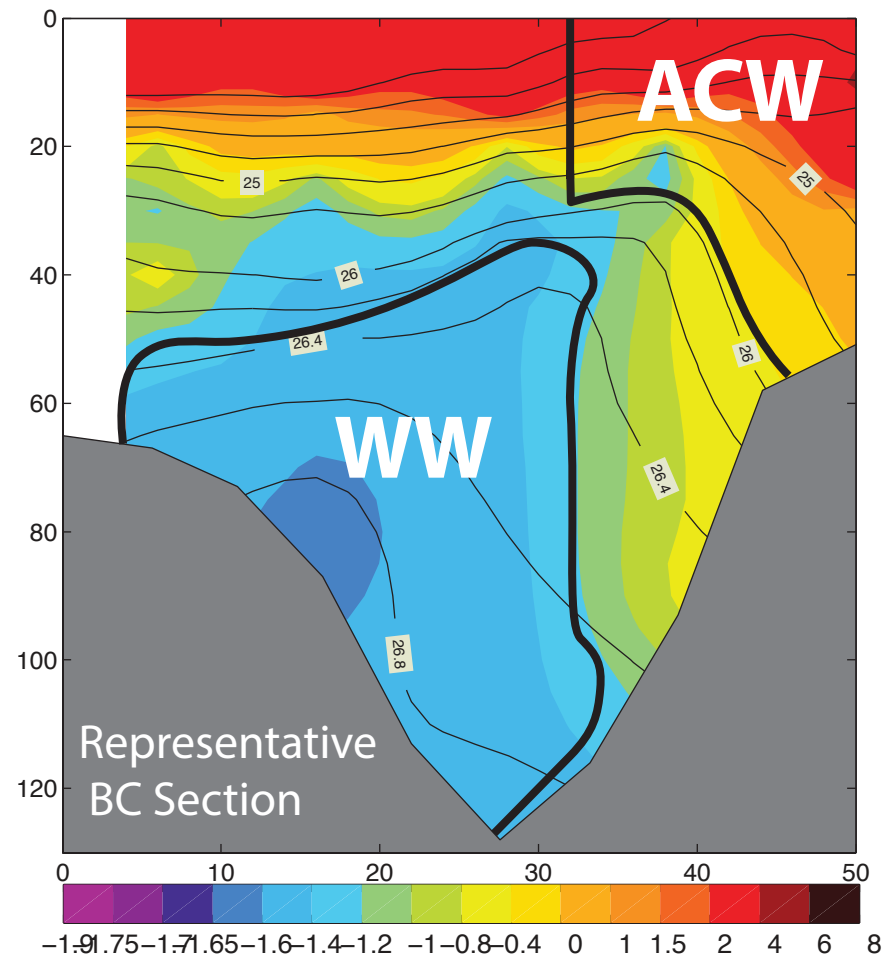
October



Water Mass Definitions

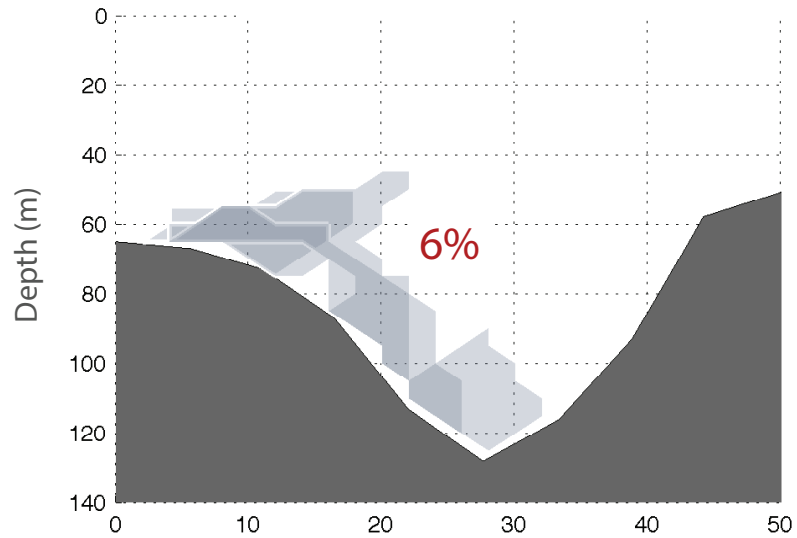
Winter Water was defined as water **denser than 26.2 kg/m^3** and **colder than -1.2°C**

Alaskan Coastal Water was defined as water **lighter than 25.8 kg/m^3** and **within 30km of the eastern flank of BC.**

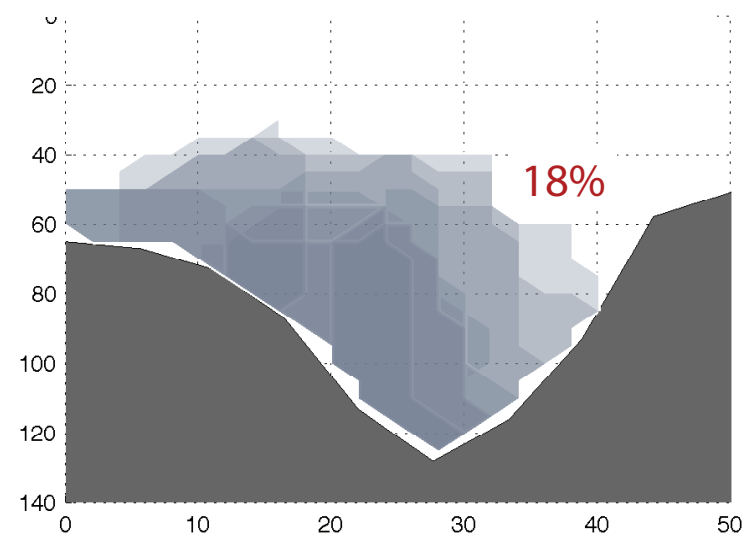


Seasonal Variation of the Position of WW

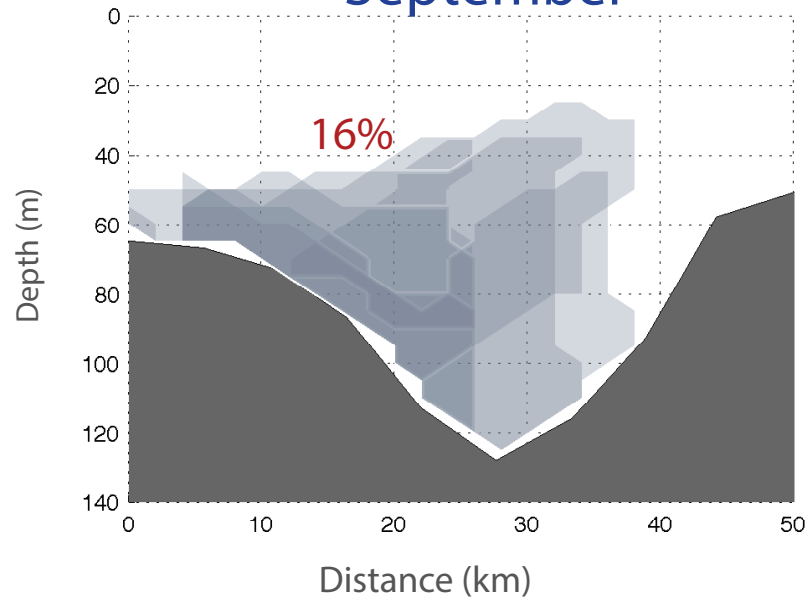
July



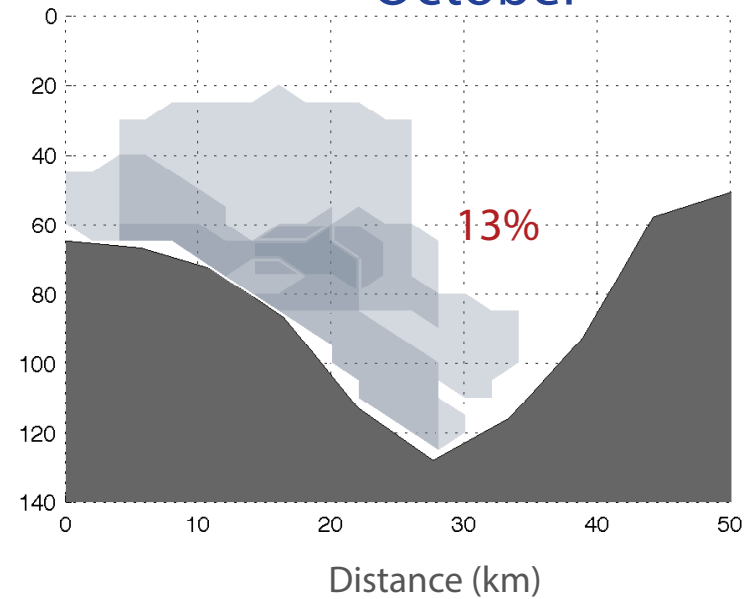
August



September

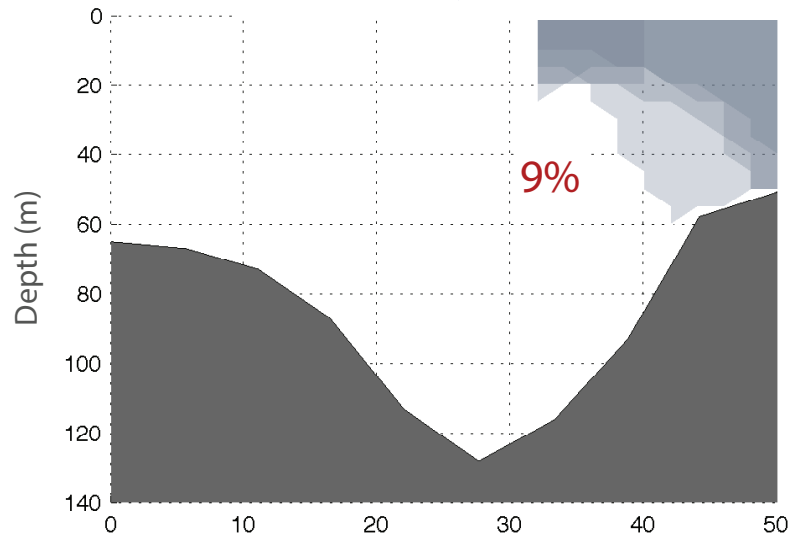


October

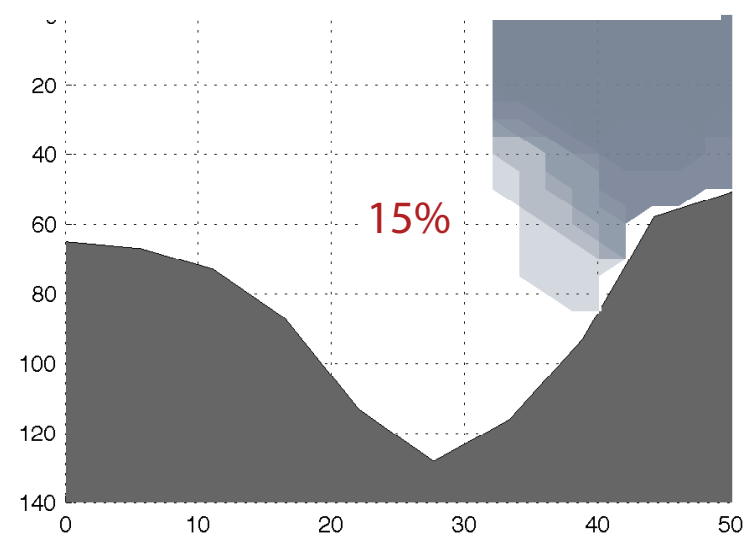


Seasonal Variation of the Position of ACW

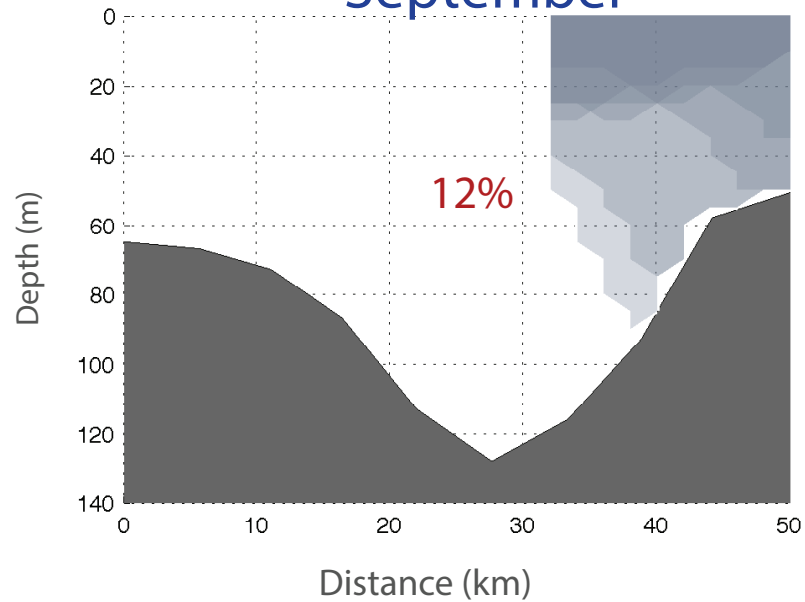
July



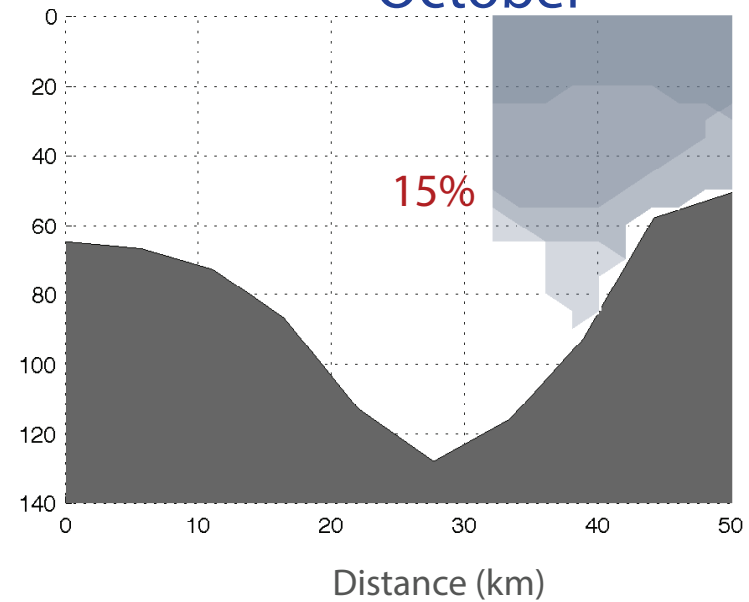
August

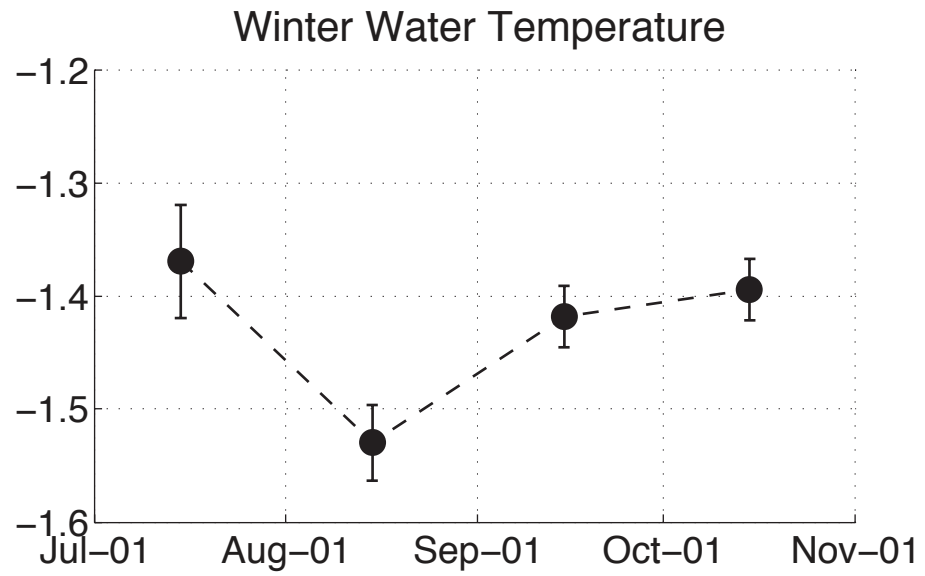


September

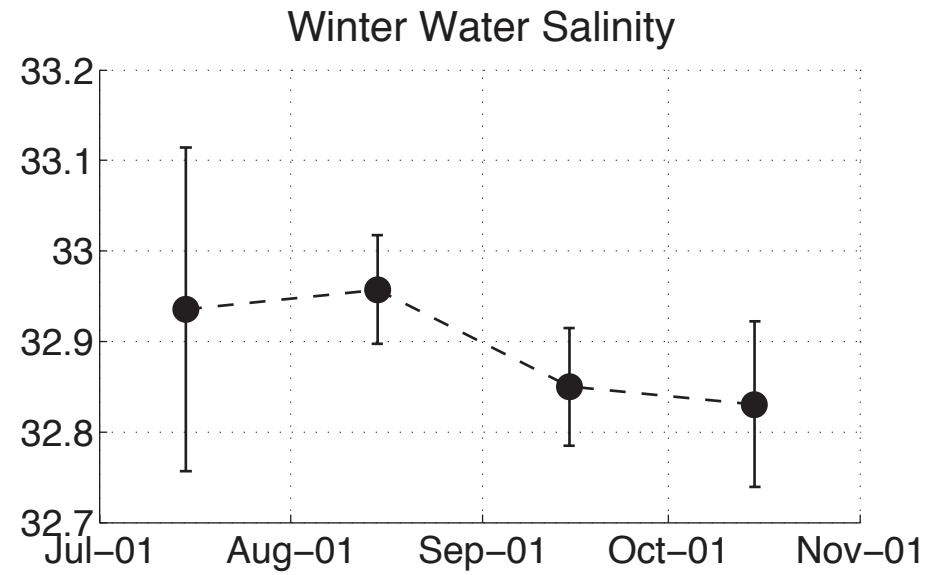
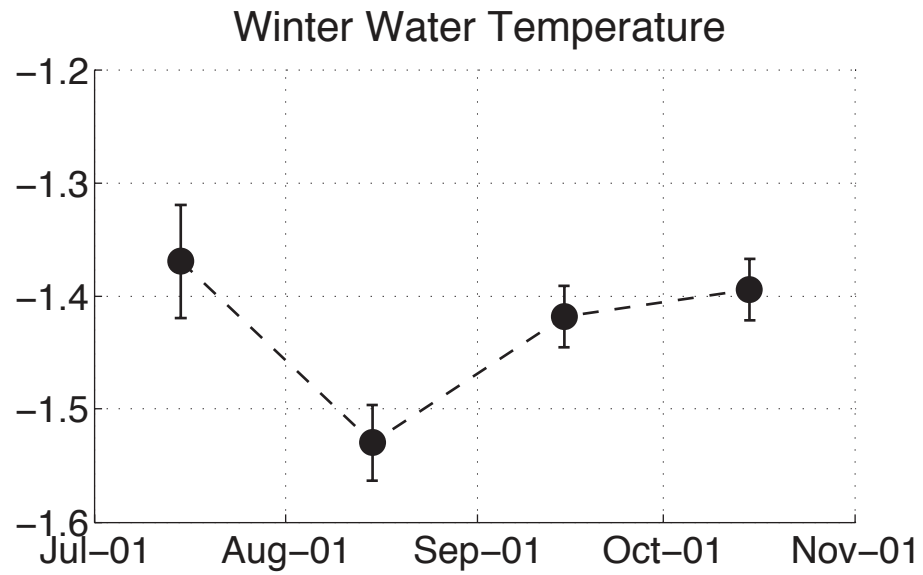


October

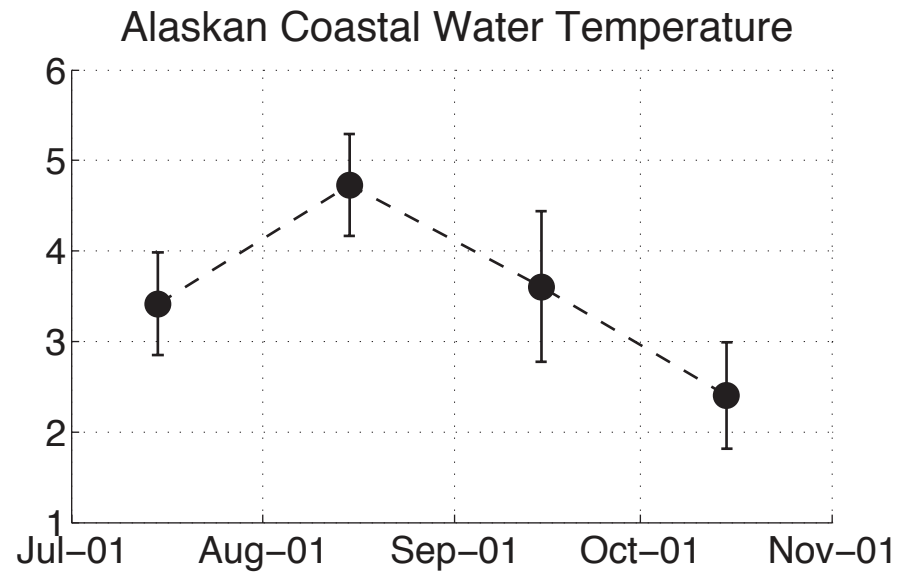




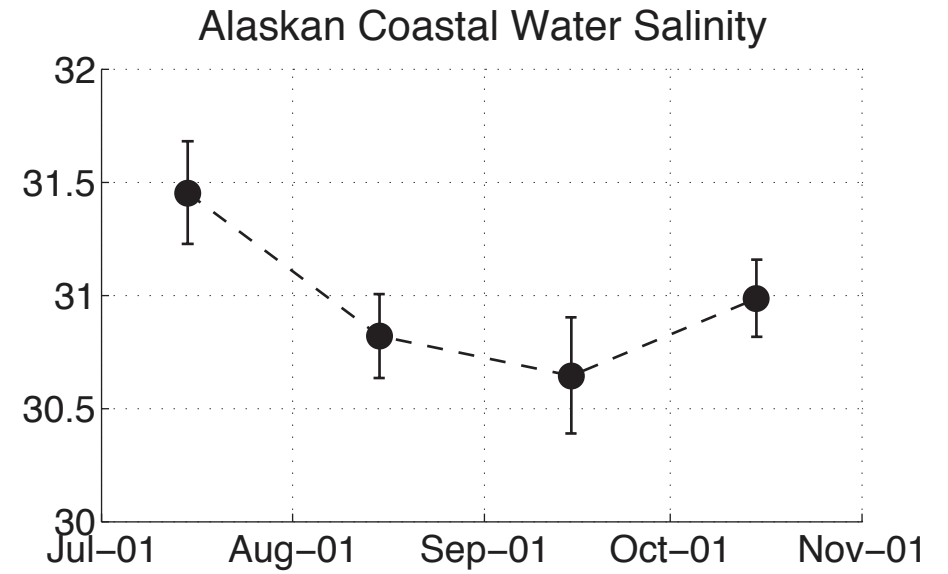
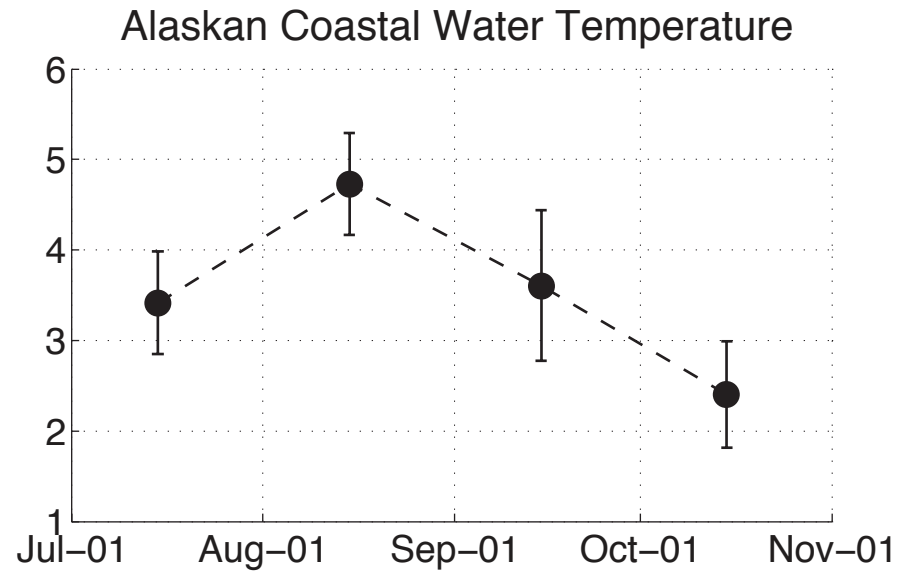
Winter Water is **coldest** in August



Winter Water is **coldest** in August and **saltiest** in early summer.



Alaskan Coastal Water is **warmest** in August



Alaskan Coastal Water is **warmest** in August and **Freshest** in September

WHAT IS DBO?

THE PROGRAM AND SCOPE OF THE DATA

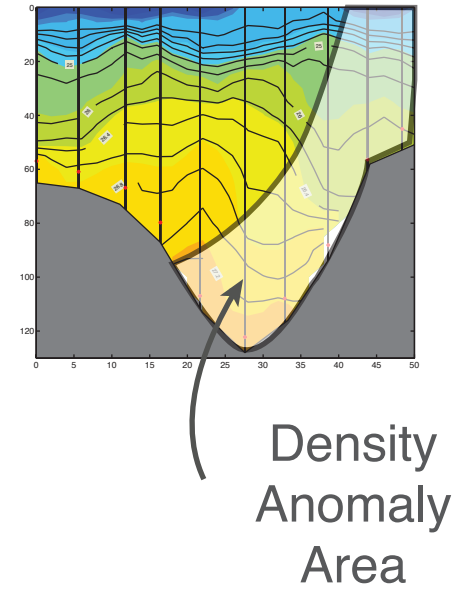
MEAN FIELDS & SEASONALITY

ASSESSING SEASONAL VARIATION IN WATER MASSES AND WIND FORCING

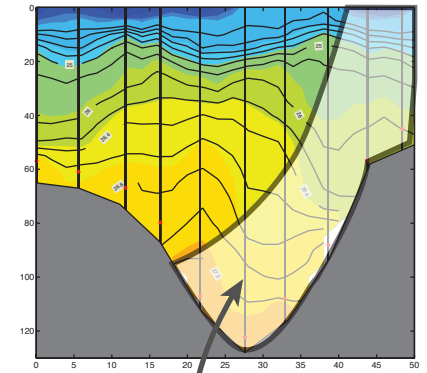
MESO-SCALE VARIABILITY

UPWELLING EVENTS

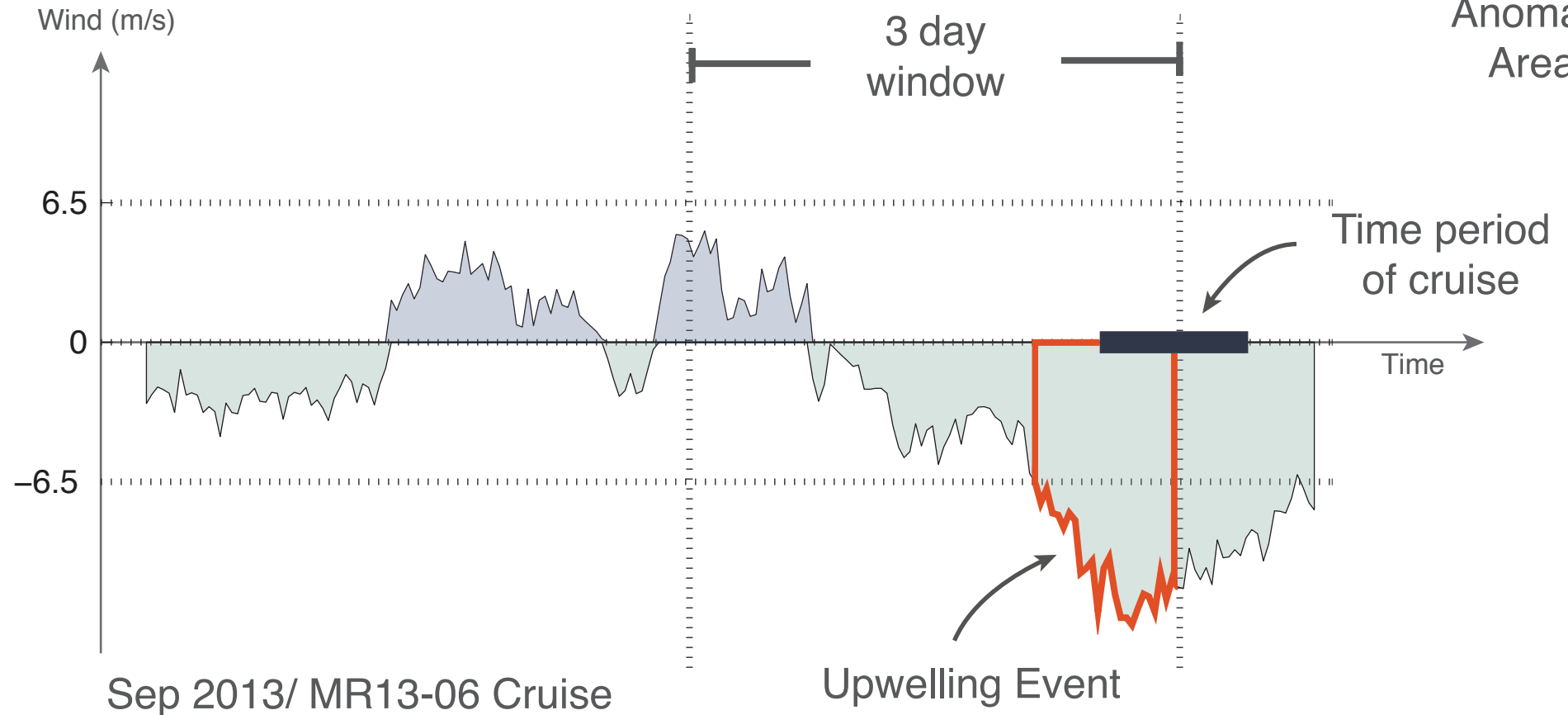
The highest correlation between the along canyon component of the wind and the density anomaly was for **a wind speed exceeding 6.5m/s**, within a **window of 3 days**



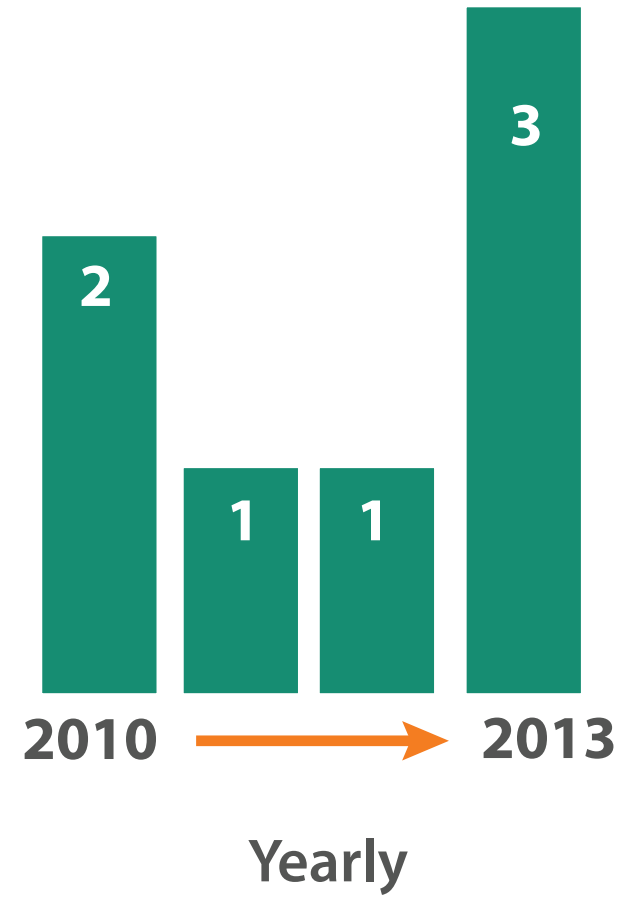
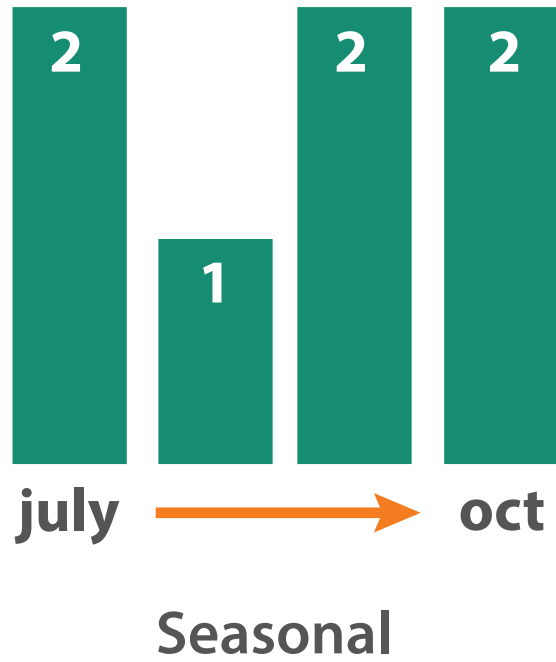
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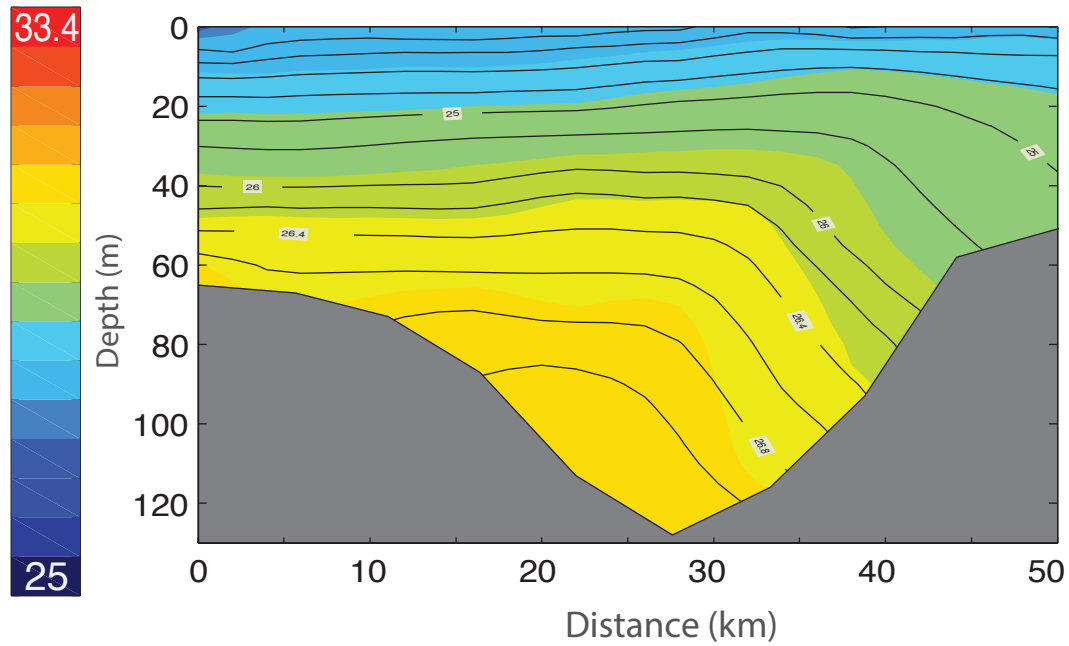
Density
Anomaly
Area



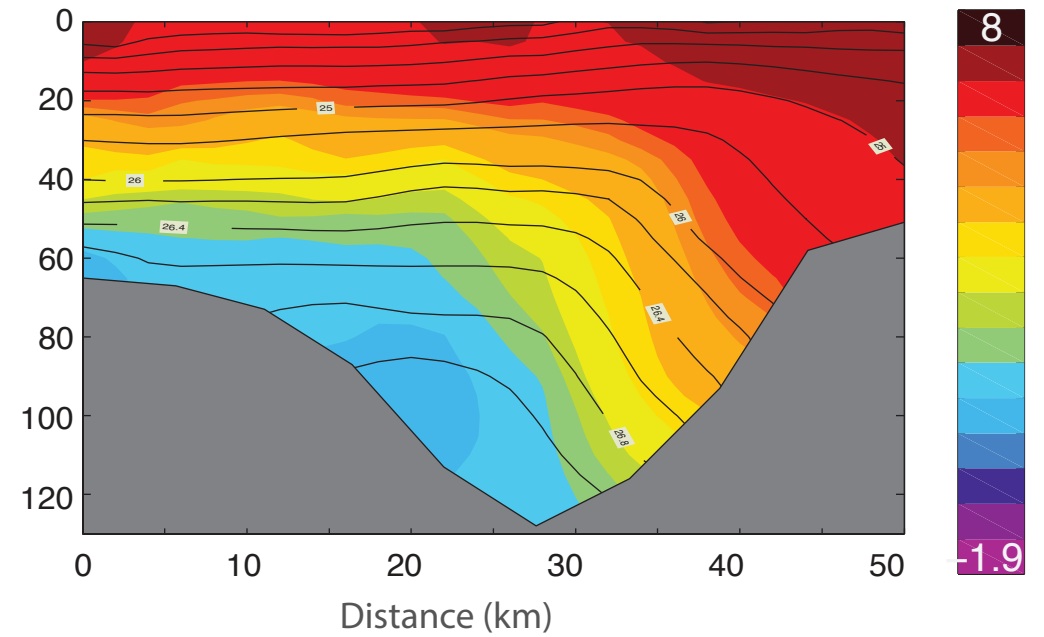
Distribution of Upwelling Events



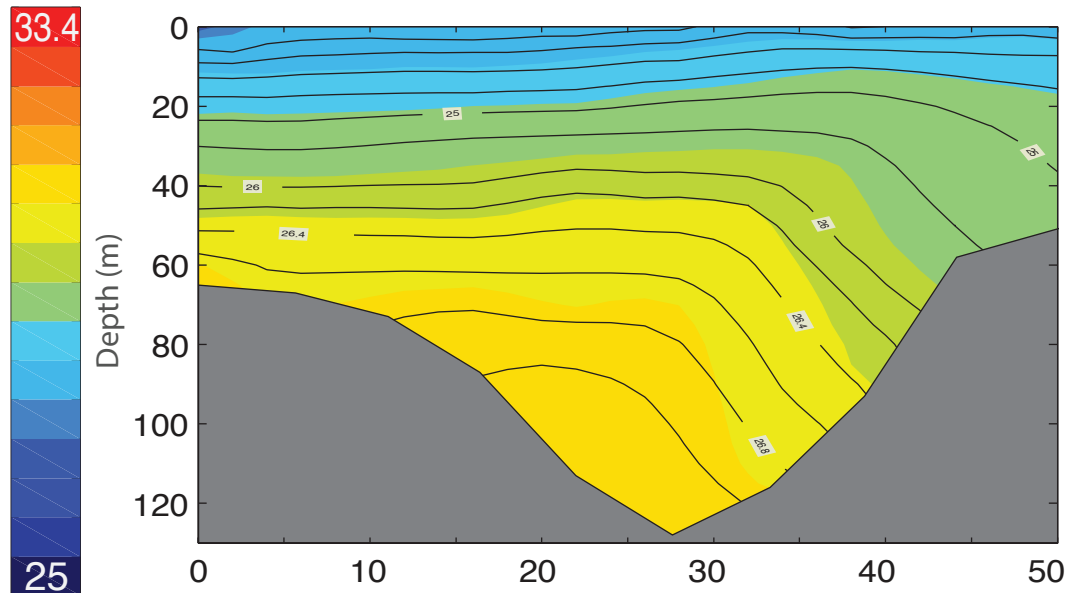
Salinity - Unforced Sections



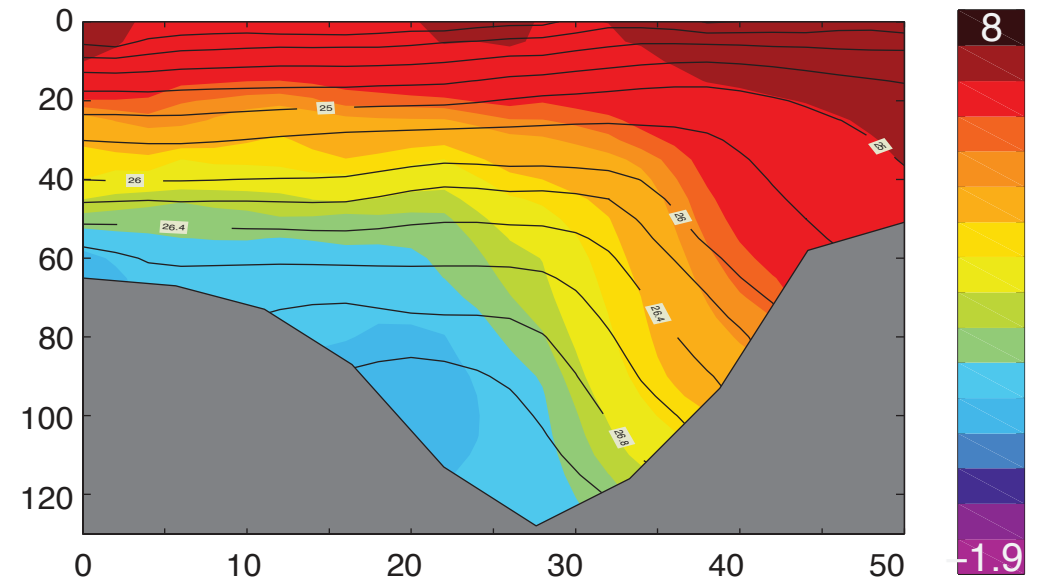
Potential temperature - Unforced Sections



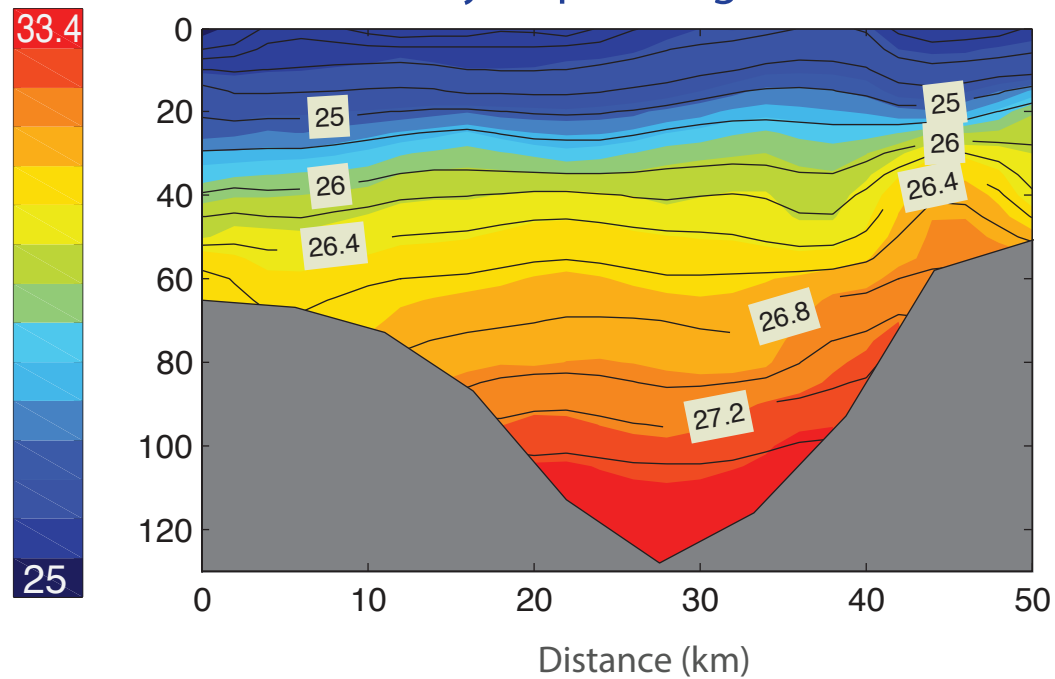
Salinity - Unforced Sections



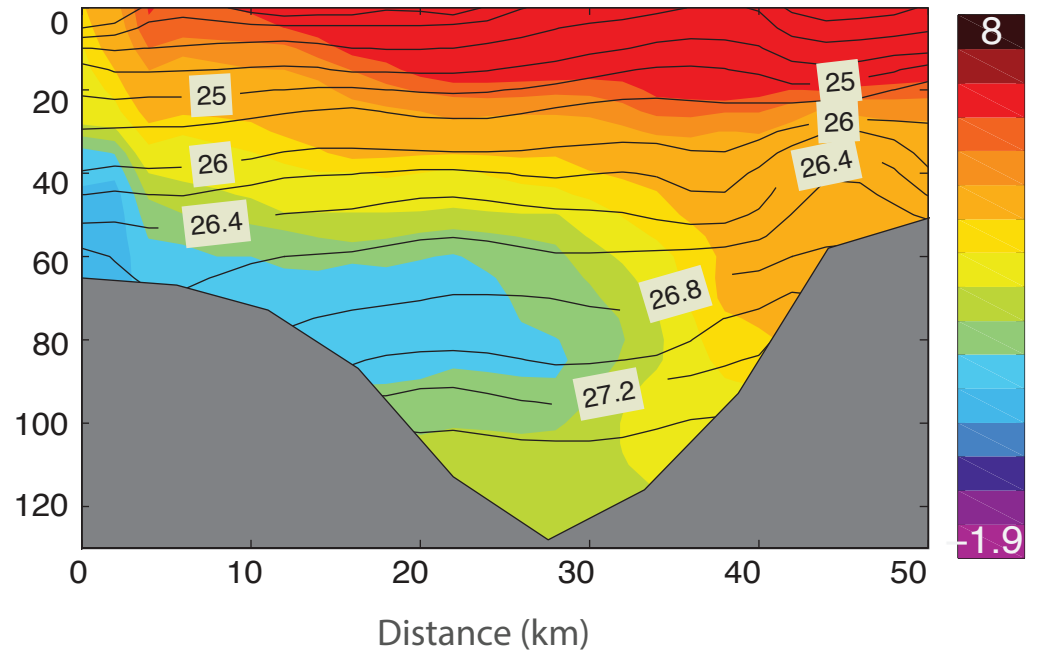
Potential temperature - Unforced Sections



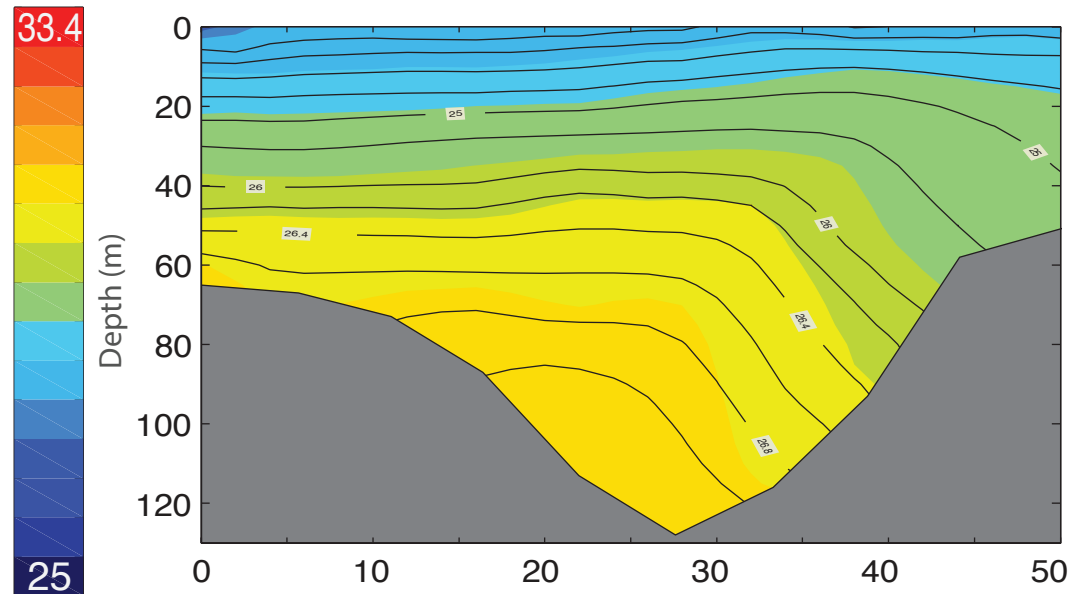
Salinity - Upwelling Sections



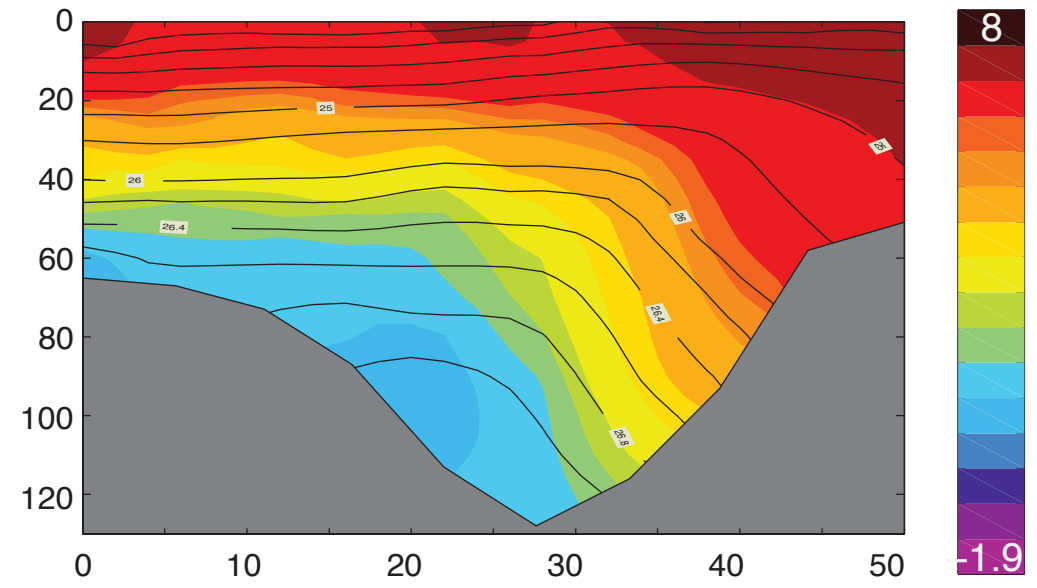
Potential temperature - Upwelling Sections



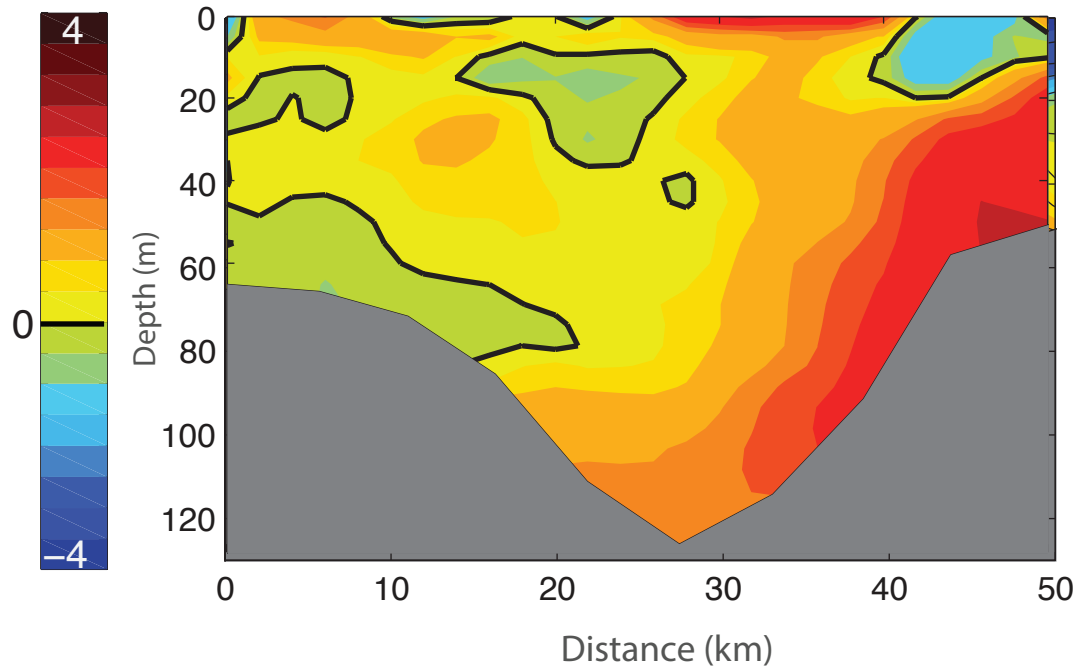
Salinity - Unforced Sections



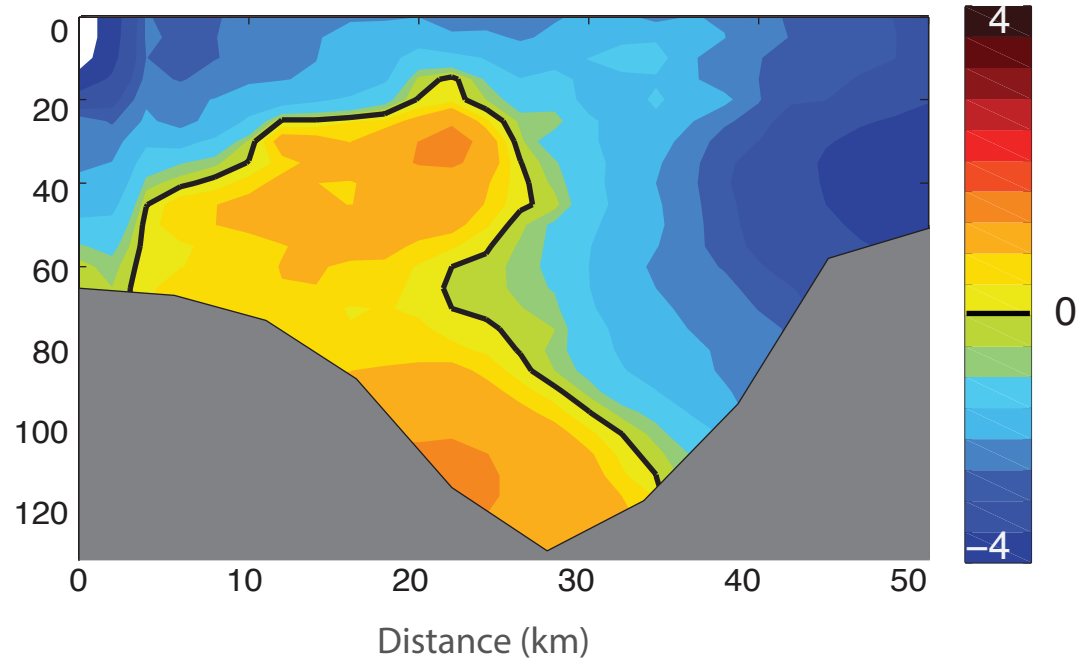
Potential temperature - Unforced Sections



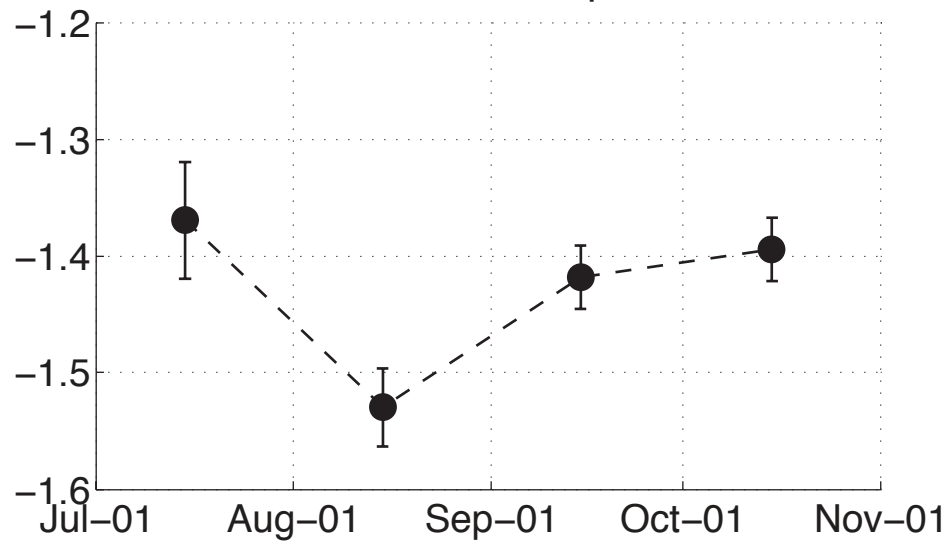
Salinity Anomaly - Upwelling Sections



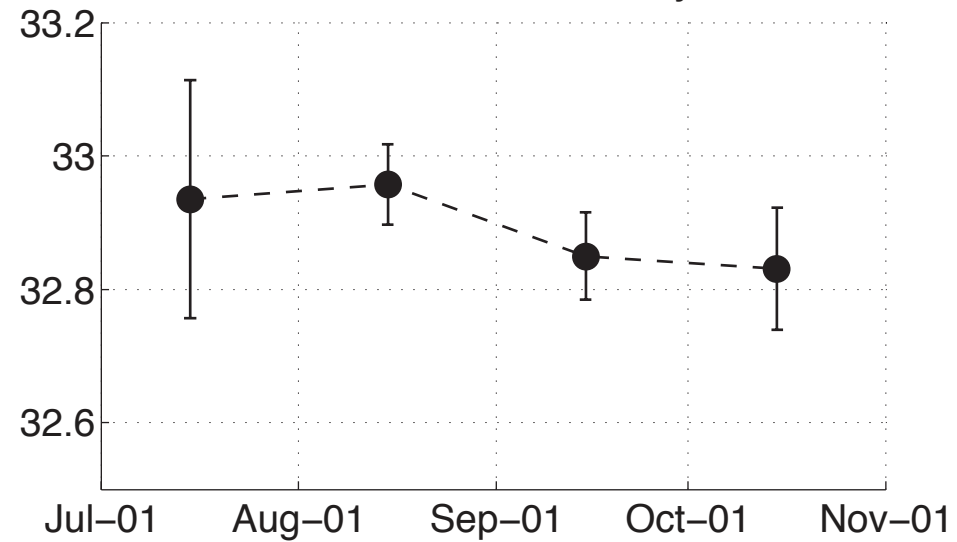
Temperature Anomaly - Upwelling Sections



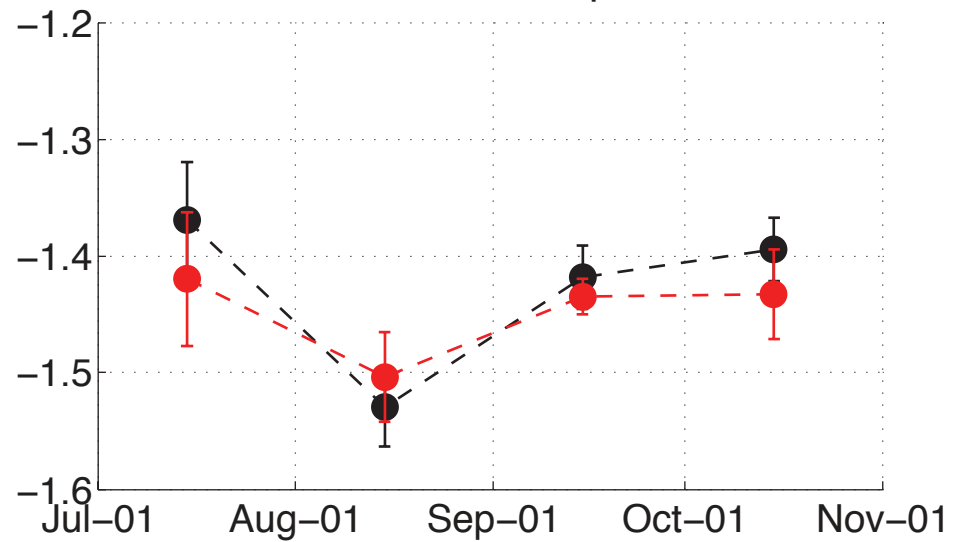
Winter Water Temperature



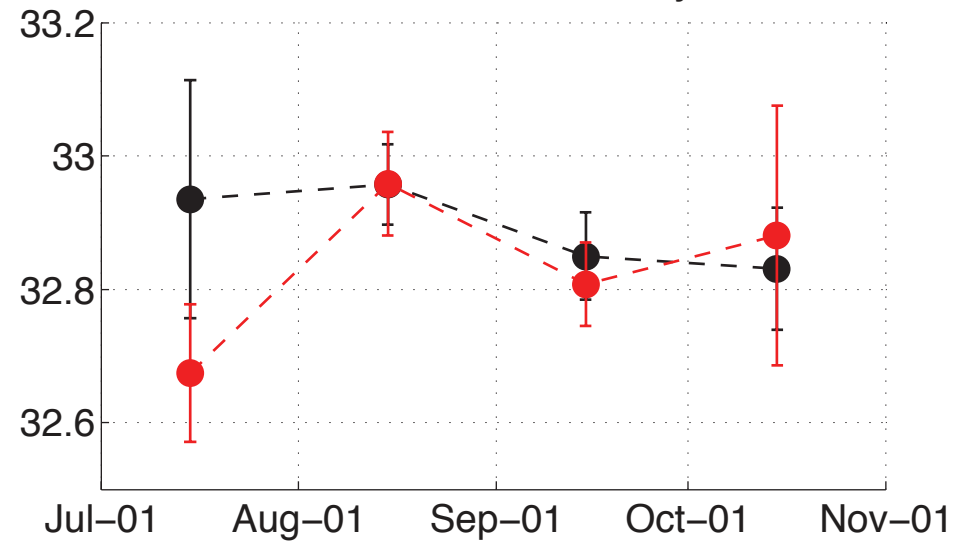
Winter Water Salinity



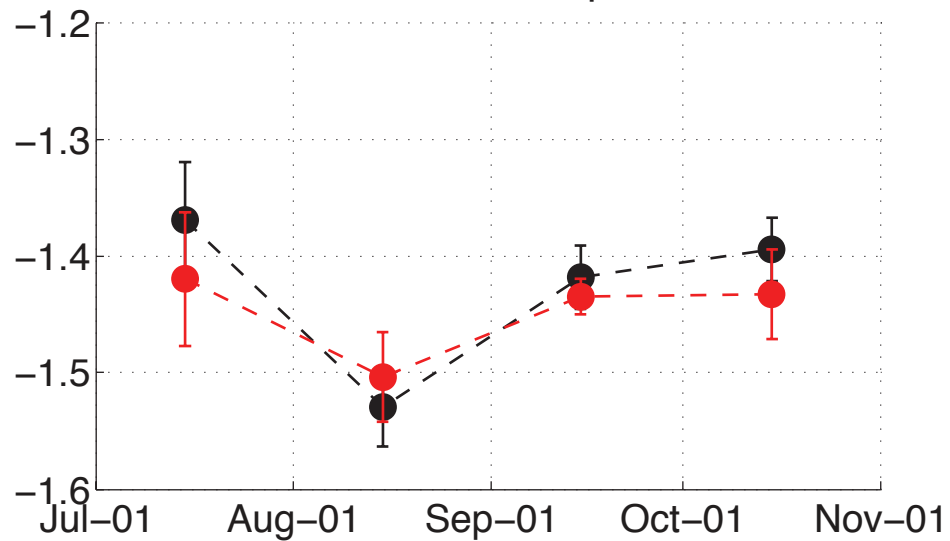
Winter Water Temperature



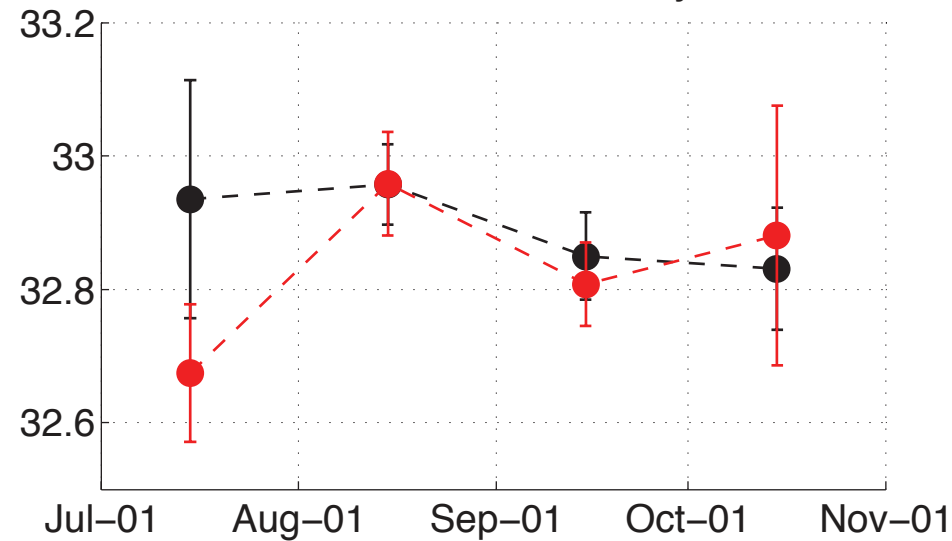
Winter Water Salinity



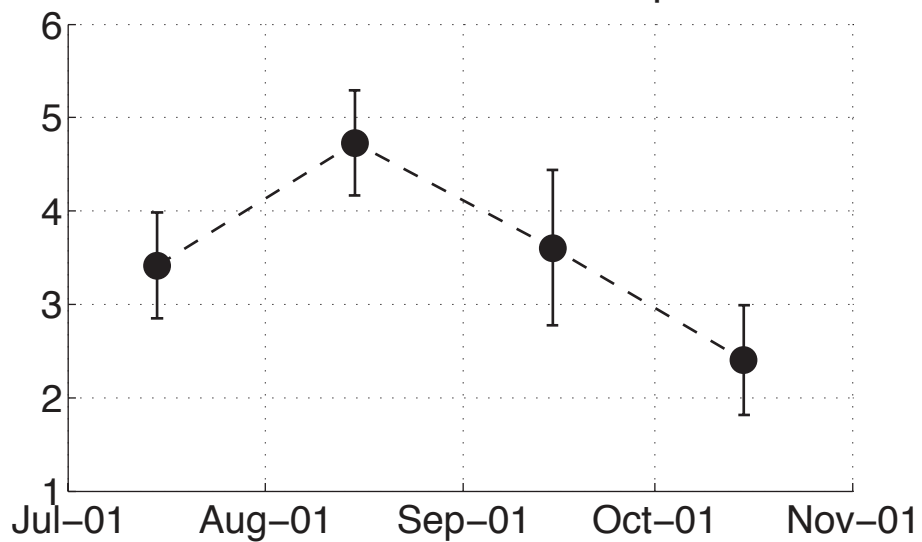
Winter Water Temperature



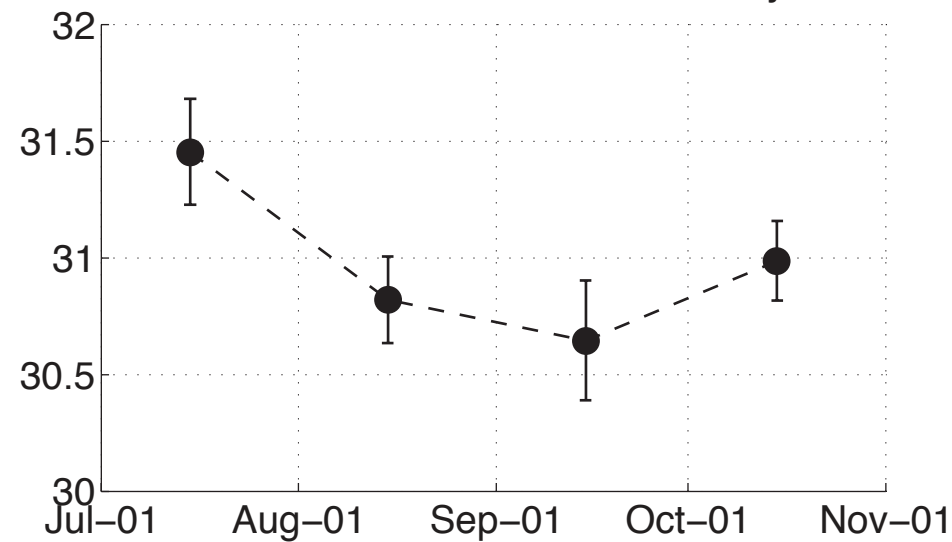
Winter Water Salinity



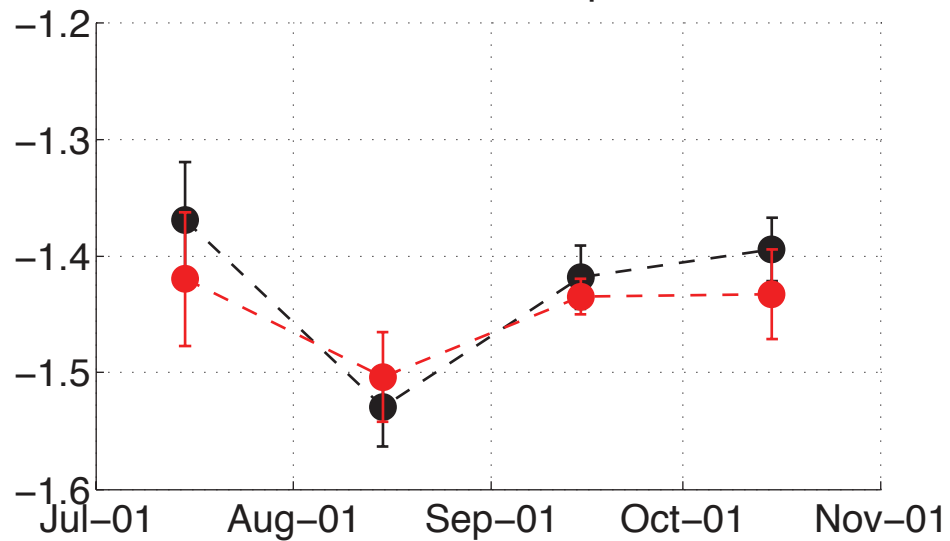
Alaskan Coastal Water Temperature



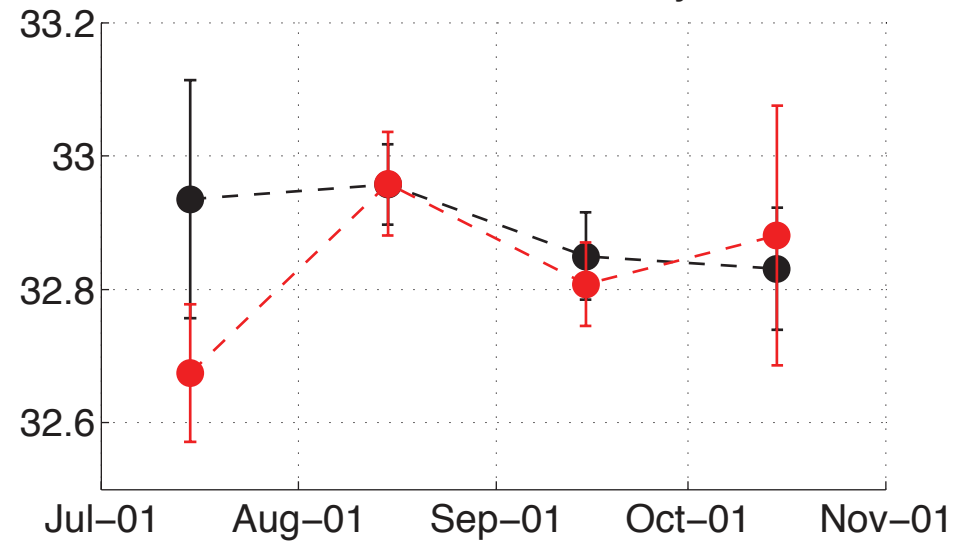
Alaskan Coastal Water Salinity



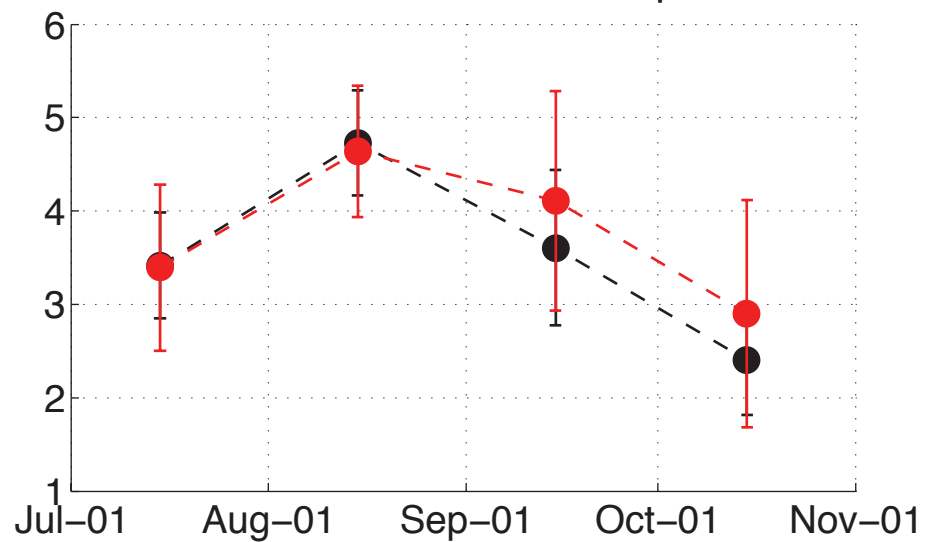
Winter Water Temperature



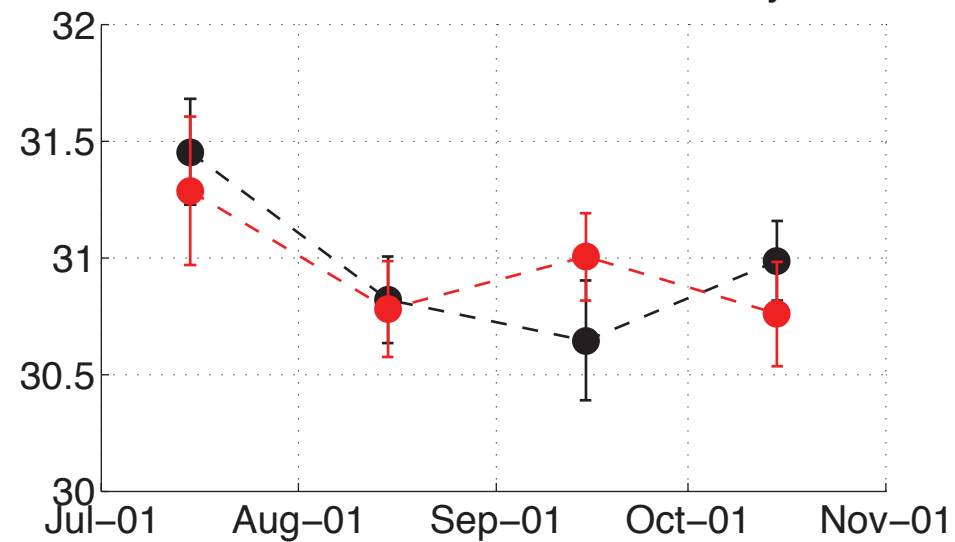
Winter Water Salinity



Alaskan Coastal Water Temperature



Alaskan Coastal Water Salinity



Take home messages

IF YOU ONLY TAKE THREE THINGS FROM THIS TALK...

1. The DBO pilot program has been a success!

2. In the absence of upwelling:

- WW is coldest and saltiest in August

- ACW is warmest and freshest in August

3. Upwelling occurs roughly 1/3 of the time (7/24 occupations)
and significantly alters the hydrography on both sides of the
canyon

What's next?

Continue adding **high resolution** occupations to the DBO database!

Ensuring that all nominal stations for a given line are occupied significantly improves the quality of the dataset and ensure much more robust results.