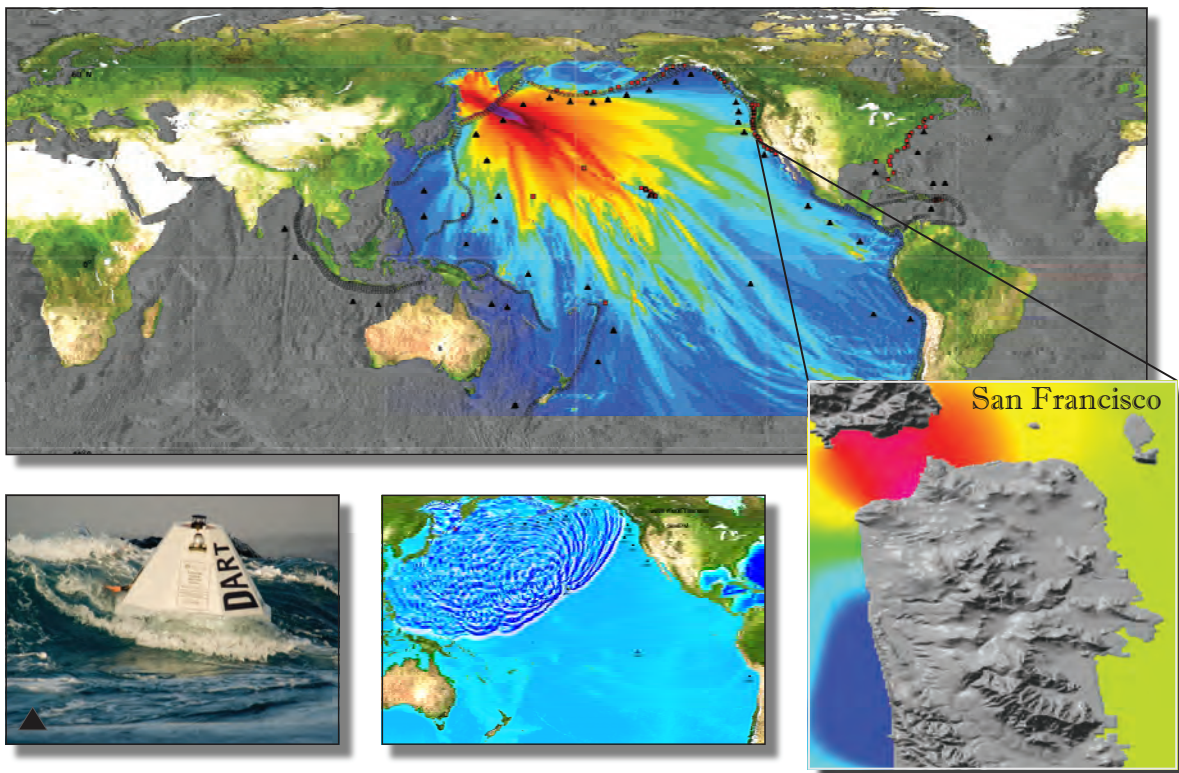


PMEL Tsunami Forecast Series: Vol. 3

A Tsunami Forecast Model for San Francisco, California

Burak Uslu
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Angie J. Venturato



Front cover image: Overview of NOAA tsunami forecast system. Top frame illustrates components of the tsunami forecast using the 15 November 2006 Kuril Islands tsunami as an example: DART systems (black triangles), pre-computed tsunami source function database (unfilled black rectangles) and high-resolution forecast models in the Pacific, Atlantic, and Indian oceans (red squares). Colors show computed maximum tsunami amplitudes of the off-shore forecast. Black contour lines indicate tsunami travel times in hours. Lower panels show the forecast process sequence left to right: tsunami detection with the DART system (third generation DART ETD is shown); model propagation forecast based on DART observations; coastal forecast with high-resolution tsunami inundation model.

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NOAA OAR Special Report

PMEL Tsunami Forecast Series: Vol. 3 **A Tsunami Forecast Model for San Francisco, California**

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March 2010



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Foreword

TSUNAMIS HAVE BEEN RECOGNIZED as a potential hazard to United States coastal communities since the mid-twentieth century, when multiple destructive tsunamis caused damage to the states of Hawaii, Alaska, California, Oregon, and Washington. In response to these events, the United States, under the auspices of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), established the Pacific and Alaska Tsunami Warning Centers, dedicated to protecting United States interests from the threat posed by tsunamis. NOAA also created a tsunami research program at the Pacific Marine Environmental Laboratory (PMEL) to develop improved warning products.

The scale of destruction and unprecedented loss of life following the December 2004 Sumatra tsunami served as the catalyst to refocus efforts in the United States on reducing tsunami vulnerability of coastal communities, and on 20 December 2006, the United States Congress passed the “Tsunami Warning and Education Act” under which education and warning activities were thereafter specified and mandated. A “tsunami forecasting capability based on models and measurements, including tsunami inundation models and maps...” is a central component for the protection of United States coastlines from the threat posed by tsunamis. The forecasting capability for each community described in the *PMEL Tsunami Forecast Series* is the result of collaboration between the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration office of Oceanic and Atmospheric Research, National Weather Service, National Ocean Service, National Environmental Satellite, Data, and Information Service, the University of Washington’s Joint Institute for the Study of the Atmosphere and Ocean, National Science Foundation, and United States Geological Survey.

NOAA Center for Tsunami Research

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Abstract. The National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration has developed a tsunami forecast model for San Francisco, California, as part of an effort to provide tsunami forecasts for United States coastal communities. Development, validation, and stability testing of the tsunami forecast model for this economically important and densely populated city has been conducted to ensure model robustness and stability. The San Francisco tsunami forecast model employs the optimized version of the Method of Splitting Tsunami numerical code and has been validated with historical events as well as with synthetically generated Mw = 9.3 mega tsunami events. A total of 11 historical tsunamis and 18 synthetic mega tsunami events were used for validation and stability testing. Validation results show good agreement between observed and modeled data, thus providing a quantitative estimate of the tsunami time series, inundation, and runup at San Francisco for tested events. A sensitivity study conducted in conjunction with model development identifies the eastern Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia Subduction Zone as being the most likely source for the maximum expected tsunami amplitude at the San Francisco Presidio tide gauge.

1. Background and Objectives

The National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) Center for Tsunami Research (NCTR) at the NOAA Pacific Marine Environmental Laboratory (PMEL) has developed a tsunami forecasting capability for operational use by NOAA's two Tsunami Warning Centers located in Hawaii and Alaska (Titov *et al.*, 2005). The system is designed to efficiently provide basin-wide warning of approaching tsunami waves accurately and quickly. The system, termed Short-term Inundation Forecast of Tsunamis (SIFT), combines real-time tsunami event data with numerical models to produce estimates of tsunami wave arrival times and amplitudes at a coastal community of interest. The SIFT system integrates several key components: deep-ocean observations of tsunamis in real time, a basin-wide pre-computed propagation database of water level and flow velocities based on potential seismic unit sources, an inversion algorithm to refine the tsunami source based on deep-ocean observations during an event, and high-resolution tsunami forecast models termed Standby Inundation Models (SIMs).

San Francisco, California, is located along the west coast of North America at approximately 37.8°N latitude and 122.5°W longitude, as shown in **Figure 1**. The San Francisco metropolitan area has a population of 7,039,362, ranking it fifth largest metropolis in the country (Census, 2000). Together with San Pablo Bay, the Bay area encompasses approximately 4,100 square km of water (Borrero *et al.*, 2006), lending itself to shipping operations. The San Francisco Bay is home to one of the United States' most economically important and major west coast ports. According to the Pacific Merchant Shipping Association

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(PMSA, 2003), the Port of San Francisco, along with the ports of Los Angeles harbor and Long Beach, California, together offload 95% of Asian imports. The high volumes of goods that pass through these ports ensure stable employment that contributes to the California economy. California port activity supports more than 500,000 jobs, generating up to \$30.5 billion in income (Uslu, 2008). An aerial view of the Port of San Francisco, with the city skyline in the distance, is shown in **Figure 2**. The San Francisco Bay area is internationally important in terms of commerce and tourism and is one of the most densely populated communities in the United States, second only to New York City. In addition, the region is important to the economic health of the entire State of California. The objective of the present work, then, is to develop an operational forecast model for San Francisco, California, for the purpose of minimizing false alarms that disrupt port activities and to provide the region with accurate and timely information necessary to make decisions in the event of tsunami generation. This report details the development of a tsunami forecast model for San Francisco, California. Development includes construction of a digital elevation model based on available bathymetric and topographic data, model validation with historic events, and sensitivity testing of the models with a suite of mega tsunami events the origin of which were from representative subduction zones rimming the Pacific Ocean.

2. Forecast Methodology

A high-resolution inundation model is used as the basis for the operational forecast model to provide an estimate of wave arrival time, wave height, and inundation immediately following tsunami generation. Tsunami forecast models are run in real time while a tsunami is propagating across the open ocean. These models are designed and tested to perform under very stringent time constraints given that time is generally the single limiting factor in saving lives and property. The goal is to maximize the amount of time that an at-risk community has to react to a tsunami threat by providing accurate information quickly.

The tsunami forecast model, based on the Method of Splitting Tsunami (MOST), emerges as the solution in the SIFT system by modeling real-time tsunamis in minutes while employing high-resolution grids constructed by the National Geophysical Data Center or, in limited instances, internally. Each forecast model consists of three telescoped grids with increasing spatial and temporal resolution for simulation of wave inundation onto dry land. The forecast model utilizes the most recent bathymetry and topography available to reproduce the correct wave dynamics during the inundation computation. Forecast models are constructed for at-risk populous coastal communities in the Pacific and Atlantic Oceans. Previous and present development of forecast models in the Pacific (Titov *et al.*, 2005; Titov, 2009; Tang *et al.*, 2009; Wei *et al.*, 2008) have validated the accuracy and efficiency of the forecast models currently implemented in the SIFT system for real-time tsunami forecast. The models are also a valuable tool in hindcast research. Tang *et al.* (2009) provide forecast methodology details.

3. Model Development

Modeling of coastal communities is accomplished by development of a set of three nested grids that telescope down from a large spatial extent to a grid that finely defines the localized community. The basis for these grids is a high-resolution digital elevation model constructed by NCTR or, more commonly, by the National Geophysical Data Center using best available bathymetric, topographic, and coastal shoreline data for an at-risk community. For each community, data are compiled from a variety of sources to produce a digital elevation model referenced to Mean High Water in the vertical and to the World Geodetic System 1984 in the horizontal (<http://ngdc.noaa.gov/mgg/inundation/tsunami/inundation.html>). From these digital elevation models, a set of three high-resolution, “reference” models are constructed which are then “optimized” to run in an operationally specified period of time.

3.1 Forecast area

San Francisco is located on the northern California coast on the northwest shore of the San Francisco Bay. In addition to San Francisco, numerous populous California communities, including Oakland, Alameda, Hayward, and Redwood City, call the shores of the bay home. The region is seismically active with numerous faults bisecting the landscape. To the west, the northern segment of the San Andreas strike-slip fault system runs parallel to San Francisco Bay. To the east, the bay is flanked by the Hayward Fault that continues north-northwest bisecting the city of Oakland. These two fault systems effectively bracket the entire Bay area between them. At the northernmost extent of the Hayward Fault lies the San Pablo Bay, a depression formed from the step-over between Rodgers Creek and the Hayward Fault. San Francisco Bay itself is separated from the open Pacific Ocean by a narrow channel at Golden Gate. Below the Golden Gate Bridge, the channel depth reaches up to 113 m. The average depth through San Francisco Bay, however, is on the order of 4.2 m. The overall shallow bathymetry that dominates the area is a factor in the wave dynamics and has been discussed in Magoon (1966) and Ritter and Dupre (1972). Borrero *et al.* (2006) and Uslu (2008) have studied the dynamics of the bay in relation to average depth.

3.2 Historical events and data

The San Francisco tide gauge station is the oldest continuously operating tide gauge station in the United States and has provided the longest record of tides at one location in the western hemisphere. Originally installed at Fort Point in 1854, the gauge was relocated to Sausalito in 1877 when the Fort Point pier came into disrepair. Great care was taken to level the gauge and match bench

marking so that the integrity of the record would be maintained. The gauge was again moved to a temporary location when the Sausalito pier, too, came into disrepair. In 1897, 20 years after the Sausalito move, the San Francisco tide gauge was relocated to the Presidio on the southeast side of Golden Gate. The tide gauge has resided at this Presidio location ever since (Borrero *et al.*, 2006; Bromirski *et al.*, 2002).

The San Francisco tide gauge has recorded numerous tsunamis throughout its history of operation. Soon after initial installation in 1854, the gauge recorded a series of tsunami waves generated by an earthquake that occurred off of Japan. The 1964 Alaska tsunami had the greatest impact on the United States west coast; responsible for 11 fatalities and damage exceeding \$17 million in the State of California alone (Lander *et al.*, 1993). In the San Francisco Bay region and the communities of Sausalito, San Rafael, and Berkeley, the 1964 tsunami caused approximately \$1 million in damage.

3.3 Model setup

High-resolution 1-sec digital elevation models constructed by the NOAA Center for Tsunami Research were used to develop a high-resolution reference inundation model for San Francisco. The reference model consists of three nested grids; Grid A covering Monterey to Sonoma County with 30-sec resolution. Grid B covering the greater San Francisco Bay Area with 6-sec resolution, and Grid C covering the city of San Francisco with 1-sec resolution. From this high-resolution reference model, an optimized tsunami forecast model was developed as discussed by Tang *et al.* (2009). The forecast model A and B grid extents retain the same resolution as those of the reference model, but to increase model run time while retaining accuracy requirements, the C Grid extents were lowered to 4 arc sec in the forecast model. **Table 1** provides specific details

Table 1: MOST setup parameters for reference and forecast models for San Francisco Bay.

| Grid | Region | Reference Model | | | | Forecast Model | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------|-----------------------|
| | | Coverage Lat. [°N] Lon. [°W] | Cell Size ['] | nx × ny | Time Step [sec] | Coverage Lat. [°N] Lon. [°W] | Cell Size ['] | nx × ny | Time Step [sec] |
| A | Monterey to Sonoma Counties | 38.9992–36.0075 124–121.0083 | 30 × 30 | 360 × 360 | 3.5 | 38.4992–36.4992 123.4917–121.9917 | 30 × 30 | 181 × 241 | 3.6 |
| B | San Francisco Bay | 38.3331–37.3347 122.5833–121.4183 | 6 × 6 | 700 × 600 | 3.5 | 37.9497–37.4997 122.5833–122.20 | 6 × 6 | 231 × 271 | 3.6 |
| C | San Francisco City | 37.85–37.58 122.55–122.35 | 1 × 1 | 723 × 973 | 0.7 | 37.85–37.6494 122.54–122.35 | 4 × 2 | 172 × 362 | 1.8 |
| Minimum offshore depth [m] | | | | 5 | | | 5 | | |
| Water depth for dry land [m] | | | | 0.1 | | | 0.1 | | |
| Friction coefficient (n^2) | | | | 0.0009 | | | 0.0009 | | |
| CPU time for a 4-hr simulation | | | | 2.77 hr | | | 11 min | | |

Computations were performed on a single Intel Xeon processor at 3.6 GHz, Dell PowerEdge 1850.

Table 2: Historical events used for model validation for San Francisco, California.

| Event | Earthquake | | | Seismic | | | Model Tsunami Source |
|------------------------|--------------------------|----------|----------|--|-----------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| | Date Time (UTC) | Lat. (°) | Lon. (°) | Subduction Zone | Moment Magnitude (Mw) | Tsunami Magnitude ¹ | |
| 1946 Unimak | 1946-04-01 12:28:56 | 53.32N | 163.19W | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia (ACSZ) | ² 8.5 | 8.5 | $7.5 \times b23 + 19.7 \times b24 + 3.7 \times b25$ |
| 1994 East Kuril | 1994-10-04 13:23:28.5 | 43.60N | 147.63E | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap (KISZ) | ³ 8.3 | 8.1 | $9.0 \times a20$ |
| 1996 Andreanov | 1996-06-10 04:04:03.4 | 51.10N | 177.410W | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia (ACSZ) | ³ 7.9 | 7.8 | $2.40 \times a15 + 0.80 \times b16$ |
| 2001 Peru | 2001-06-23 20:34:23.3 | 17.28S | 72.71W | South America (SASZ) | ³ 8.4 | 8.2 | $5.70 \times a15 + 2.90 \times b16 + 1.98 \times a16$ |
| 2003 Rat Island | 2003-11-17 06:43:31.0 | 51.14N | 177.86E | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia (ACSZ) | ³ 7.7 | 7.8 | $2.81 \times b11$ |
| 2006 Tonga | 2006-05-03 15:27:03.7 | 20.39S | 173.47W | New Zealand-Kermadec-Tonga (NTSZ) | ³ 8.0 | 8.0 | $6.6 \times b29$ |
| 2006 Kuril | 2006-11-15 11:15:08.0 | 46.71N | 154.33E | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap (KISZ) | ³ 8.3 | 8.1 | $4.0 \times a12 + 0.5 \times b12 + 2.0 \times a13 + 1.5 \times b13$ |
| 2007 Kuril | 2007-01-13 04:23:48.1 | 46.17N | 154.80E | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap (KISZ) | ³ 8.1 | 7.9 | $-3.64 \times b13$ |
| 2007 Solomon | 2007-04-01 20:40:38.9 | 7.79S | 156.34E | New Britain-Solomons-Vanuatu (NVSZ) | 8.1 | 8.2 | $12.0 \times b10$ |
| 2007 Peru | 2007-08-15 23:41:57.9 | 13.73S | 77.04W | South America (SASZ) | ³ 8.0 | 8.1 | $4.1 \times a9 + 4.32 \times b9$ |
| 2007 Chile | 2007-11-14 15:41:11.2 | 22.64S | 70.62W | South America (SASZ) | ³ 7.7 | 7.6 | $0.81 \times a22 + 0.3 \times a23 + 0.11 \times b23$ |

¹Equivalent tsunami source moment magnitude from model source constrained by tsunami observations.

²López and Okal (2006)

³Centroid Moment Tensor

for both reference and forecast model grids, including extents. Reference and forecast model extents are graphically presented in **Figure 3**.

The San Francisco tsunami forecast model was optimized in computation time for use in hazard assessment and real-time tsunami forecasting during an event. Relative computation times for both the reference and forecast model are provided in **Table 1**. CPU time for a 4-hr model simulation is cut significantly when the forecast model is run. For the same 4-hr model simulation, the reference model requires 2.77 hr of CPU time while the tsunami forecast model runs in 11 min. Validation of this forecast model was accomplished by testing model grids against historical sources and by comparing results with those of the companion San Francisco reference model. Quality records during the 11 historical events listed in **Table 2** and shown in **Figure 4** provide the basis for validation of the San Francisco tsunami forecast model. Synthetic scenarios were developed and used for stability testing and to model likely worst-case scenarios at the San Francisco Presidio tide gauge. Specific information about each synthetic scenario, including subduction zone and tsunami source referenced to the NOAA propagation database unit sources provided in Appendix B, is provided in **Table 3**. A plot showing the location of each synthetic scenario modeled is provided in **Figure 5** to visually show the coverage represented by these scenarios.

Table 3: Synthetic tsunami sources recorded at the Presidio tide station for San Francisco Bay (from Tang *et al.*, 2009).

| Scenario Name | Subduction Zone | Tsunami Source |
|---------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|
| KISZ 22–31 | Kamchatka-Yap-Mariana-Izu-Bonin | A22–A31, B22–B3 |
| KISZ 1–10 | Kamchatka-Yap-Mariana-Izu-Bonin1 | A1–A10, B1–B10 |
| ACSZ 12–21 | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | A12–A21, B12–B31 |
| ACSZ 22–31 | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | A22–A31, B22–B31 |
| ACSZ 38–47 | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | A38–A47, B38–B47 |
| ACSZ 56–65 | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | A56–A65, B56–B65a |
| CASZ 1–10 | Central American | A1–A10, B1–B10 |
| ECSZ 1–10 | Columbia-Ecuador | A1–A10, B1–B10 |
| SASZ 40–49 | South America | A40–A49, B40–B49 |
| SCSZ 3–12 | South Chile | A3–A12, B3–B12 |
| NTSZ 20–29 | New Zealand-Kermadec-Tonga | A20–A29, B20–B29 |
| NTSZ 30–39 | New Zealand-Kermadec-Tonga | A30–A39, B30–B39 |
| NVSZ 28–37 | New Britain-Solomons-Vanuatu | A28–A37, B28–B37 |
| MOSZ 1–10 | Manus OCB | A1–A10, B1–B10 |
| NGSZ 3–12 | North New Guinea | A3–A12, B3–B12 |
| EPSZ 6–15 | East Philippines | A6–A15, B6–B15 |
| NRSZ 12–21 | Ryukus-Kyushu-Nankai | A12–A21, B12–B21 |
| KISZ 32–41 | Kamchatka-Yap-Mariana-Izu-Bonin | A32–A41, B32–B41 |

4. Results and Discussion

The 1964 Great Alaska Earthquake tsunami was measured at the Presidio tide gauge with a maximum amplitude of approximately 1 m. Borrero *et al.* (2006) predict that this maximum amplitude could potentially be as much as double if an earthquake were to occur along a different segment of the Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia subduction zone. Model results on simulated tsunamis obtained in this work suggest that a wave amplitude as large as 4 m is possible dependent upon the specific source region, posing a significant hazard to San Francisco Bay area.

4.1 Model validation

The San Francisco reference and tsunami forecast models were each validated by modeling the 11 historical events listed in **Table 2** and shown in **Figure 2**. Model results were compared with observations recorded by the Presidio tide gauge during the historical events for which data were recorded and available. Specifically, the tsunamis generated during the 1946 Unimak, 2001 Peru, 2006 Kuril, and 2007 Kuril Islands events were each recorded and compared to both reference and forecast model run results. A discussion of results and comparisons follows in the results of tested events section of this chapter.

4.2 Model stability and reliability

Artificial ringing and a high level of background noise obscuring a tsunami signal could be an issue with tsunami modeling in the San Francisco Bay area. For this reason, the model was tested with 11 historical event scenarios and 18 simulated tsunami scenarios. The scenarios were chosen from various subduction zones with a likelihood of probable tsunami generation. By running the model for an extended duration with historical tsunami events, low-level background noise and ringing in the harbor are smoothed. In addition to testing with historical events, testing was performed with simulated mega tsunamis again from various sources as a test of forecast model stability. No problems or instabilities were noted after reference model scenario tests up to 12 hr and optimized forecast model tests up to 24 hr were performed.

4.3 Results of tested events

San Francisco reference and forecast model results are compared with observations recorded during the 1946 Unimak, 2001 Peru, 2006 Kuril, and 2007 Kuril Islands tsunamis. The 1946 Unimak tsunami signal is compared to the computed reference and forecast model signals in **Figure 6**. There is good agreement between the two models, giving confidence in the performance of the

forecast model. Differences noted between the two model results in later wave amplitudes point to the non-linearity of the wave processes. Comparisons with observations show a general trend toward overestimation of wave amplitude by the models as well as a lag in model arrival time. **Figures 7 and 8** show the computed maximum wave height simulated at the Presidio tide gauge from the respective reference and forecast models. Wave amplitudes as high as 40 cm are predicted in these results. The results of a simulated tsunami from an Mw 9.3 event from Japan (synthetic case KISZ 22–31) are shown in **Figure 9**. A 2-m maximum wave height at Ocean Beach and a wave height greater than 1 m at the Presidio are predicted if this scenario were to occur. Comparisons of time series results from the reference and forecast models run to simulate historical events are shown in **Figures 10–19**. In all plots, forecast model results correlate well with those of the reference model in both amplitude and phase. Model results for the 2001 Peru event define wave characteristics in the observed time series, with a high noise-to-signal ratio coupled with low observed wave amplitudes as shown in **Figure 12**. Comparisons for the 2006 Kuril Islands event in **Figure 15** shows the predicted tsunami arrival time leading observations. In this case, both reference and forecast models underestimate the amplitudes observed at the Presidio tide gauge. During the 2007 Kuril Islands event, forecast model results reproduce observations in both amplitude and phase, as shown in **Figure 16**. **Figures 20–21** show plots of the maximum wave height computed with the reference model for the historical events tested and **Figures 23–25** show plots of maximum wave height computed with the forecast model for the same historical events.

4.4 Sensitivity study

A sensitivity study for the San Francisco Bay area was conducted with the 18 scenarios listed in **Table 3** to determine the variation of tsunami impact due to generation of a tsunami during a large magnitude earthquake in source regions around the Pacific. For all scenario runs, earthquake magnitude was kept constant, while source regions were varied across all potential tsunamagenic subduction zones. Each scenario was modeled to determine the maximum wave heights expected at the Presidio tide gauge. This study uses the NOAA propagation database to model a tsunami triggered by an Mw 9.3 earthquake having a rupture length of 20 source units, for a total area of 1000 km × 100 km, and a 30-m slip. Thirty-six events from the Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia Subduction Zone, 26 from the Kuril-Kamchatka Subduction Zone and Japan Trench, 27 from Central American sources, and 40 from South American sources are considered (Gica *et al.*, 2008).

Sensitivity study results show that the San Francisco Bay area is at greatest risk from a tsunami generated in the eastern portion of the Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia Subduction Zone. A maximum wave of 7.6 m is predicted for a tsunami generated in Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia segments 29–38, as shown in **Figure 26**. Tsunami waves from the northern portion of the Kuril and Japan subduction zones and those generated along the southern portion of Chile pose a significant risk to the San Francisco area with waves greater than 1 m predicted.

The maximum wave heights computed for each of the 18 synthetic scenarios run as part of the sensitivity study are plotted in **Figure 27–31**.

5. Summary and Conclusions

A set of reference inundation models and optimized forecast models have been prepared for San Francisco Bay, California. Both reference inundation and high-resolution forecast models for San Francisco Bay have robustly modeled the historical scenarios. The computational speed of the forecast models is 16 times faster than that of reference models while retaining accurate wave height estimation at the Presidio tide gauge. The forecast model has been tested extensively by performing a sensitivity study and incorporation of hypothetical scenarios. The San Francisco forecast model has been developed for the purpose of real-time tsunami prediction, to forecast a tsunami generated in far-field subduction zones in real time. However, the results are also very beneficial in tsunami hazard assessment. As demonstrated in the sensitivity study, a forecast model can be used to verify the effective source region and worst-case scenarios.

The 1964 Alaska earthquake triggered the largest tsunami that the west coast of the United States has ever recorded since installation of instrumentation to make observations. This study suggests that subduction zones along the Eastern Aleutians and Alaska are the most effective tsunami generating source regions for the San Francisco Bay area and that the hazard posed to this community is significant. A large magnitude earthquake occurring in these identified source regions of Alaska coupled with a favorable orientation could potentially have a greater impact on the Bay area than the tsunami generated after the 1964 Alaska earthquake. Tsunami hazard assessment is not only necessary for protecting the lives of people who live in low-lying coastal regions, but also in identifying the potential impact a tsunami would have on ports and harbors. The optimized forecast model developed for San Francisco, California, provides a 4-hr forecast of first-wave arrival, amplitudes, and inundation tide gauge warning point within 10 min, based on testing with available historical data and simulated events as presented in this report.

6. Acknowledgments

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FIGURES

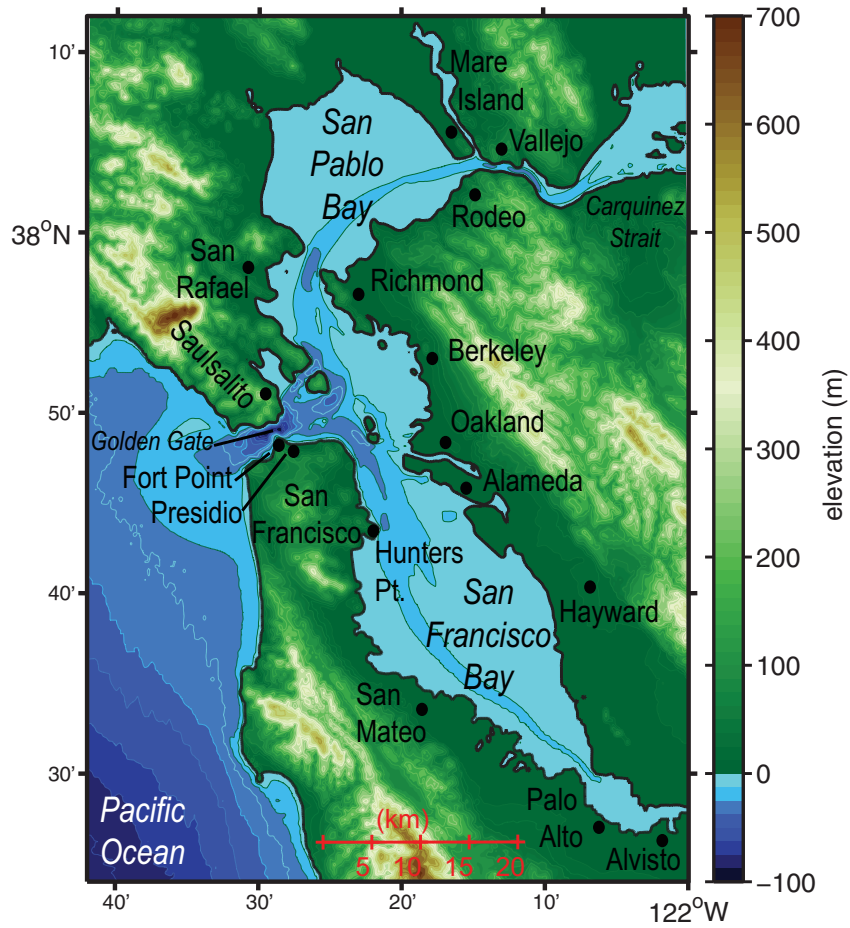


Figure 1: Topographic map of the San Francisco Bay area with San Francisco and other major population centers shown.



Figure 2: An aerial view of the Port of San Francisco, with the city skyline in the distance.

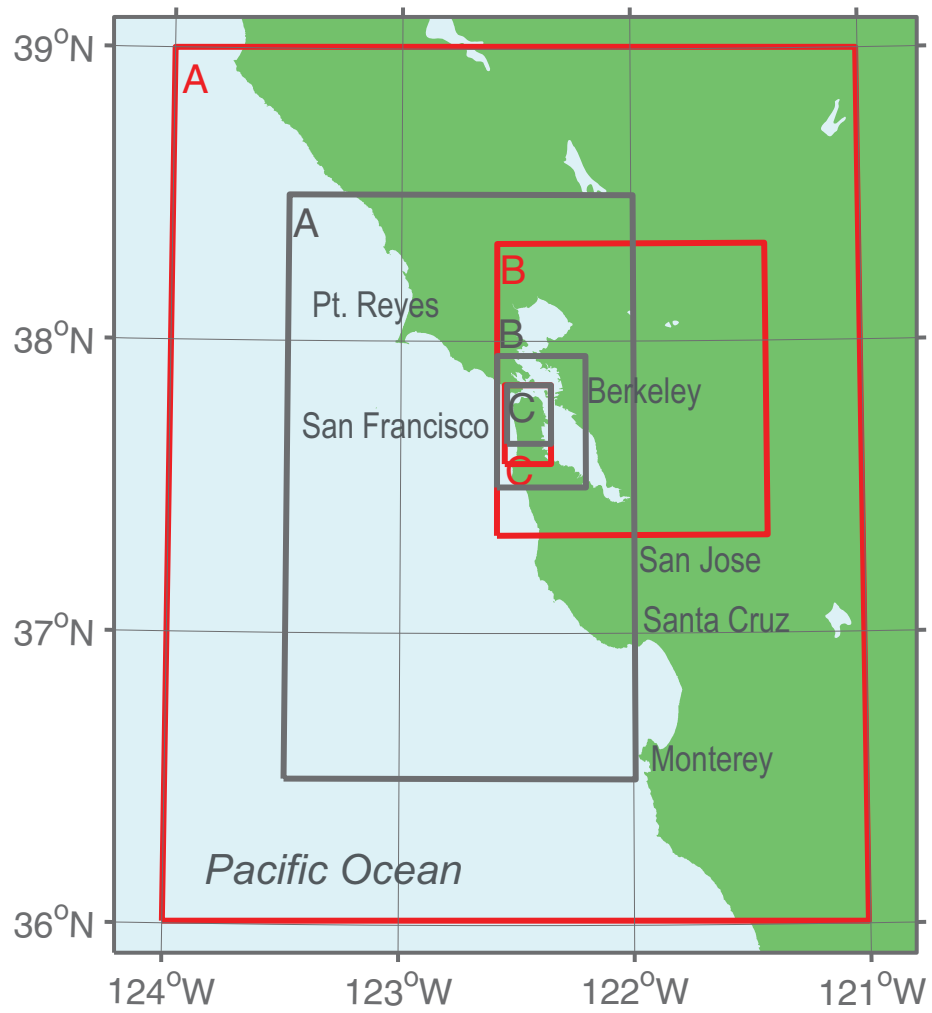


Figure 3: Extents of the reference inundation (red) and optimized forecast (gray) model grids.

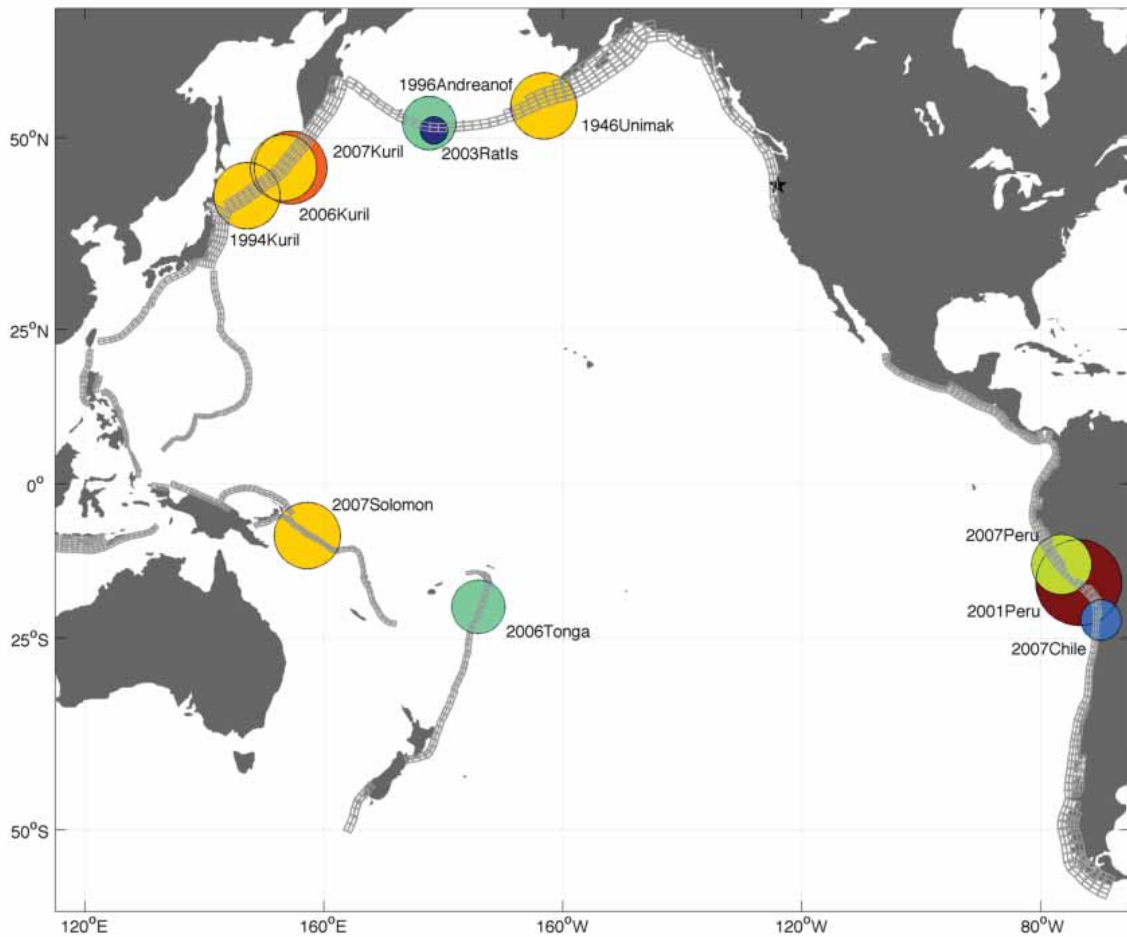


Figure 4: Map of the Pacific Ocean Basin showing the location of the 11 historical events used to test and validate the San Francisco model. Relative earthquake magnitude is shown by the varying sizes and colors of the filled circles. The largest magnitude earthquake used in model validation was the 1946 Unimak Mw 8.5 earthquake, denoted by the red circle.

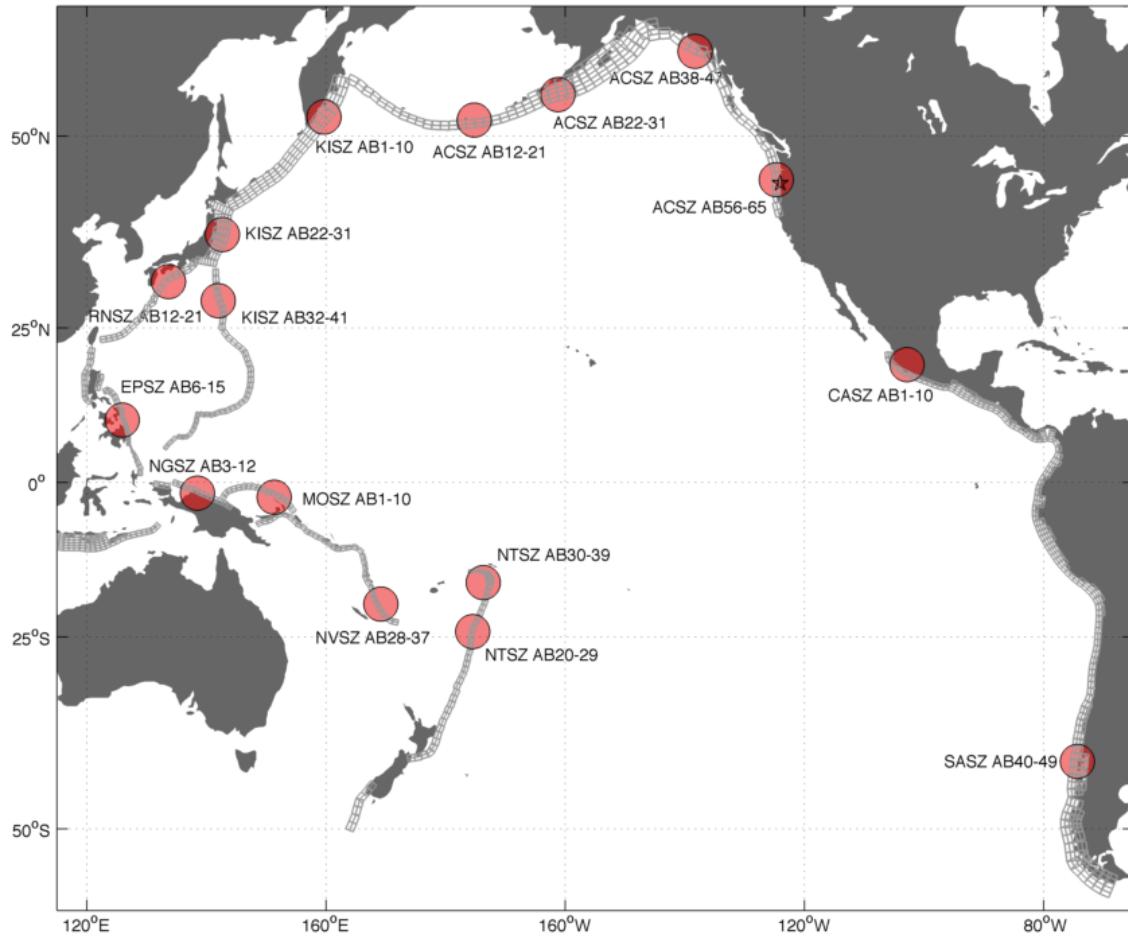


Figure 5: Map of the Pacific Ocean Basin showing the synthetic Mw 9.3 scenarios used to test the San Francisco model. Red circles mark the location of each source relative to one another and to San Francisco, denoted by the solid star. Specific unit source combinations are provided alongside each red circle.

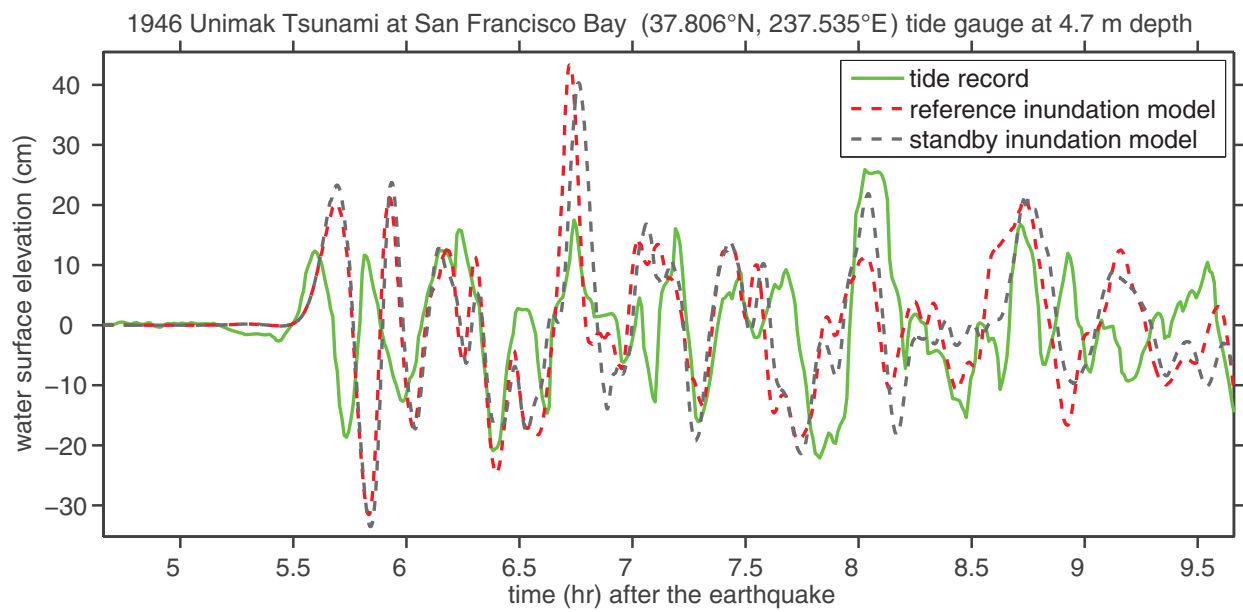


Figure 6: Comparison at the Presidio tide gauge of the modeled and observed tsunami generated during the 1946 Unimak earthquake. The observed tidal record (green) is shown with the reference inundation (red) and optimized forecast (black) model results superimposed.

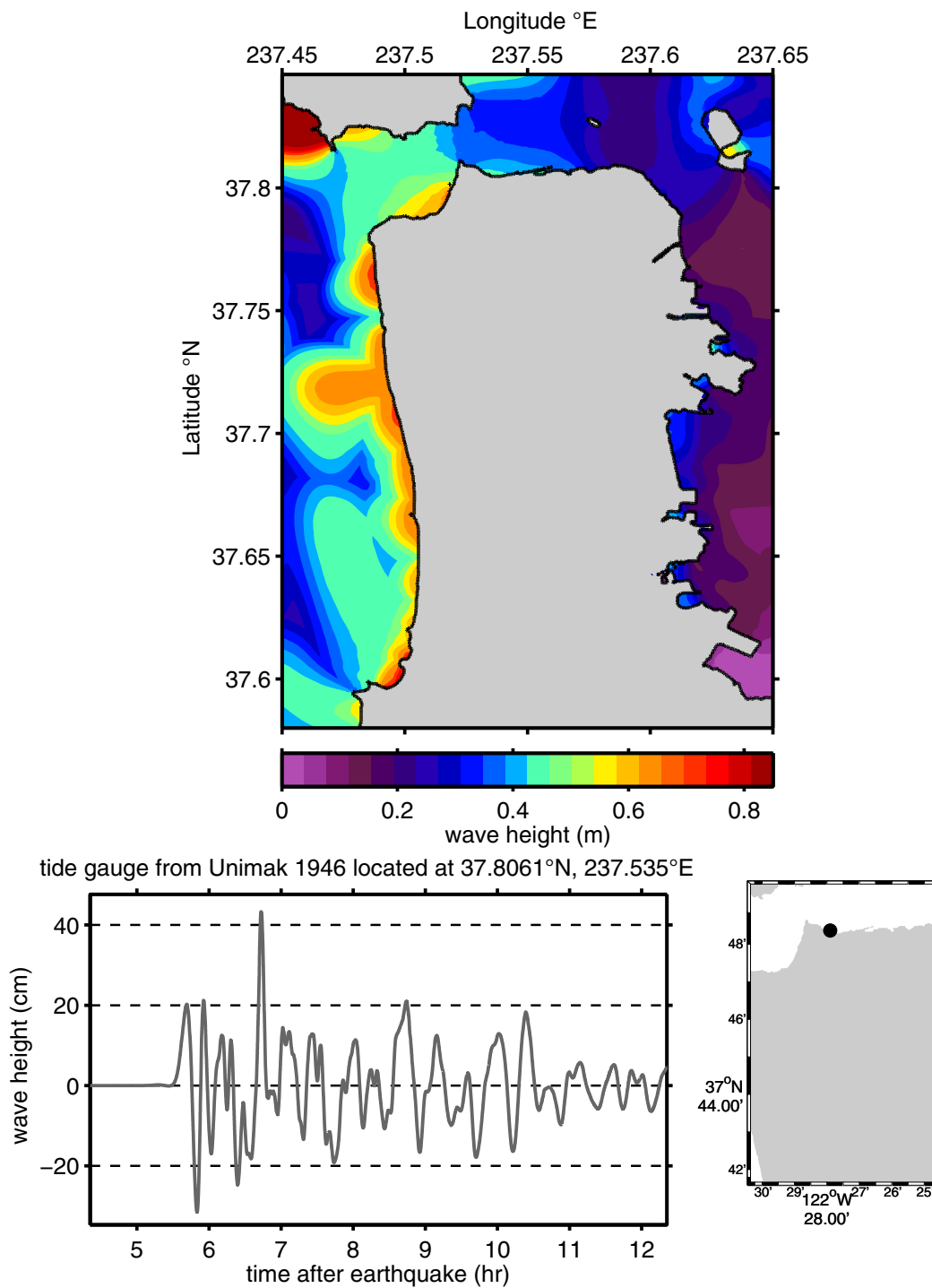


Figure 7: The maximum wave height and tide gauge simulation of the 1946 tsunami at the San Francisco reference model grid.

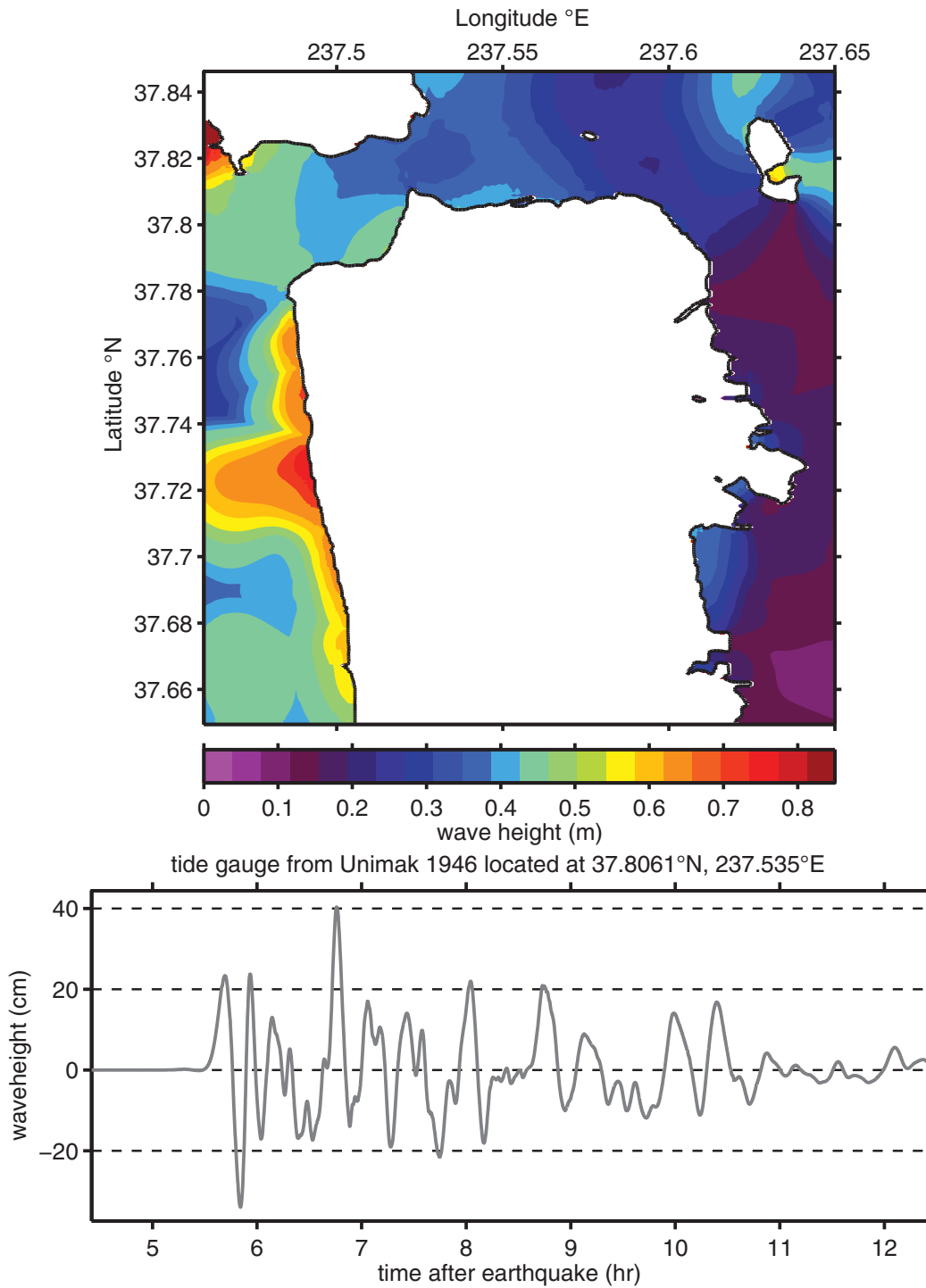


Figure 8: The maximum wave height and tide gauge simulation of the 1946 Unimak tsunami at the San Francisco forecast model grid.

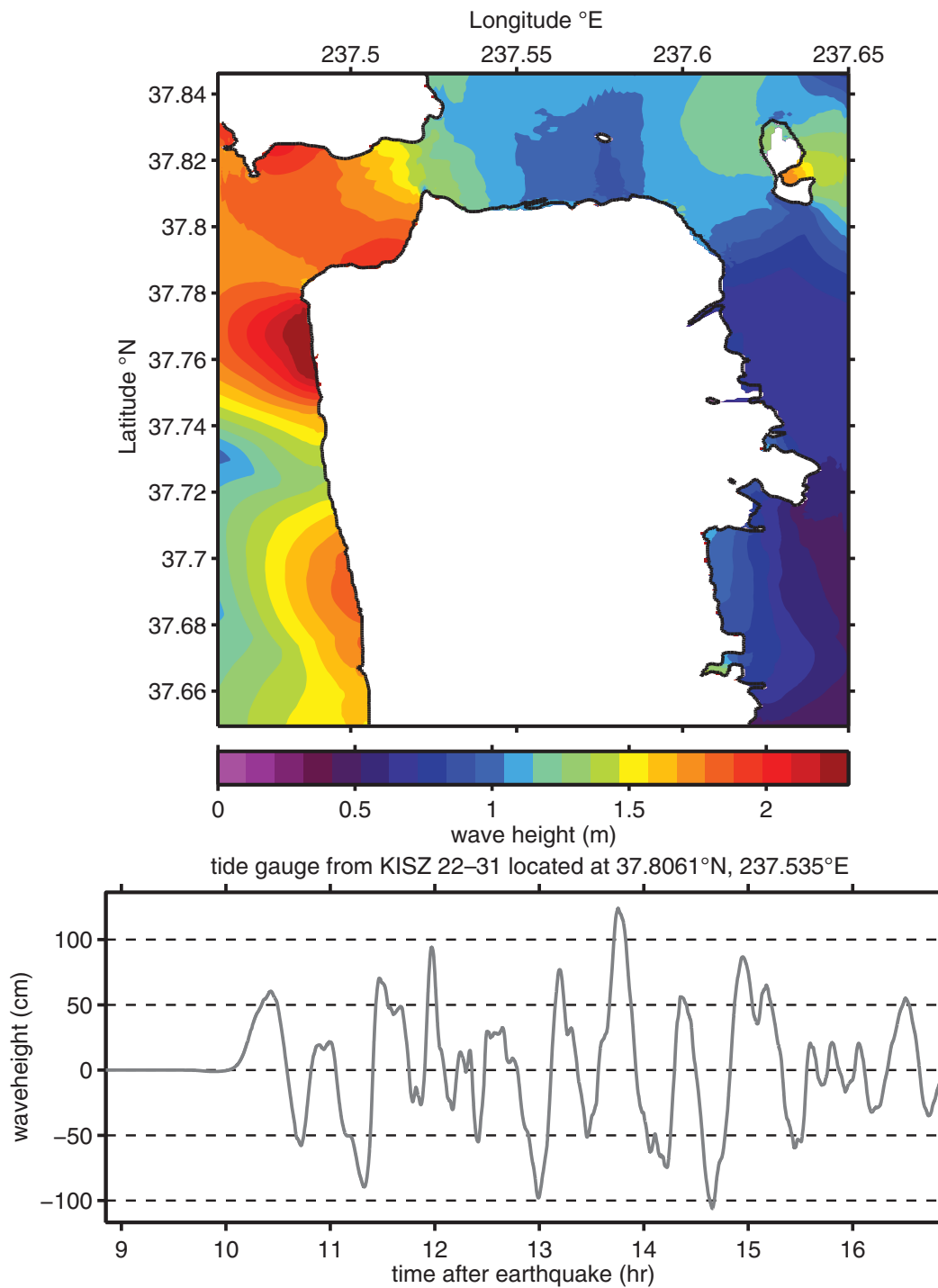


Figure 9: The maximum wave height and tide gauge simulation of a synthetic tsunami from Japan at the San Francisco forecast model grid.

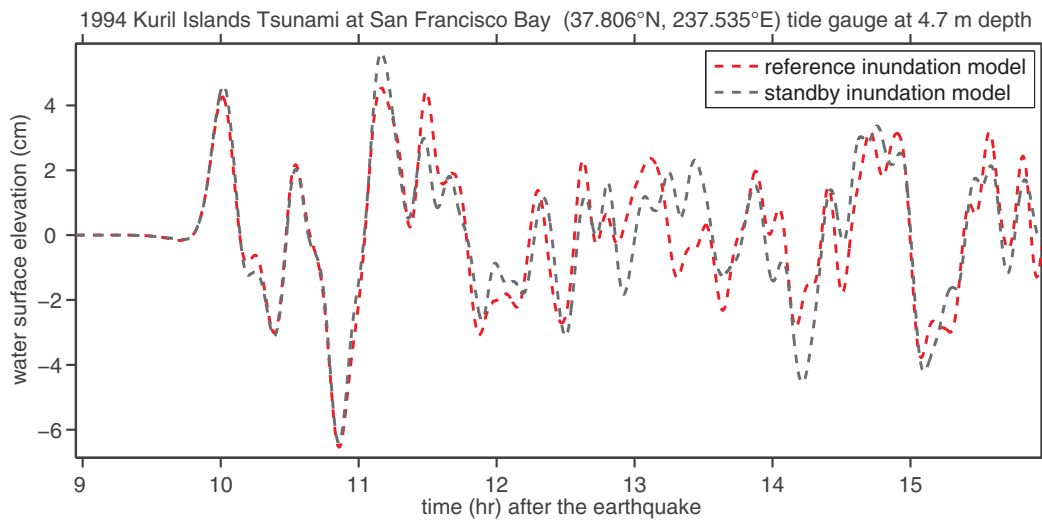


Figure 10: Comparison at the Presidio tide gauge of the modeled and observed tsunami generated during the 1994 Kuril Unimak earthquake. The observed tidal record (green) is shown with the reference inundation (red) and optimized forecast (black) model results superimposed.

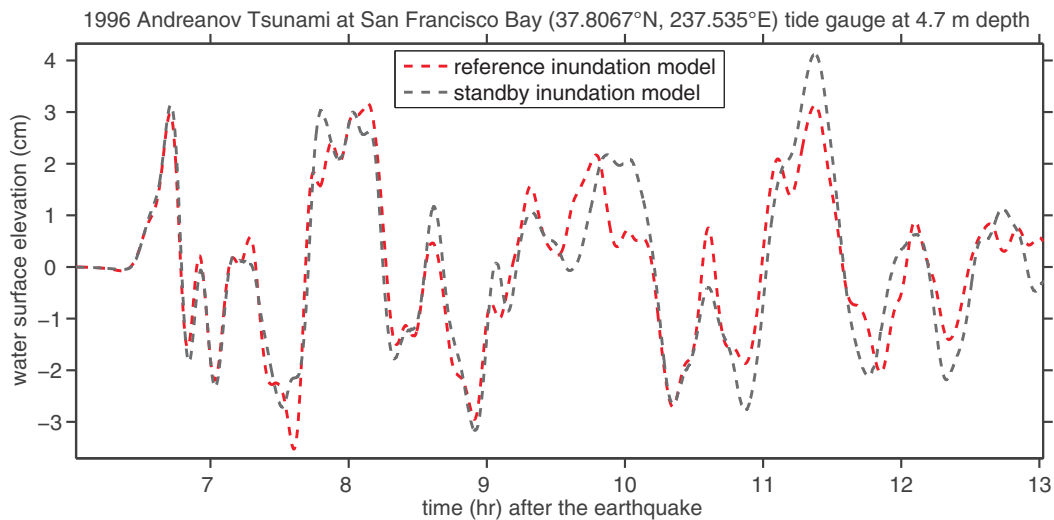


Figure 11: Comparison at the Presidio tide gauge of the modeled and observed tsunami generated during the 1996 Andreanov earthquake. The observed tidal record (green) is shown with the reference inundation (red) and optimized forecast (black) model results superimposed.

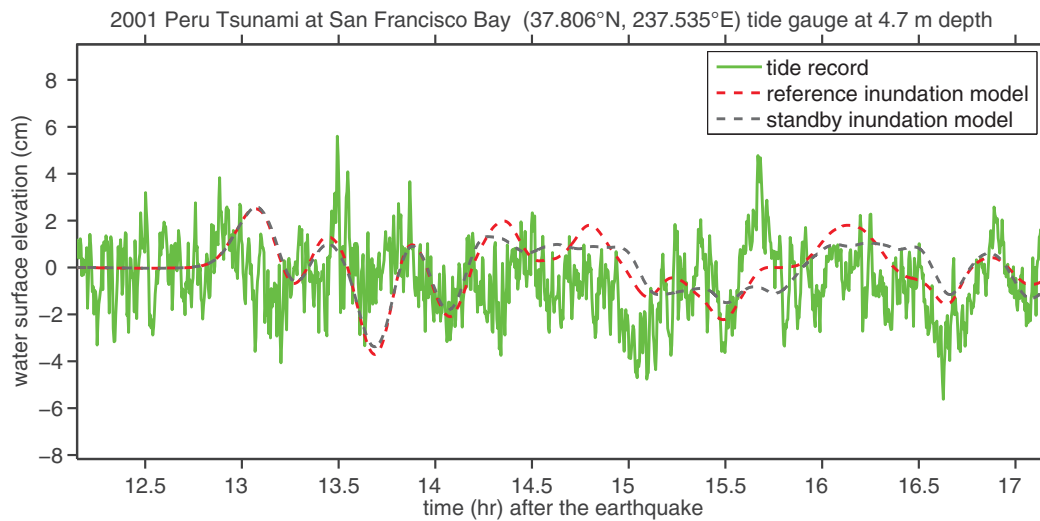


Figure 12: Comparison at the Presidio tide gauge of the modeled and observed tsunami generated during the 2001 Peru earthquake. The observed tidal record (green) is shown with the reference inundation (red) and optimized forecast (black) model results superimposed.

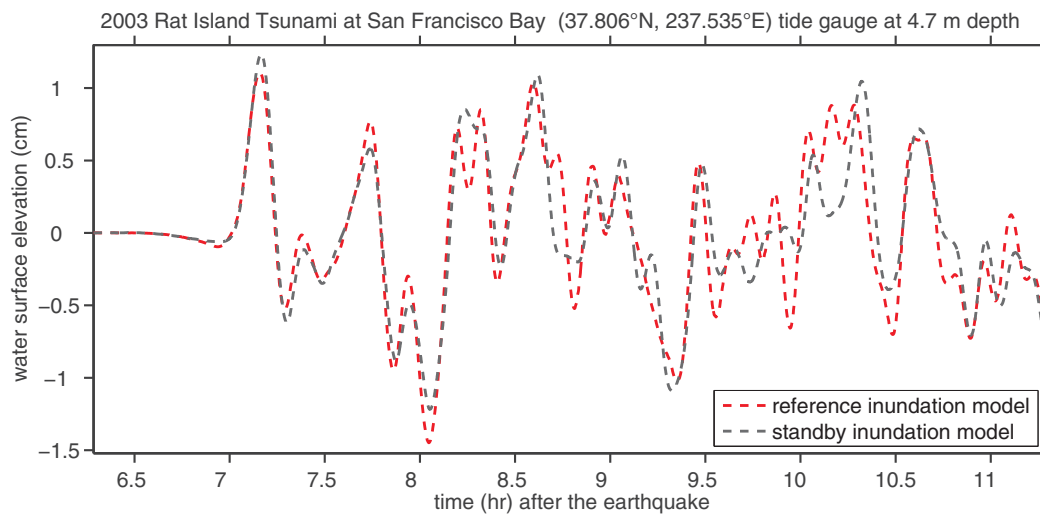


Figure 13: Comparison at the Presidio tide gauge of the modeled and observed tsunami generated during the 2003 Rat Island earthquake. The observed tidal record (green) is shown with the reference inundation (red) and optimized forecast (black) model results superimposed.

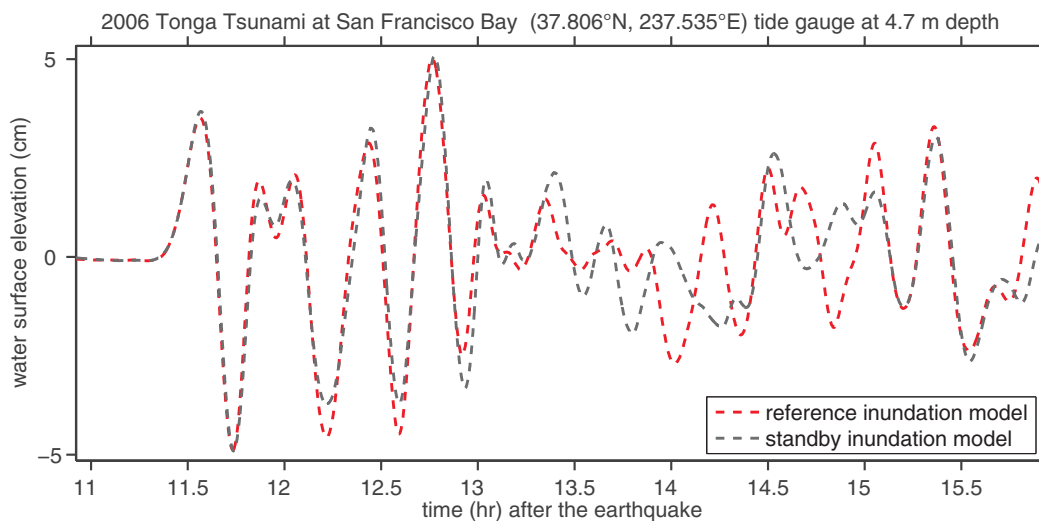


Figure 14: Comparison at the Presidio tide gauge of the modeled and observed tsunami generated during the 2006 Tonga earthquake. The observed tidal record (green) is shown with the reference inundation (red) and optimized forecast (black) model results superimposed.

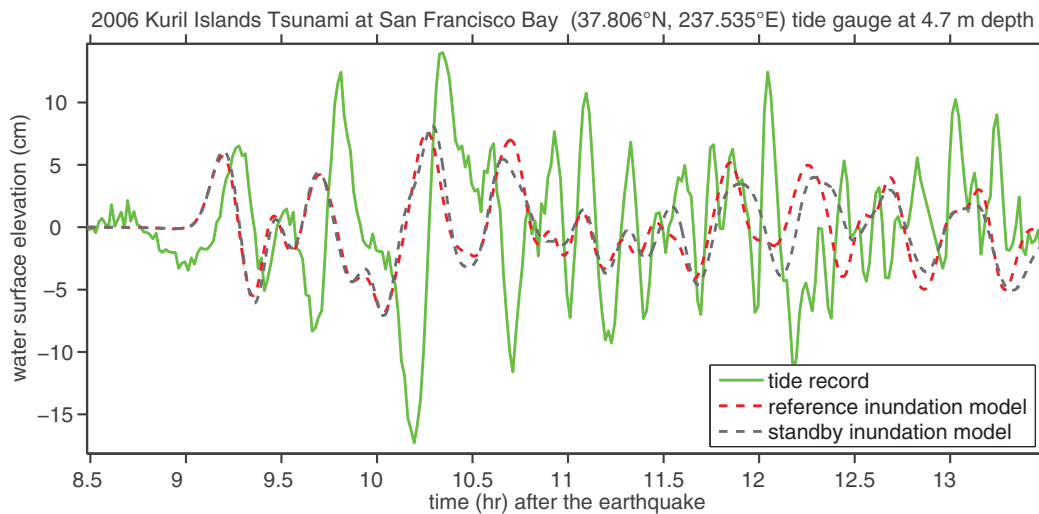


Figure 15: Comparison at the Presidio tide gauge of the modeled and observed tsunami generated during the 2006 Kuril earthquake. The observed tidal record (green) is shown with the reference inundation (red) and optimized forecast (black) model results superimposed.

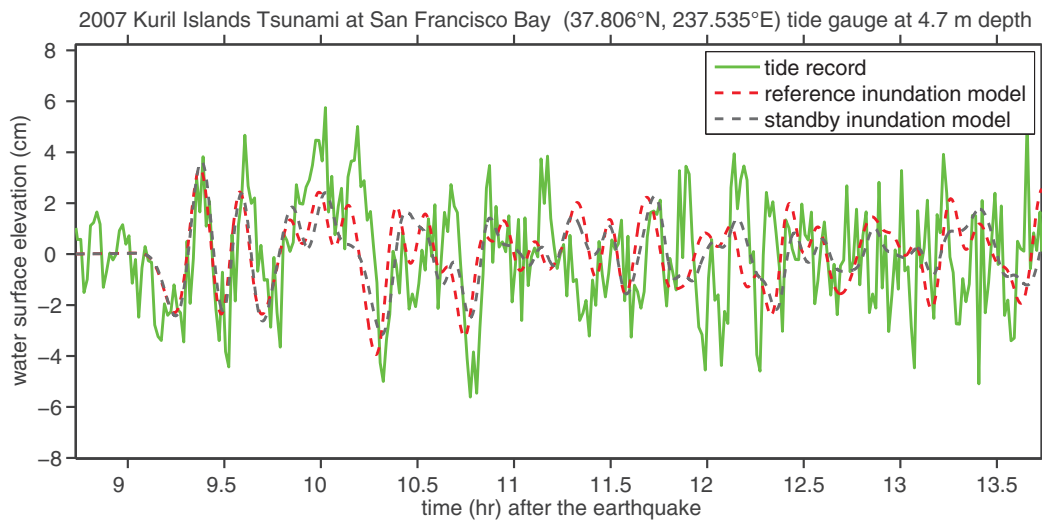


Figure 16: Comparison at the Presidio tide gauge of the modeled and observed tsunami generated during the 2007 Kuril earthquake. The observed tidal record (green) is shown with the reference inundation (red) and optimized forecast (black) model results superimposed.

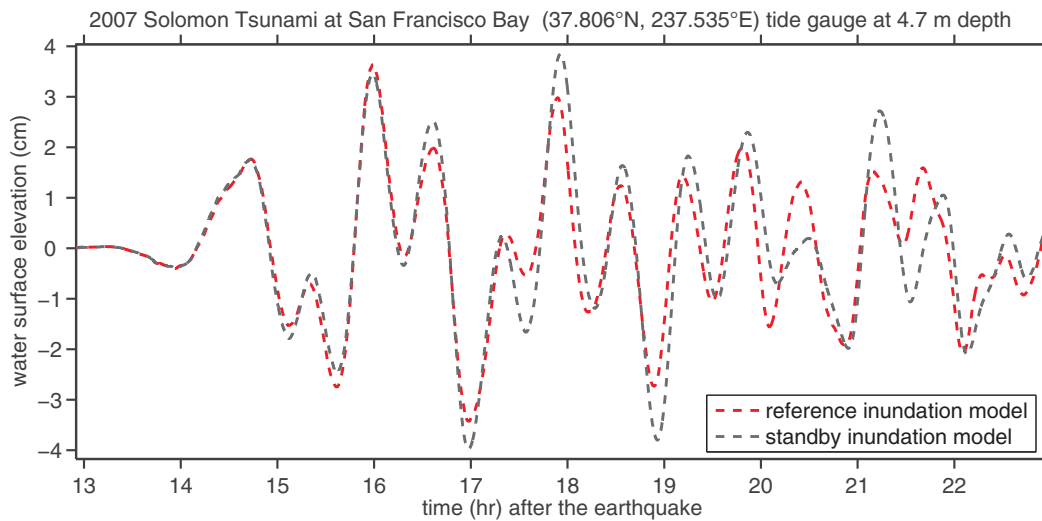


Figure 17: Comparison at the Presidio tide gauge of the modeled and observed tsunami generated during the 2007 Solomon earthquake. The observed tidal record (green) is shown with the reference inundation (red) and optimized forecast (black) model results superimposed.

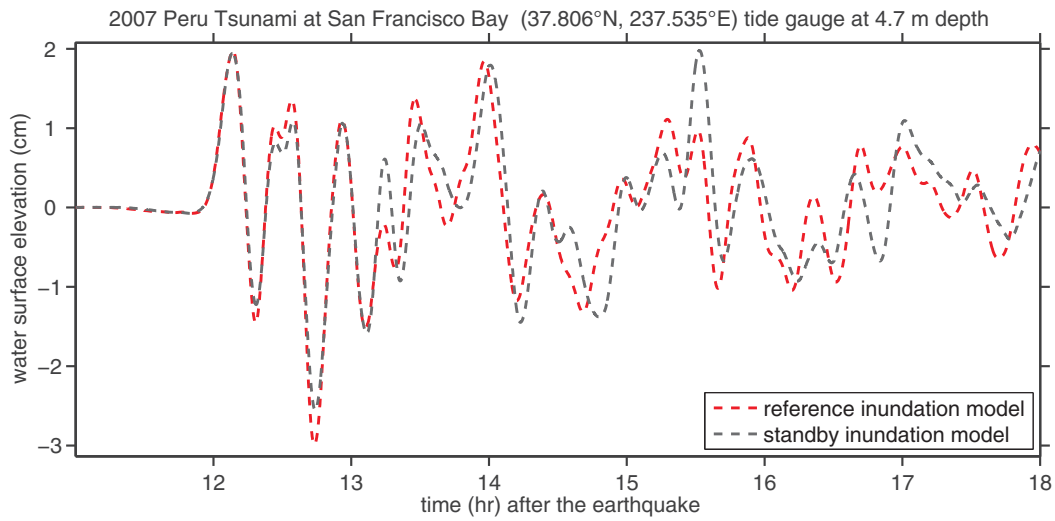


Figure 18: Comparison at the Presidio tide gauge of the modeled and observed tsunami generated during the 2007 Peru earthquake. The observed tidal record (green) is shown with the reference inundation (red) and optimized forecast (black) model results superimposed.

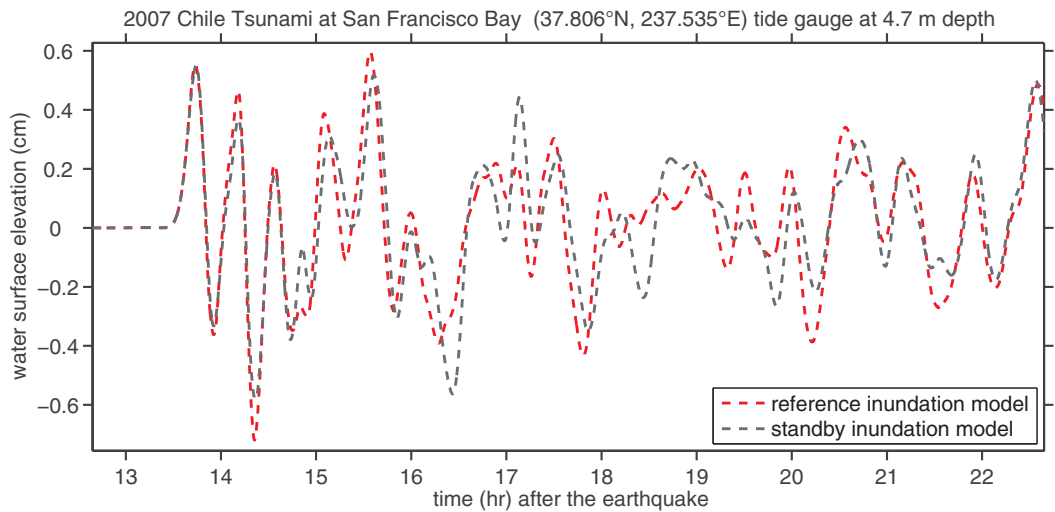


Figure 19: Comparison at the Presidio tide gauge of the modeled and observed tsunami generated during the 2007 Chile earthquake. The observed tidal record (green) is shown with the reference inundation (red) and optimized forecast (black) model results superimposed.

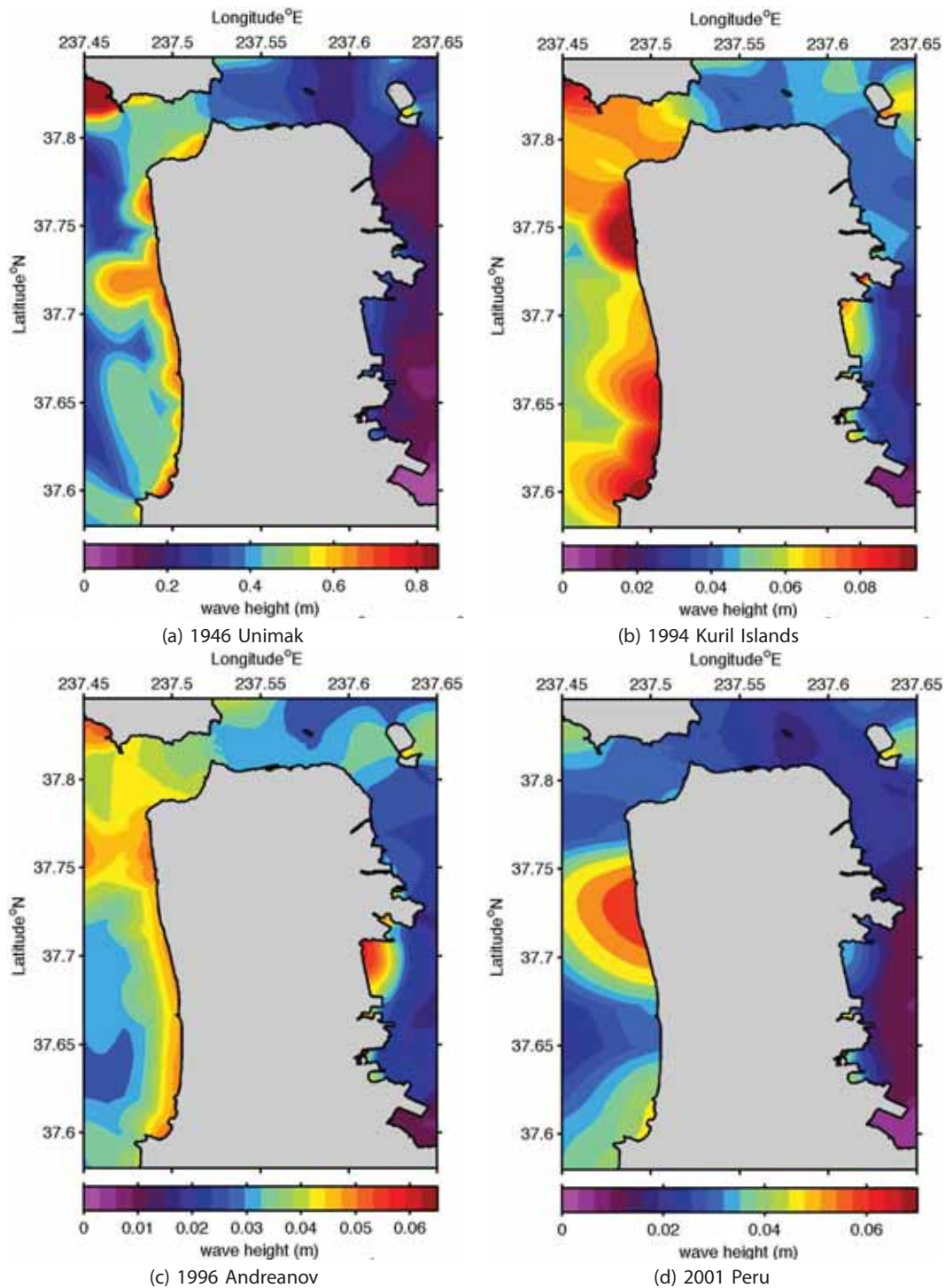


Figure 20: Maximum wave heights computed with reference model grids from (a) 1946 Unimak tsunami, (b) 1994 Kuril Islands tsunami, (c) 1996 Andranov tsunami and (d) 2001 Peru tsunami.

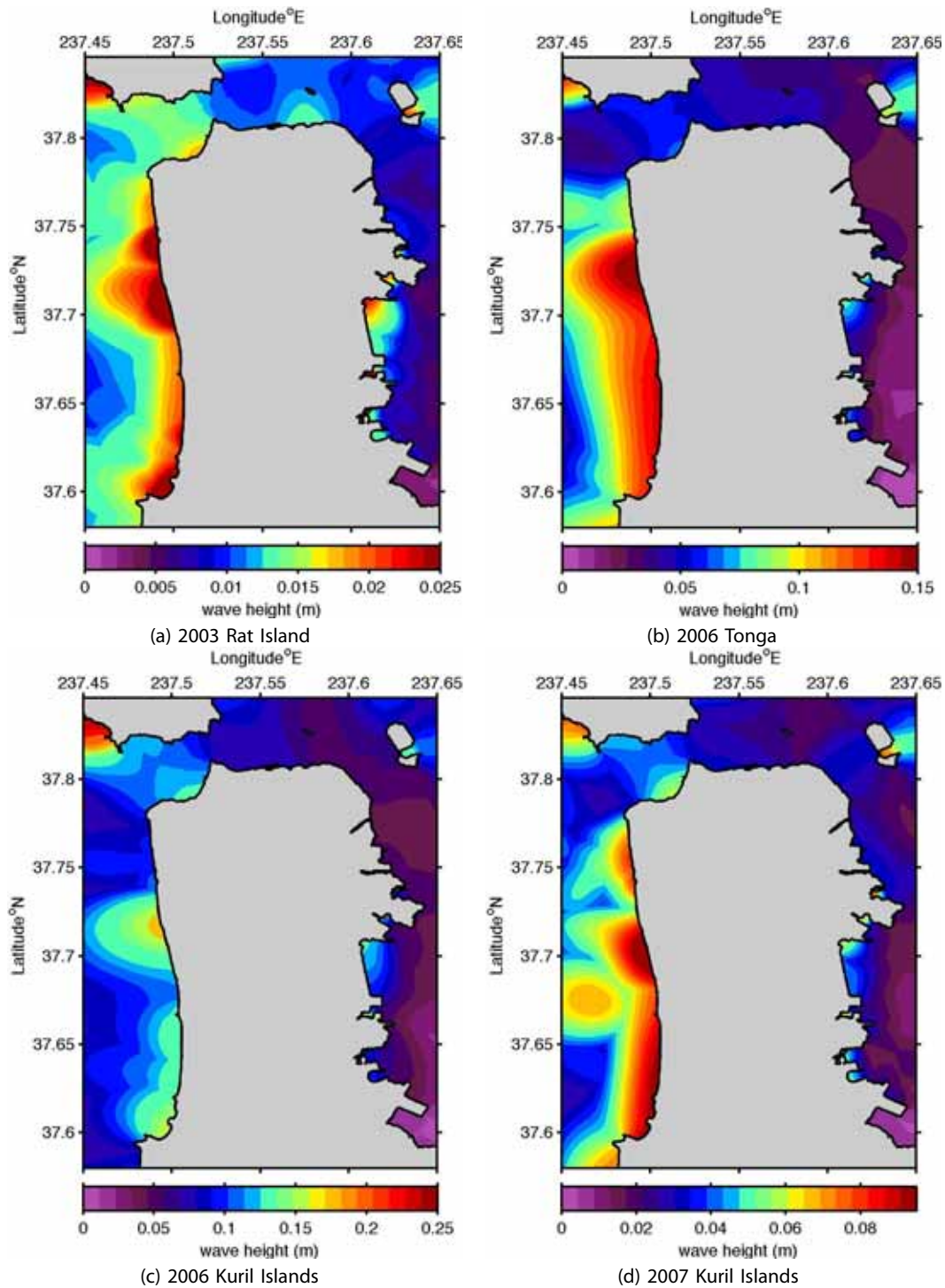


Figure 21: Maximum wave heights computed with reference model grids from (a) 2003 Rat Islands tsunami, (b) 2006 Tonga tsunami, (c) 2006 Kuril Islands tsunami and (d) 2007 Kuril Islands tsunami.

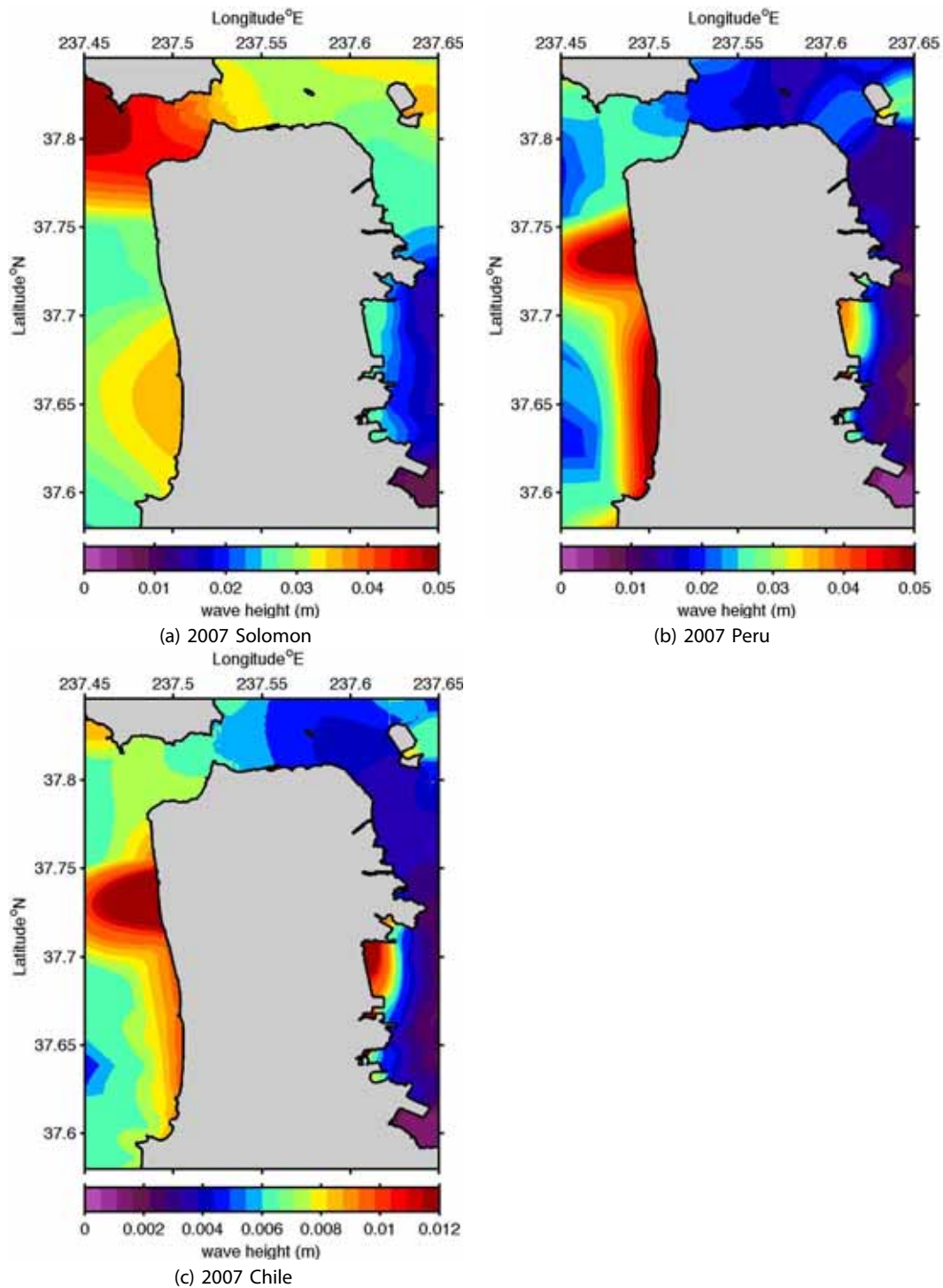


Figure 22: Maximum wave heights computed with reference model grids from (a) 2007 Solomon tsunami, (b) 2007 Peru tsunami and (c) 2007 Chile tsunami.

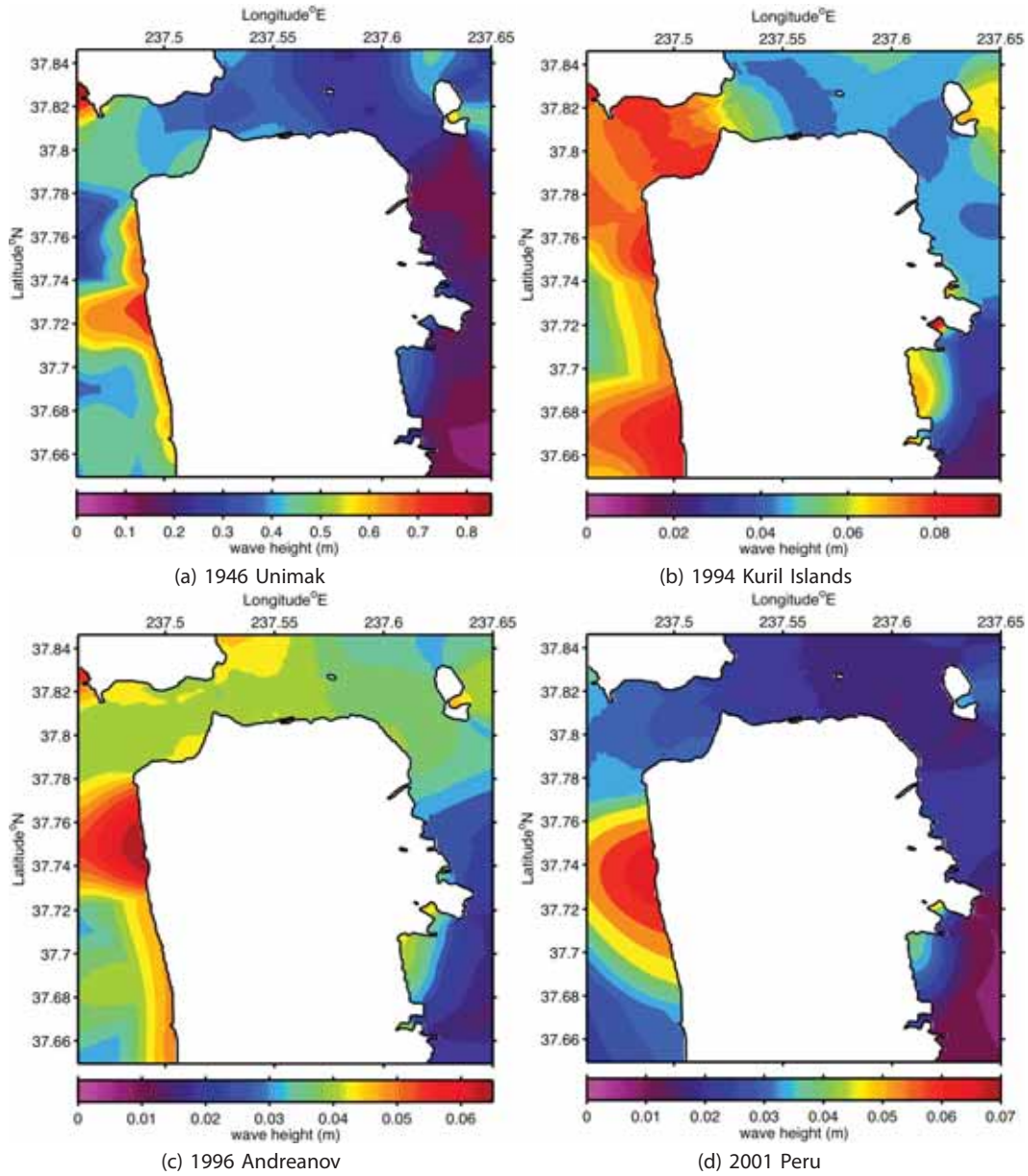


Figure 23: Maximum wave heights computed with forecast model grids from (a) 1946 Unimak tsunami, (b) 1994 Kuril Islands tsunami, (c) 1996 Andreanov tsunami and (d) 2001 Peru tsunami.

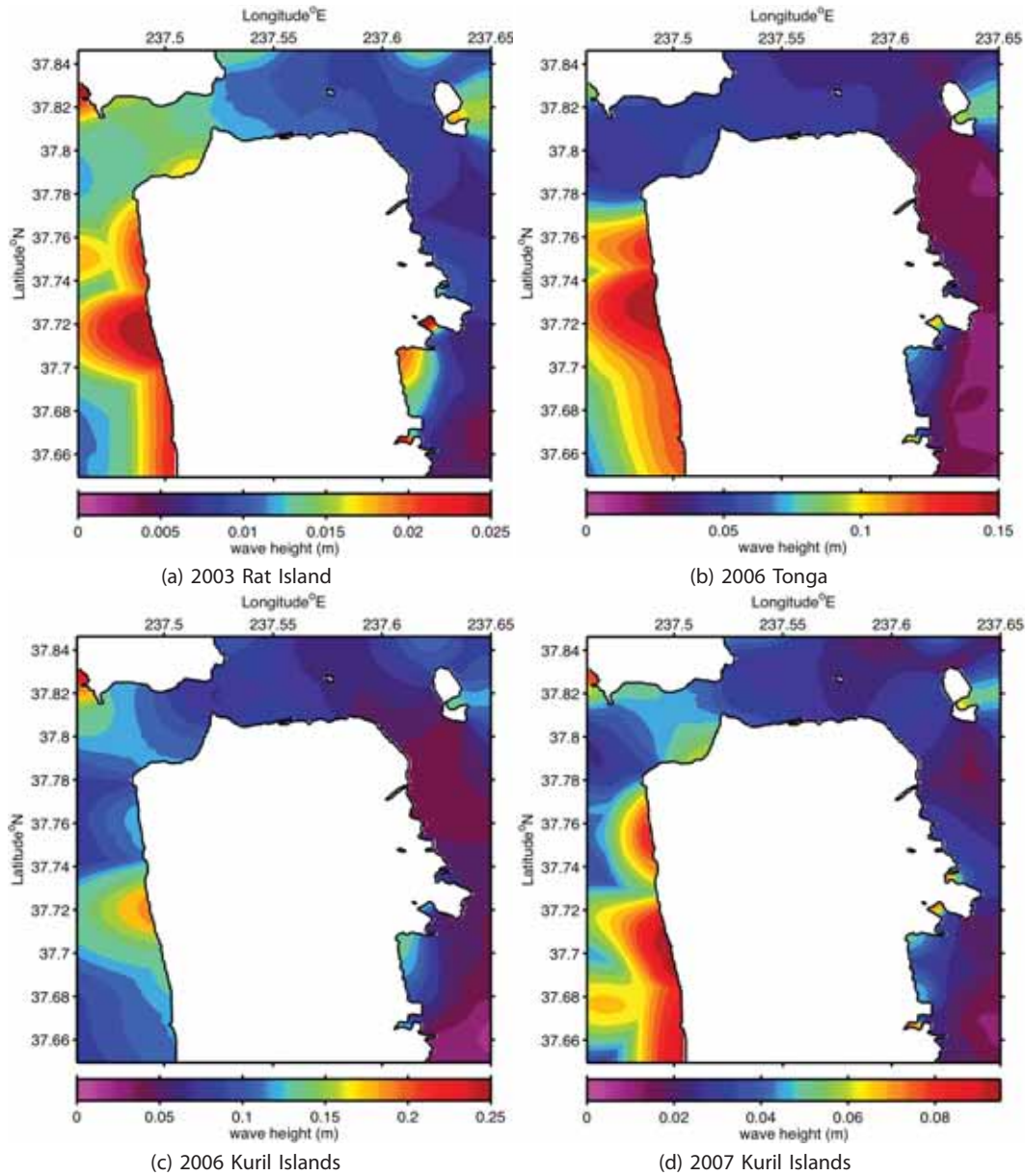


Figure 24: Maximum wave heights computed with forecast model grids from (a) 2003 Rat Islands tsunami, (b) 2006 Tonga tsunami, (c) 2006 Kuril Islands tsunami and (d) 2007 Kuril Islands tsunami.

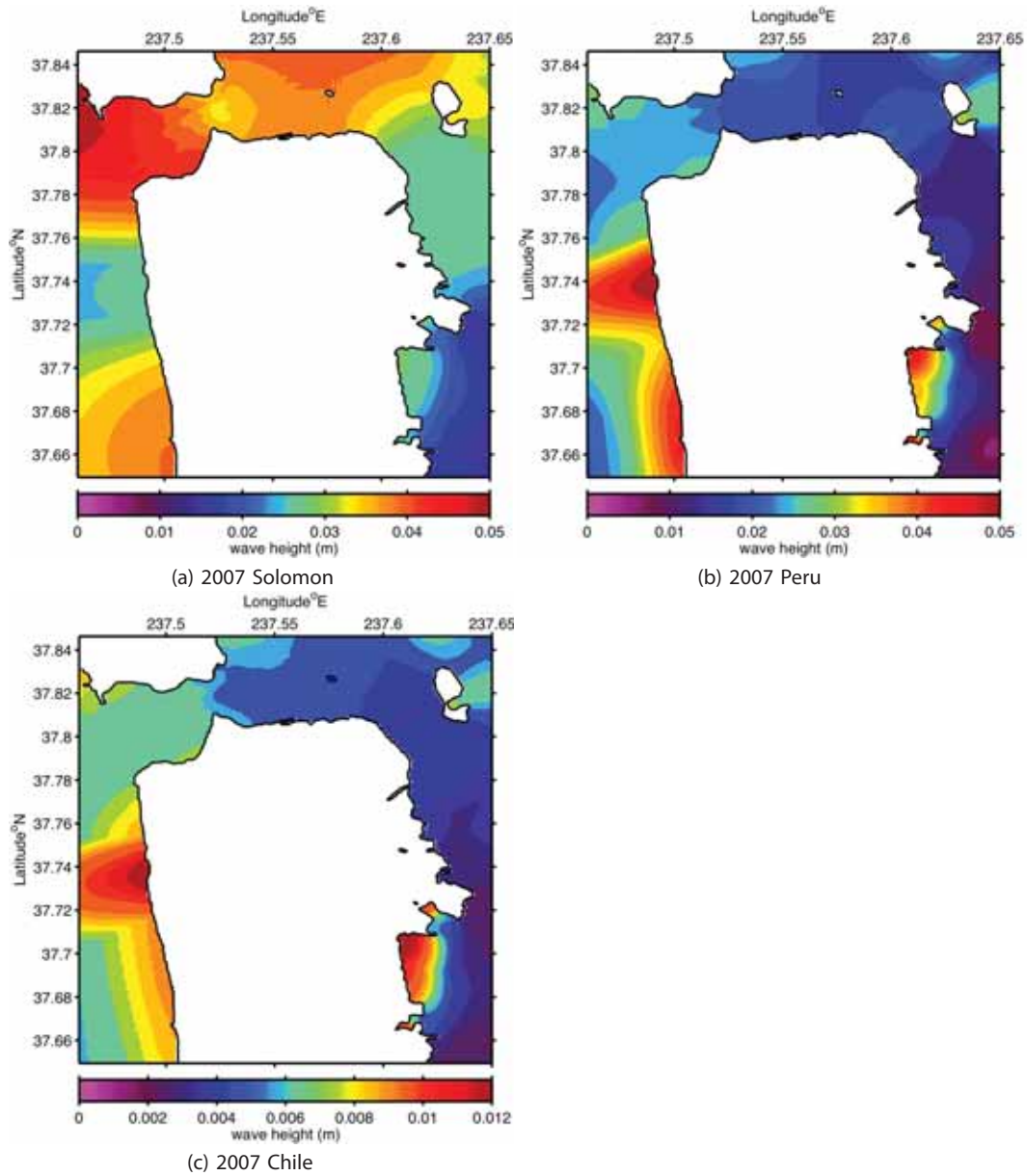


Figure 25: Maximum wave heights computed with forecast model grids from (a) 2007 Solomon tsunami, (b) 2007 Peru tsunami and (c) 2007 Chile tsunami.

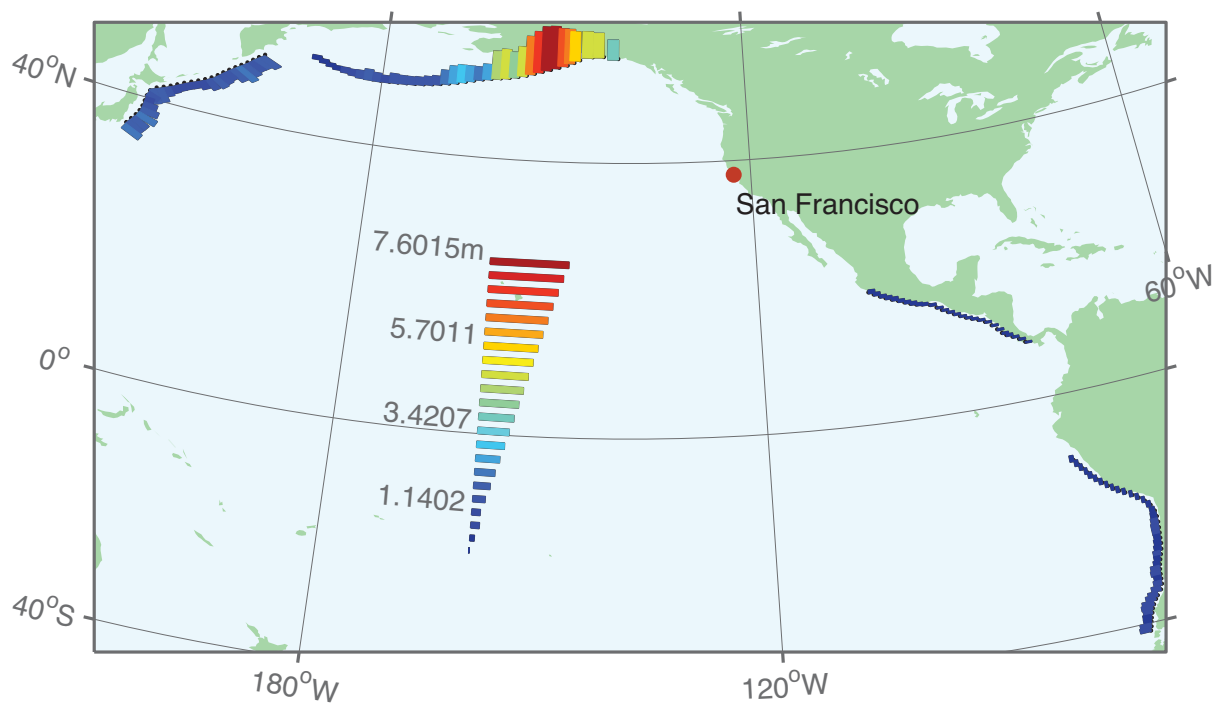


Figure 26: The predicted tsunami wave height response at Presidio tide gauge from Mw 9.3 events modeled from a 1000 km × 100 km source area with 30-m rupture.

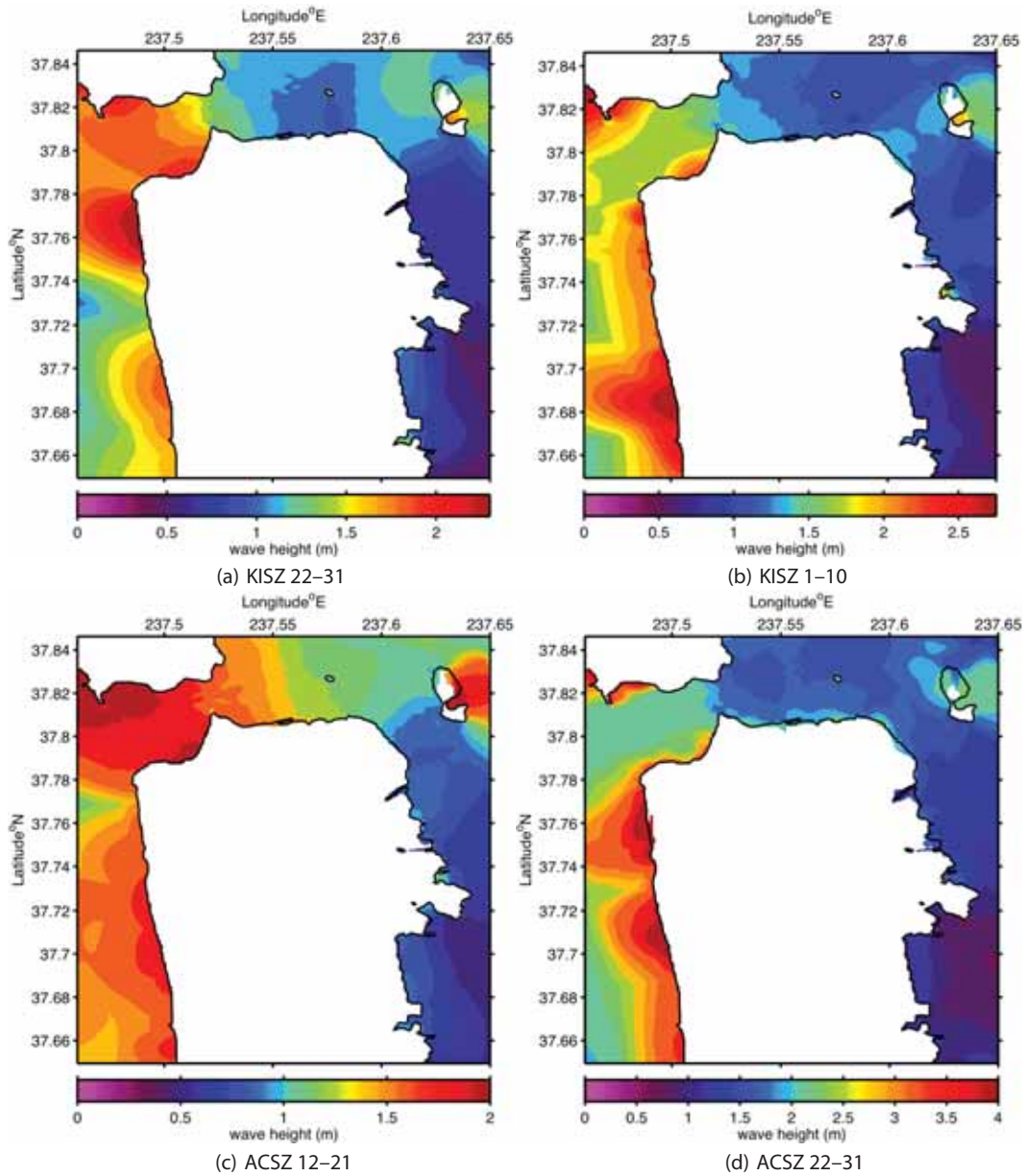


Figure 27: Maximum wave heights computed with forecast model grids from synthetic scenarios 1-4.

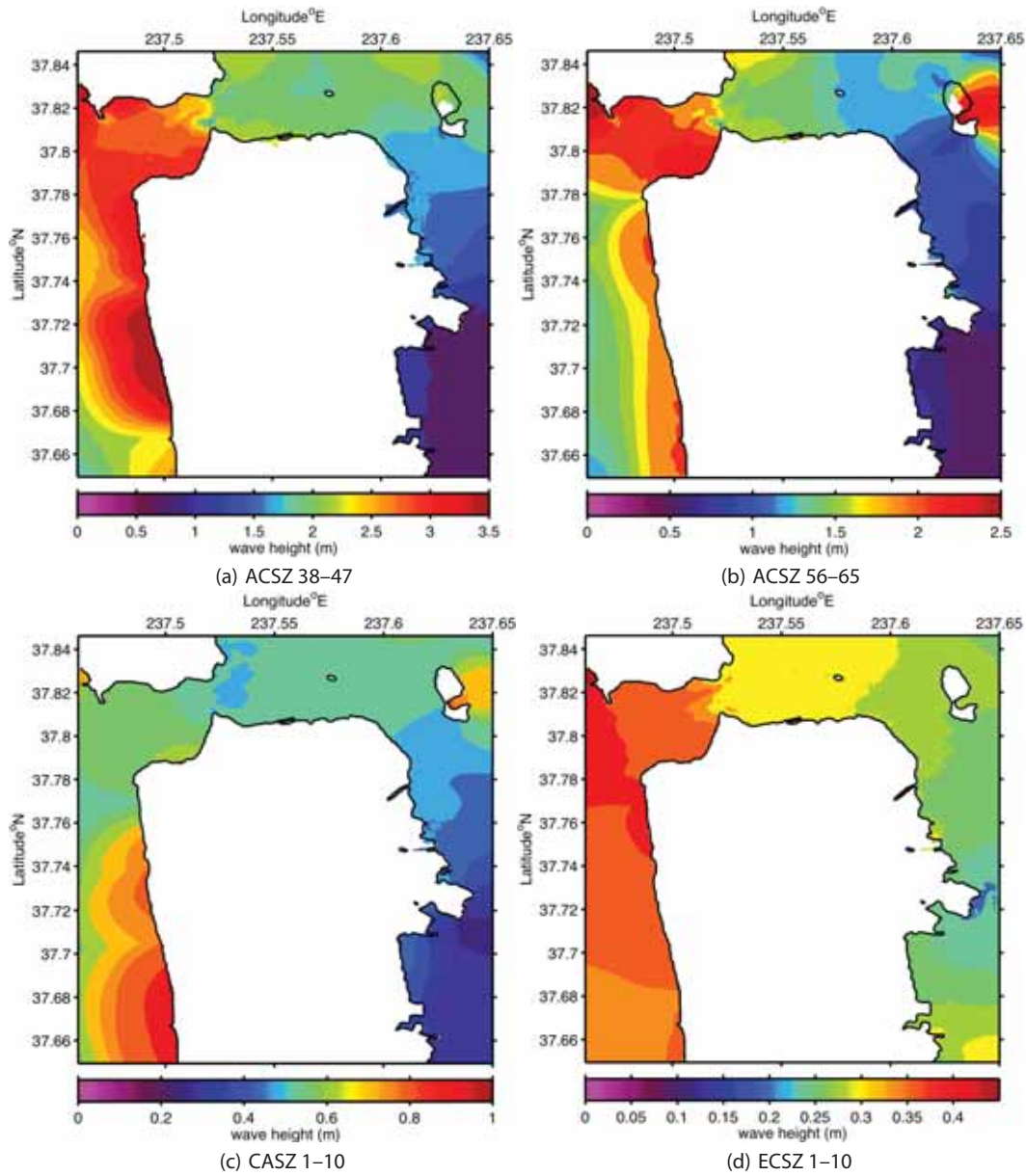


Figure 28: Maximum wave heights computed with forecast model grids from synthetic scenarios 5–8.

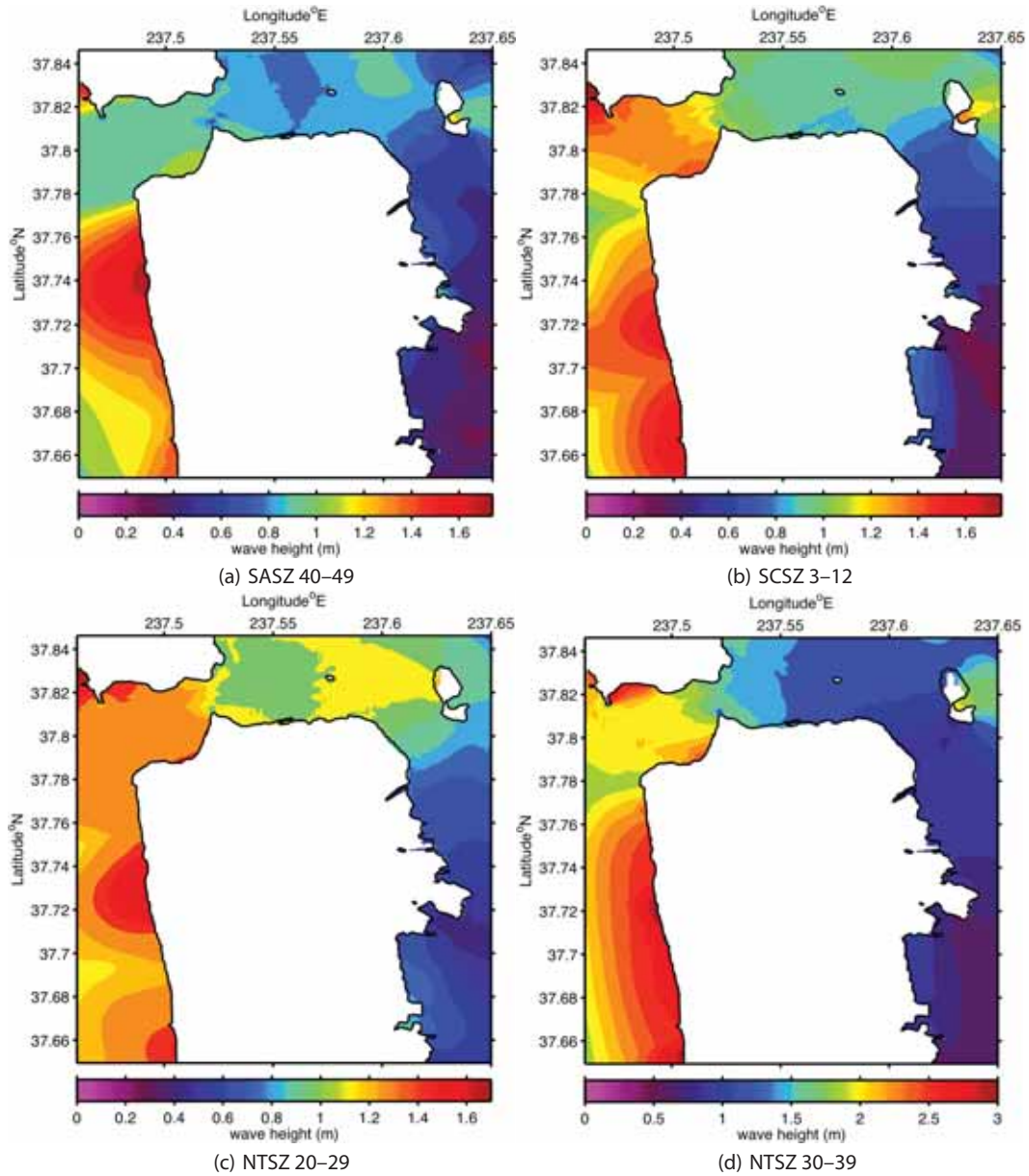


Figure 29: Maximum wave heights computed with forecast model grids from synthetic scenarios 9–12.

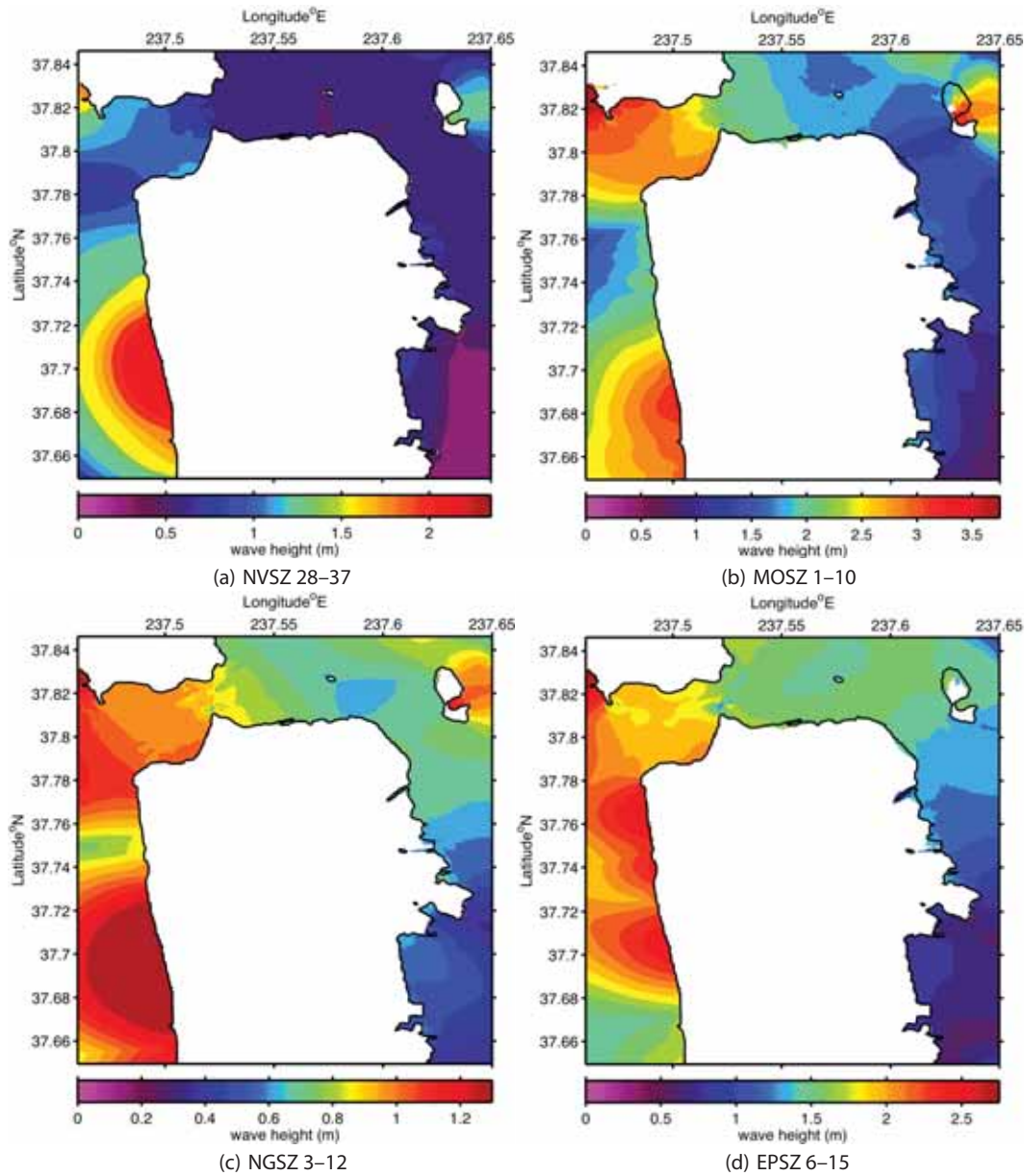


Figure 30: Maximum wave heights computed with forecast model grids from synthetic scenarios 13–16.

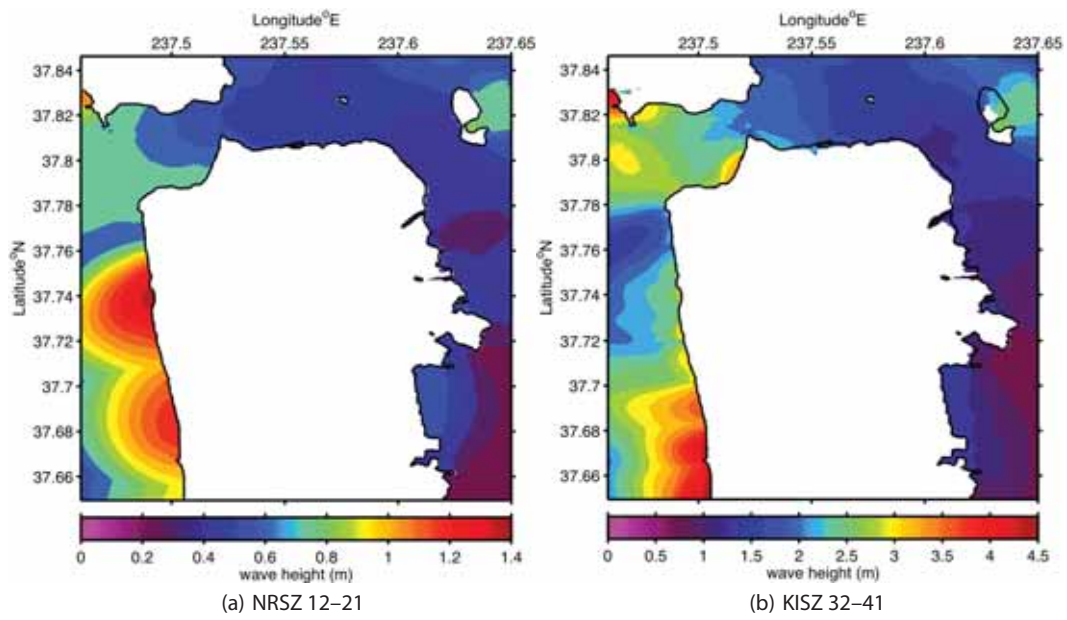


Figure 31: Maximum wave heights computed with forecast model grids from synthetic scenarios 17–18.

Appendix A.

A1. Reference model *.in file for San Francisco, California

```
0.0001  Minimum amplitude of input offshore wave (m):
5       Input minimum depth for offshore (m)
0.1     Input "dry land" depth for inundation (m)
0.0009  Input friction coefficient (n**2)
1       let a and b run up
100.0   max eta before blow up (m)
0.7     Input time step (sec)
61715   Input amount of steps
5       Compute "A" arrays every n-th time step, n=
5       Compute "B" arrays every n-th time step, n=
150     Input number of steps between snapshots
0       ...Starting from
1       ...Saving grid every n-th node, n=
```

A2. Forecast model *.in file for San Francisco, California

```
0.001   Minimum amplitude of input offshore wave (m):
5       Input minimum depth for offshore (m)
0.1     Input "dry land" depth for inundation (m)
0.0009  Input friction coefficient (n**2)
1       let a and b run up
300.0   max eta before blow up (m)
1.8     Input time step (sec)
16000   Input amount of steps (8hrs)
2       Compute "A" arrays every n-th time step, n=
2       Compute "B" arrays every n-th time step, n=
40      Input number of steps between snapshots
0       ...Starting from
1       ...Saving grid every n-th node, n=
```


Appendix B. Propagation Database: Pacific Ocean Unit Sources

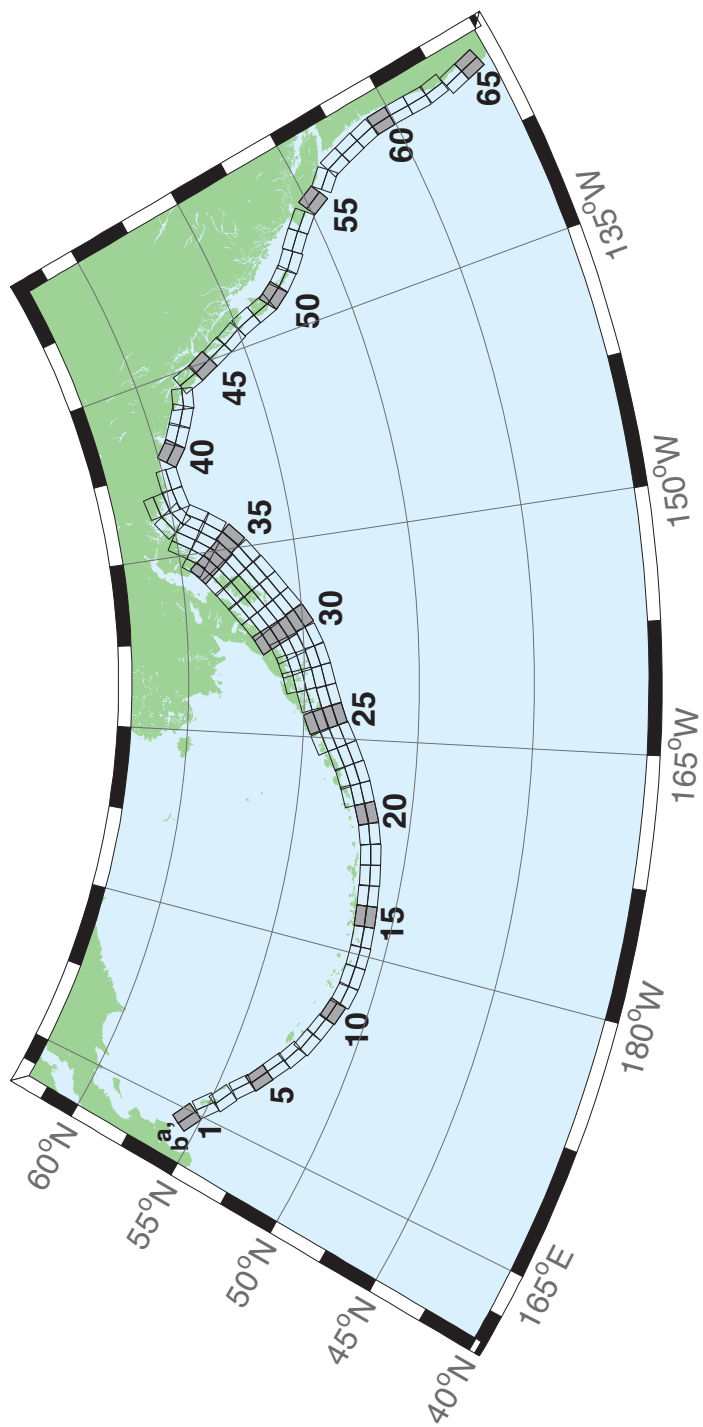


Figure B1: Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia Subduction Zone unit sources.

Table B1: Earthquake parameters for Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia Subduction Zone unit sources.

| Segment | Description | Longitude (°E) | Latitude (°N) | Strike (°) | Dip (°) | Depth (km) |
|----------|--------------------------|----------------|---------------|------------|---------|------------|
| acsz-1a | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 164.7994 | 55.9606 | 299 | 17 | 19.61 |
| acsz-1b | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 164.4310 | 55.5849 | 299 | 17 | 5 |
| acsz-2a | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 166.3418 | 55.4016 | 310.2 | 17 | 19.61 |
| acsz-2b | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 165.8578 | 55.0734 | 310.2 | 17 | 5 |
| acsz-3a | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 167.2939 | 54.8919 | 300.2 | 23.36 | 24.82 |
| acsz-3b | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 166.9362 | 54.5356 | 300.2 | 23.36 | 5 |
| acsz-4a | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 168.7131 | 54.2852 | 310.2 | 38.51 | 25.33 |
| acsz-4b | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 168.3269 | 54.0168 | 310.2 | 24 | 5 |
| acsz-5a | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 169.7447 | 53.7808 | 302.8 | 37.02 | 23.54 |
| acsz-5b | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 169.4185 | 53.4793 | 302.8 | 21.77 | 5 |
| acsz-6a | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 171.0144 | 53.3054 | 303.2 | 35.31 | 22.92 |
| acsz-6b | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 170.6813 | 52.9986 | 303.2 | 21 | 5 |
| acsz-7a | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 172.1500 | 52.8528 | 298.2 | 35.56 | 20.16 |
| acsz-7b | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 171.8665 | 52.5307 | 298.2 | 17.65 | 5 |
| acsz-8a | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 173.2726 | 52.4579 | 290.8 | 37.92 | 20.35 |
| acsz-8b | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 173.0681 | 52.1266 | 290.8 | 17.88 | 5 |
| acsz-9a | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 174.5866 | 52.1434 | 289 | 39.09 | 21.05 |
| acsz-9b | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 174.4027 | 51.8138 | 289 | 18.73 | 5 |
| acsz-10a | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 175.8784 | 51.8526 | 286.1 | 40.51 | 20.87 |
| acsz-10b | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 175.7265 | 51.5245 | 286.1 | 18.51 | 5 |
| acsz-11a | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 177.1140 | 51.6488 | 280 | 15 | 17.94 |
| acsz-11b | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 176.9937 | 51.2215 | 280 | 15 | 5 |
| acsz-12a | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 178.4500 | 51.5690 | 273 | 15 | 17.94 |
| acsz-12b | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 178.4130 | 51.1200 | 273 | 15 | 5 |
| acsz-13a | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 179.8550 | 51.5340 | 271 | 15 | 17.94 |
| acsz-13b | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 179.8420 | 51.0850 | 271 | 15 | 5 |
| acsz-14a | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 181.2340 | 51.5780 | 267 | 15 | 17.94 |
| acsz-14b | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 181.2720 | 51.1290 | 267 | 15 | 5 |
| acsz-15a | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 182.6380 | 51.6470 | 265 | 15 | 17.94 |
| acsz-15b | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 182.7000 | 51.2000 | 265 | 15 | 5 |
| acsz-16a | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 184.0550 | 51.7250 | 264 | 15 | 17.94 |
| acsz-16b | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 184.1280 | 51.2780 | 264 | 15 | 5 |
| acsz-17a | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 185.4560 | 51.8170 | 262 | 15 | 17.94 |
| acsz-17b | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 185.5560 | 51.3720 | 262 | 15 | 5 |
| acsz-18a | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 186.8680 | 51.9410 | 261 | 15 | 17.94 |
| acsz-18b | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 186.9810 | 51.4970 | 261 | 15 | 5 |
| acsz-19a | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 188.2430 | 52.1280 | 257 | 15 | 17.94 |
| acsz-19b | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 188.4060 | 51.6900 | 257 | 15 | 5 |
| acsz-20a | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 189.5810 | 52.3550 | 251 | 15 | 17.94 |
| acsz-20b | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 189.8180 | 51.9300 | 251 | 15 | 5 |
| acsz-21a | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 190.9570 | 52.6470 | 251 | 15 | 17.94 |
| acsz-21b | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 191.1960 | 52.2220 | 251 | 15 | 5 |
| acsz-21z | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 190.7399 | 53.0443 | 250.8 | 15 | 30.88 |
| acsz-22a | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 192.2940 | 52.9430 | 247 | 15 | 17.94 |
| acsz-22b | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 192.5820 | 52.5300 | 247 | 15 | 5 |
| acsz-22z | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 192.0074 | 53.3347 | 247.8 | 15 | 30.88 |
| acsz-23a | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 193.6270 | 53.3070 | 245 | 15 | 17.94 |
| acsz-23b | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 193.9410 | 52.9000 | 245 | 15 | 5 |
| acsz-23z | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 193.2991 | 53.6768 | 244.6 | 15 | 30.88 |
| acsz-24a | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 194.9740 | 53.6870 | 245 | 15 | 17.94 |
| acsz-24b | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 195.2910 | 53.2800 | 245 | 15 | 5 |
| acsz-24y | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 194.3645 | 54.4604 | 244.4 | 15 | 43.82 |
| acsz-24z | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 194.6793 | 54.0674 | 244.6 | 15 | 30.88 |
| acsz-25a | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 196.4340 | 54.0760 | 250 | 15 | 17.94 |
| acsz-25b | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 196.6930 | 53.6543 | 250 | 15 | 5 |

(continued on next page)

Table B1: (continued)

| Segment | Description | Longitude (°E) | Latitude (°N) | Strike (°) | Dip (°) | Depth (km) |
|----------|--------------------------|----------------|---------------|------------|---------|------------|
| acsz-25y | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 195.9009 | 54.8572 | 247.9 | 15 | 43.82 |
| acsz-25z | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 196.1761 | 54.4536 | 248.1 | 15 | 30.88 |
| acsz-26a | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 197.8970 | 54.3600 | 253 | 15 | 17.94 |
| acsz-26b | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 198.1200 | 53.9300 | 253 | 15 | 5 |
| acsz-26y | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 197.5498 | 55.1934 | 253.1 | 15 | 43.82 |
| acsz-26z | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 197.7620 | 54.7770 | 253.3 | 15 | 30.88 |
| acsz-27a | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 199.4340 | 54.5960 | 256 | 15 | 17.94 |
| acsz-27b | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 199.6200 | 54.1600 | 256 | 15 | 5 |
| acsz-27x | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 198.9736 | 55.8631 | 256.5 | 15 | 56.24 |
| acsz-27y | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 199.1454 | 55.4401 | 256.6 | 15 | 43.82 |
| acsz-27z | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 199.3135 | 55.0170 | 256.8 | 15 | 30.88 |
| acsz-28a | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 200.8820 | 54.8300 | 253 | 15 | 17.94 |
| acsz-28b | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 201.1080 | 54.4000 | 253 | 15 | 5 |
| acsz-28x | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 200.1929 | 56.0559 | 252.5 | 15 | 56.24 |
| acsz-28y | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 200.4167 | 55.6406 | 252.7 | 15 | 43.82 |
| acsz-28z | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 200.6360 | 55.2249 | 252.9 | 15 | 30.88 |
| acsz-29a | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 202.2610 | 55.1330 | 247 | 15 | 17.94 |
| acsz-29b | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 202.5650 | 54.7200 | 247 | 15 | 5 |
| acsz-29x | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 201.2606 | 56.2861 | 245.7 | 15 | 56.24 |
| acsz-29y | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 201.5733 | 55.8888 | 246 | 15 | 43.82 |
| acsz-29z | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 201.8797 | 55.4908 | 246.2 | 15 | 30.88 |
| acsz-30a | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 203.6040 | 55.5090 | 240 | 15 | 17.94 |
| acsz-30b | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 203.9970 | 55.1200 | 240 | 15 | 5 |
| acsz-30w | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 201.9901 | 56.9855 | 239.5 | 15 | 69.12 |
| acsz-30x | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 202.3851 | 56.6094 | 239.8 | 15 | 56.24 |
| acsz-30y | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 202.7724 | 56.2320 | 240.2 | 15 | 43.82 |
| acsz-30z | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 203.1521 | 55.8534 | 240.5 | 15 | 30.88 |
| acsz-31a | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 204.8950 | 55.9700 | 236 | 15 | 17.94 |
| acsz-31b | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 205.3400 | 55.5980 | 236 | 15 | 5 |
| acsz-31w | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 203.0825 | 57.3740 | 234.5 | 15 | 69.12 |
| acsz-31x | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 203.5408 | 57.0182 | 234.9 | 15 | 56.24 |
| acsz-31y | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 203.9904 | 56.6607 | 235.3 | 15 | 43.82 |
| acsz-31z | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 204.4315 | 56.3016 | 235.7 | 15 | 30.88 |
| acsz-32a | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 206.2080 | 56.4730 | 236 | 15 | 17.94 |
| acsz-32b | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 206.6580 | 56.1000 | 236 | 15 | 5 |
| acsz-32w | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 204.4129 | 57.8908 | 234.3 | 15 | 69.12 |
| acsz-32x | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 204.8802 | 57.5358 | 234.7 | 15 | 56.24 |
| acsz-32y | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 205.3385 | 57.1792 | 235.1 | 15 | 43.82 |
| acsz-32z | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 205.7880 | 56.8210 | 235.5 | 15 | 30.88 |
| acsz-33a | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 207.5370 | 56.9750 | 236 | 15 | 17.94 |
| acsz-33b | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 207.9930 | 56.6030 | 236 | 15 | 5 |
| acsz-33w | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 205.7126 | 58.3917 | 234.2 | 15 | 69.12 |
| acsz-33x | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 206.1873 | 58.0371 | 234.6 | 15 | 56.24 |
| acsz-33y | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 206.6527 | 57.6808 | 235 | 15 | 43.82 |
| acsz-33z | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 207.1091 | 57.3227 | 235.4 | 15 | 30.88 |
| acsz-34a | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 208.9371 | 57.5124 | 236 | 15 | 17.94 |
| acsz-34b | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 209.4000 | 57.1400 | 236 | 15 | 5 |
| acsz-34w | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 206.9772 | 58.8804 | 233.5 | 15 | 69.12 |
| acsz-34x | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 207.4677 | 58.5291 | 233.9 | 15 | 56.24 |
| acsz-34y | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 207.9485 | 58.1760 | 234.3 | 15 | 43.82 |
| acsz-34z | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 208.4198 | 57.8213 | 234.7 | 15 | 30.88 |
| acsz-35a | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 210.2597 | 58.0441 | 230 | 15 | 17.94 |
| acsz-35b | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 210.8000 | 57.7000 | 230 | 15 | 5 |
| acsz-35w | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 208.0204 | 59.3199 | 228.8 | 15 | 69.12 |
| acsz-35x | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 208.5715 | 58.9906 | 229.3 | 15 | 56.24 |

(continued on next page)

Table B1: (continued)

| Segment | Description | Longitude (°E) | Latitude (°N) | Strike (°) | Dip (°) | Depth (km) |
|----------|--------------------------|----------------|---------------|------------|---------|------------|
| acsz-35y | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 209.1122 | 58.6590 | 229.7 | 15 | 43.82 |
| acsz-35z | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 209.6425 | 58.3252 | 230.2 | 15 | 30.88 |
| acsz-36a | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 211.3249 | 58.6565 | 218 | 15 | 17.94 |
| acsz-36b | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 212.0000 | 58.3800 | 218 | 15 | 5 |
| acsz-36w | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 208.5003 | 59.5894 | 215.6 | 15 | 69.12 |
| acsz-36x | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 209.1909 | 59.3342 | 216.2 | 15 | 56.24 |
| acsz-36y | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 209.8711 | 59.0753 | 216.8 | 15 | 43.82 |
| acsz-36z | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 210.5412 | 58.8129 | 217.3 | 15 | 30.88 |
| acsz-37a | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 212.2505 | 59.2720 | 213.7 | 15 | 17.94 |
| acsz-37b | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 212.9519 | 59.0312 | 213.7 | 15 | 5 |
| acsz-37x | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 210.1726 | 60.0644 | 213 | 15 | 56.24 |
| acsz-37y | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 210.8955 | 59.8251 | 213.7 | 15 | 43.82 |
| acsz-37z | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 211.6079 | 59.5820 | 214.3 | 15 | 30.88 |
| acsz-38a | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 214.6555 | 60.1351 | 260.1 | 0 | 15 |
| acsz-38b | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 214.8088 | 59.6927 | 260.1 | 0 | 15 |
| acsz-38y | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 214.3737 | 60.9838 | 259 | 0 | 15 |
| acsz-38z | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 214.5362 | 60.5429 | 259 | 0 | 15 |
| acsz-39a | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 216.5607 | 60.2480 | 267 | 0 | 15 |
| acsz-39b | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 216.6068 | 59.7994 | 267 | 0 | 15 |
| acsz-40a | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 219.3069 | 59.7574 | 310.9 | 0 | 15 |
| acsz-40b | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 218.7288 | 59.4180 | 310.9 | 0 | 15 |
| acsz-41a | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 220.4832 | 59.3390 | 300.7 | 0 | 15 |
| acsz-41b | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 220.0382 | 58.9529 | 300.7 | 0 | 15 |
| acsz-42a | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 221.8835 | 58.9310 | 298.9 | 0 | 15 |
| acsz-42b | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 221.4671 | 58.5379 | 298.9 | 0 | 15 |
| acsz-43a | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 222.9711 | 58.6934 | 282.3 | 0 | 15 |
| acsz-43b | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 222.7887 | 58.2546 | 282.3 | 0 | 15 |
| acsz-44a | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 224.9379 | 57.9054 | 340.9 | 12 | 11.09 |
| acsz-44b | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 224.1596 | 57.7617 | 340.9 | 7 | 5 |
| acsz-45a | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 225.4994 | 57.1634 | 334.1 | 12 | 11.09 |
| acsz-45b | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 224.7740 | 56.9718 | 334.1 | 7 | 5 |
| acsz-46a | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 226.1459 | 56.3552 | 334.1 | 12 | 11.09 |
| acsz-46b | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 225.4358 | 56.1636 | 334.1 | 7 | 5 |
| acsz-47a | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 226.7731 | 55.5830 | 332.3 | 12 | 11.09 |
| acsz-47b | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 226.0887 | 55.3785 | 332.3 | 7 | 5 |
| acsz-48a | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 227.4799 | 54.6763 | 339.4 | 12 | 11.09 |
| acsz-48b | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 226.7713 | 54.5217 | 339.4 | 7 | 5 |
| acsz-49a | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 227.9482 | 53.8155 | 341.2 | 12 | 11.09 |
| acsz-49b | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 227.2462 | 53.6737 | 341.2 | 7 | 5 |
| acsz-50a | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 228.3970 | 53.2509 | 324.5 | 12 | 11.09 |
| acsz-50b | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 227.8027 | 52.9958 | 324.5 | 7 | 5 |
| acsz-51a | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 229.1844 | 52.6297 | 318.4 | 12 | 11.09 |
| acsz-51b | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 228.6470 | 52.3378 | 318.4 | 7 | 5 |
| acsz-52a | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 230.0306 | 52.0768 | 310.9 | 12 | 11.09 |
| acsz-52b | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 229.5665 | 51.7445 | 310.9 | 7 | 5 |
| acsz-53a | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 231.1735 | 51.5258 | 310.9 | 12 | 11.09 |
| acsz-53b | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 230.7150 | 51.1935 | 310.9 | 7 | 5 |
| acsz-54a | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 232.2453 | 50.8809 | 314.1 | 12 | 11.09 |
| acsz-54b | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 231.7639 | 50.5655 | 314.1 | 7 | 5 |
| acsz-55a | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 233.3066 | 49.9032 | 333.7 | 12 | 11.09 |
| acsz-55b | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 232.6975 | 49.7086 | 333.7 | 7 | 5 |
| acsz-56a | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 234.0588 | 49.1702 | 315 | 11 | 12.82 |
| acsz-56b | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 233.5849 | 48.8584 | 315 | 9 | 5 |
| acsz-57a | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 234.9041 | 48.2596 | 341 | 11 | 12.82 |
| acsz-57b | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 234.2797 | 48.1161 | 341 | 9 | 5 |

(continued on next page)

Table B1: (continued)

| Segment | Description | Longitude (°E) | Latitude (°N) | Strike (°) | Dip (°) | Depth (km) |
|----------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| acsz-58a | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 235.3021 | 47.3812 | 344 | 11 | 12.82 |
| acsz-58b | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 234.6776 | 47.2597 | 344 | 9 | 5 |
| acsz-59a | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 235.6432 | 46.5082 | 345 | 11 | 12.82 |
| acsz-59b | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 235.0257 | 46.3941 | 345 | 9 | 5 |
| acsz-60a | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 235.8640 | 45.5429 | 356 | 11 | 12.82 |
| acsz-60b | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 235.2363 | 45.5121 | 356 | 9 | 5 |
| acsz-61a | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 235.9106 | 44.6227 | 359 | 11 | 12.82 |
| acsz-61b | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 235.2913 | 44.6150 | 359 | 9 | 5 |
| acsz-62a | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 235.9229 | 43.7245 | 359 | 11 | 12.82 |
| acsz-62b | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 235.3130 | 43.7168 | 359 | 9 | 5 |
| acsz-63a | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 236.0220 | 42.9020 | 350 | 11 | 12.82 |
| acsz-63b | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 235.4300 | 42.8254 | 350 | 9 | 5 |
| acsz-64a | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 235.9638 | 41.9818 | 345 | 11 | 12.82 |
| acsz-64b | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 235.3919 | 41.8677 | 345 | 9 | 5 |
| acsz-65a | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 236.2643 | 41.1141 | 345 | 11 | 12.82 |
| acsz-65b | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 235.7000 | 41.0000 | 345 | 9 | 5 |
| acsz-238a | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 213.2878 | 59.8406 | 236.8 | 15 | 17.94 |
| acsz-238y | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 212.3424 | 60.5664 | 236.8 | 15 | 43.82 |
| acsz-238z | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia | 212.8119 | 60.2035 | 236.8 | 15 | 30.88 |

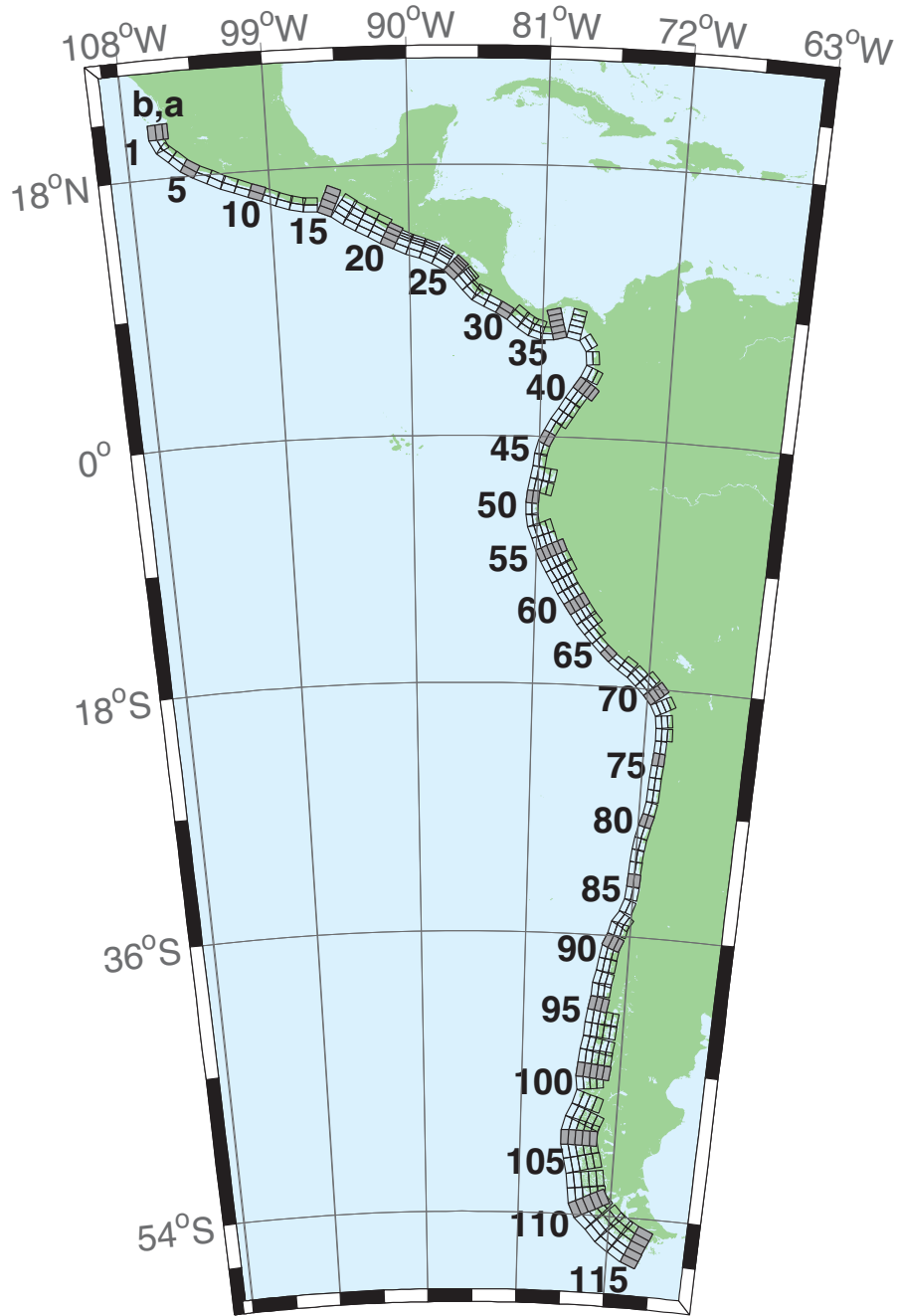


Figure B2: Central and South America Subduction Zone unit sources.

Table B2: Earthquake parameters for Central and South America Subduction Zone unit sources.

| Segment | Description | Longitude (°E) | Latitude (°N) | Strike (°) | Dip (°) | Depth (km) |
|----------|---------------------------|----------------|---------------|------------|---------|------------|
| cssz-1a | Central and South America | 254.4573 | 20.8170 | 359 | 19 | 15.4 |
| cssz-1b | Central and South America | 254.0035 | 20.8094 | 359 | 12 | 5 |
| cssz-1z | Central and South America | 254.7664 | 20.8222 | 359 | 50 | 31.67 |
| cssz-2a | Central and South America | 254.5765 | 20.2806 | 336.8 | 19 | 15.4 |
| cssz-2b | Central and South America | 254.1607 | 20.1130 | 336.8 | 12 | 5 |
| cssz-3a | Central and South America | 254.8789 | 19.8923 | 310.6 | 18.31 | 15.27 |
| cssz-3b | Central and South America | 254.5841 | 19.5685 | 310.6 | 11.85 | 5 |
| cssz-4a | Central and South America | 255.6167 | 19.2649 | 313.4 | 17.62 | 15.12 |
| cssz-4b | Central and South America | 255.3056 | 18.9537 | 313.4 | 11.68 | 5 |
| cssz-5a | Central and South America | 256.2240 | 18.8148 | 302.7 | 16.92 | 15 |
| cssz-5b | Central and South America | 255.9790 | 18.4532 | 302.7 | 11.54 | 5 |
| cssz-6a | Central and South America | 256.9425 | 18.4383 | 295.1 | 16.23 | 14.87 |
| cssz-6b | Central and South America | 256.7495 | 18.0479 | 295.1 | 11.38 | 5 |
| cssz-7a | Central and South America | 257.8137 | 18.0339 | 296.9 | 15.54 | 14.74 |
| cssz-7b | Central and South America | 257.6079 | 17.6480 | 296.9 | 11.23 | 5 |
| cssz-8a | Central and South America | 258.5779 | 17.7151 | 290.4 | 14.85 | 14.61 |
| cssz-8b | Central and South America | 258.4191 | 17.3082 | 290.4 | 11.08 | 5 |
| cssz-9a | Central and South America | 259.4578 | 17.4024 | 290.5 | 14.15 | 14.47 |
| cssz-9b | Central and South America | 259.2983 | 16.9944 | 290.5 | 10.92 | 5 |
| cssz-10a | Central and South America | 260.3385 | 17.0861 | 290.8 | 13.46 | 14.34 |
| cssz-10b | Central and South America | 260.1768 | 16.6776 | 290.8 | 10.77 | 5 |
| cssz-11a | Central and South America | 261.2255 | 16.7554 | 291.8 | 12.77 | 14.21 |
| cssz-11b | Central and South America | 261.0556 | 16.3487 | 291.8 | 10.62 | 5 |
| cssz-12a | Central and South America | 262.0561 | 16.4603 | 288.9 | 12.08 | 14.08 |
| cssz-12b | Central and South America | 261.9082 | 16.0447 | 288.9 | 10.46 | 5 |
| cssz-13a | Central and South America | 262.8638 | 16.2381 | 283.2 | 11.38 | 13.95 |
| cssz-13b | Central and South America | 262.7593 | 15.8094 | 283.2 | 10.31 | 5 |
| cssz-14a | Central and South America | 263.6066 | 16.1435 | 272.1 | 10.69 | 13.81 |
| cssz-14b | Central and South America | 263.5901 | 15.7024 | 272.1 | 10.15 | 5 |
| cssz-15a | Central and South America | 264.8259 | 15.8829 | 293 | 10 | 13.68 |
| cssz-15b | Central and South America | 264.6462 | 15.4758 | 293 | 10 | 5 |
| cssz-15y | Central and South America | 265.1865 | 16.6971 | 293 | 10 | 31.05 |
| cssz-15z | Central and South America | 265.0060 | 16.2900 | 293 | 10 | 22.36 |
| cssz-16a | Central and South America | 265.7928 | 15.3507 | 304.9 | 15 | 15.82 |
| cssz-16b | Central and South America | 265.5353 | 14.9951 | 304.9 | 12.5 | 5 |
| cssz-16y | Central and South America | 266.3092 | 16.0619 | 304.9 | 15 | 41.7 |
| cssz-16z | Central and South America | 266.0508 | 15.7063 | 304.9 | 15 | 28.76 |
| cssz-17a | Central and South America | 266.4947 | 14.9019 | 299.5 | 20 | 17.94 |
| cssz-17b | Central and South America | 266.2797 | 14.5346 | 299.5 | 15 | 5 |
| cssz-17y | Central and South America | 266.9259 | 15.6365 | 299.5 | 20 | 52.14 |
| cssz-17z | Central and South America | 266.7101 | 15.2692 | 299.5 | 20 | 35.04 |
| cssz-18a | Central and South America | 267.2827 | 14.4768 | 298 | 21.5 | 17.94 |
| cssz-18b | Central and South America | 267.0802 | 14.1078 | 298 | 15 | 5 |
| cssz-18y | Central and South America | 267.6888 | 15.2148 | 298 | 21.5 | 54.59 |
| cssz-18z | Central and South America | 267.4856 | 14.8458 | 298 | 21.5 | 36.27 |
| cssz-19a | Central and South America | 268.0919 | 14.0560 | 297.6 | 23 | 17.94 |
| cssz-19b | Central and South America | 267.8943 | 13.6897 | 297.6 | 15 | 5 |
| cssz-19y | Central and South America | 268.4880 | 14.7886 | 297.6 | 23 | 57.01 |
| cssz-19z | Central and South America | 268.2898 | 14.4223 | 297.6 | 23 | 37.48 |
| cssz-20a | Central and South America | 268.8929 | 13.6558 | 296.2 | 24 | 17.94 |
| cssz-20b | Central and South America | 268.7064 | 13.2877 | 296.2 | 15 | 5 |
| cssz-20y | Central and South America | 269.1796 | 14.2206 | 296.2 | 45.5 | 73.94 |
| cssz-20z | Central and South America | 269.0362 | 13.9382 | 296.2 | 45.5 | 38.28 |
| cssz-21a | Central and South America | 269.6797 | 13.3031 | 292.6 | 25 | 17.94 |
| cssz-21b | Central and South America | 269.5187 | 12.9274 | 292.6 | 15 | 5 |

(continued on next page)

Table B2: (continued)

| Segment | Description | Longitude (°E) | Latitude (°N) | Strike (°) | Dip (°) | Depth (km) |
|----------|---------------------------|----------------|---------------|------------|---------|------------|
| cssz-21x | Central and South America | 269.8797 | 13.7690 | 292.6 | 68 | 131.8 |
| cssz-21y | Central and South America | 269.8130 | 13.6137 | 292.6 | 68 | 85.43 |
| cssz-21z | Central and South America | 269.7463 | 13.4584 | 292.6 | 68 | 39.07 |
| cssz-22a | Central and South America | 270.4823 | 13.0079 | 288.6 | 25 | 17.94 |
| cssz-22b | Central and South America | 270.3492 | 12.6221 | 288.6 | 15 | 5 |
| cssz-22x | Central and South America | 270.6476 | 13.4864 | 288.6 | 68 | 131.8 |
| cssz-22y | Central and South America | 270.5925 | 13.3269 | 288.6 | 68 | 85.43 |
| cssz-22z | Central and South America | 270.5374 | 13.1674 | 288.6 | 68 | 39.07 |
| cssz-23a | Central and South America | 271.3961 | 12.6734 | 292.4 | 25 | 17.94 |
| cssz-23b | Central and South America | 271.2369 | 12.2972 | 292.4 | 15 | 5 |
| cssz-23x | Central and South America | 271.5938 | 13.1399 | 292.4 | 68 | 131.8 |
| cssz-23y | Central and South America | 271.5279 | 12.9844 | 292.4 | 68 | 85.43 |
| cssz-23z | Central and South America | 271.4620 | 12.8289 | 292.4 | 68 | 39.07 |
| cssz-24a | Central and South America | 272.3203 | 12.2251 | 300.2 | 25 | 17.94 |
| cssz-24b | Central and South America | 272.1107 | 11.8734 | 300.2 | 15 | 5 |
| cssz-24x | Central and South America | 272.5917 | 12.6799 | 300.2 | 67 | 131.1 |
| cssz-24y | Central and South America | 272.5012 | 12.5283 | 300.2 | 67 | 85.1 |
| cssz-24z | Central and South America | 272.4107 | 12.3767 | 300.2 | 67 | 39.07 |
| cssz-25a | Central and South America | 273.2075 | 11.5684 | 313.8 | 25 | 17.94 |
| cssz-25b | Central and South America | 272.9200 | 11.2746 | 313.8 | 15 | 5 |
| cssz-25x | Central and South America | 273.5950 | 11.9641 | 313.8 | 66 | 130.4 |
| cssz-25y | Central and South America | 273.4658 | 11.8322 | 313.8 | 66 | 84.75 |
| cssz-25z | Central and South America | 273.3366 | 11.7003 | 313.8 | 66 | 39.07 |
| cssz-26a | Central and South America | 273.8943 | 10.8402 | 320.4 | 25 | 17.94 |
| cssz-26b | Central and South America | 273.5750 | 10.5808 | 320.4 | 15 | 5 |
| cssz-26x | Central and South America | 274.3246 | 11.1894 | 320.4 | 66 | 130.4 |
| cssz-26y | Central and South America | 274.1811 | 11.0730 | 320.4 | 66 | 84.75 |
| cssz-26z | Central and South America | 274.0377 | 10.9566 | 320.4 | 66 | 39.07 |
| cssz-27a | Central and South America | 274.4569 | 10.2177 | 316.1 | 25 | 17.94 |
| cssz-27b | Central and South America | 274.1590 | 9.9354 | 316.1 | 15 | 5 |
| cssz-27z | Central and South America | 274.5907 | 10.3444 | 316.1 | 66 | 39.07 |
| cssz-28a | Central and South America | 274.9586 | 9.8695 | 297.1 | 22 | 14.54 |
| cssz-28b | Central and South America | 274.7661 | 9.4988 | 297.1 | 11 | 5 |
| cssz-28z | Central and South America | 275.1118 | 10.1643 | 297.1 | 42.5 | 33.27 |
| cssz-29a | Central and South America | 275.7686 | 9.4789 | 296.6 | 19 | 11.09 |
| cssz-29b | Central and South America | 275.5759 | 9.0992 | 296.6 | 7 | 5 |
| cssz-30a | Central and South America | 276.6346 | 8.9973 | 302.2 | 19 | 9.36 |
| cssz-30b | Central and South America | 276.4053 | 8.6381 | 302.2 | 5 | 5 |
| cssz-31a | Central and South America | 277.4554 | 8.4152 | 309.1 | 19 | 7.62 |
| cssz-31b | Central and South America | 277.1851 | 8.0854 | 309.1 | 3 | 5 |
| cssz-31z | Central and South America | 277.7260 | 8.7450 | 309.1 | 19 | 23.9 |
| cssz-32a | Central and South America | 278.1112 | 7.9425 | 303 | 18.67 | 8.49 |
| cssz-32b | Central and South America | 277.8775 | 7.5855 | 303 | 4 | 5 |
| cssz-32z | Central and South America | 278.3407 | 8.2927 | 303 | 21.67 | 24.49 |
| cssz-33a | Central and South America | 278.7082 | 7.6620 | 287.6 | 18.33 | 10.23 |
| cssz-33b | Central and South America | 278.5785 | 7.2555 | 287.6 | 6 | 5 |
| cssz-33z | Central and South America | 278.8328 | 8.0522 | 287.6 | 24.33 | 25.95 |
| cssz-34a | Central and South America | 279.3184 | 7.5592 | 269.5 | 18 | 17.94 |
| cssz-34b | Central and South America | 279.3223 | 7.1320 | 269.5 | 15 | 5 |
| cssz-35a | Central and South America | 280.0039 | 7.6543 | 255.9 | 17.67 | 14.54 |
| cssz-35b | Central and South America | 280.1090 | 7.2392 | 255.9 | 11 | 5 |
| cssz-35x | Central and South America | 279.7156 | 8.7898 | 255.9 | 29.67 | 79.22 |
| cssz-35y | Central and South America | 279.8118 | 8.4113 | 255.9 | 29.67 | 54.47 |
| cssz-35z | Central and South America | 279.9079 | 8.0328 | 255.9 | 29.67 | 29.72 |
| cssz-36a | Central and South America | 281.2882 | 7.6778 | 282.5 | 17.33 | 11.09 |

(continued on next page)

Table B2: (continued)

| Segment | Description | Longitude (°E) | Latitude (°N) | Strike (°) | Dip (°) | Depth (km) |
|----------|---------------------------|----------------|---------------|------------|---------|------------|
| cssz-36b | Central and South America | 281.1948 | 7.2592 | 282.5 | 7 | 5 |
| cssz-36x | Central and South America | 281.5368 | 8.7896 | 282.5 | 32.33 | 79.47 |
| cssz-36y | Central and South America | 281.4539 | 8.4190 | 282.5 | 32.33 | 52.73 |
| cssz-36z | Central and South America | 281.3710 | 8.0484 | 282.5 | 32.33 | 25.99 |
| cssz-37a | Central and South America | 282.5252 | 6.8289 | 326.9 | 17 | 10.23 |
| cssz-37b | Central and South America | 282.1629 | 6.5944 | 326.9 | 6 | 5 |
| cssz-38a | Central and South America | 282.9469 | 5.5973 | 355.4 | 17 | 10.23 |
| cssz-38b | Central and South America | 282.5167 | 5.5626 | 355.4 | 6 | 5 |
| cssz-39a | Central and South America | 282.7236 | 4.3108 | 24.13 | 17 | 10.23 |
| cssz-39b | Central and South America | 282.3305 | 4.4864 | 24.13 | 6 | 5 |
| cssz-39z | Central and South America | 283.0603 | 4.1604 | 24.13 | 35 | 24.85 |
| cssz-40a | Central and South America | 282.1940 | 3.3863 | 35.28 | 17 | 10.23 |
| cssz-40b | Central and South America | 281.8427 | 3.6344 | 35.28 | 6 | 5 |
| cssz-40y | Central and South America | 282.7956 | 2.9613 | 35.28 | 35 | 53.52 |
| cssz-40z | Central and South America | 282.4948 | 3.1738 | 35.28 | 35 | 24.85 |
| cssz-41a | Central and South America | 281.6890 | 2.6611 | 34.27 | 17 | 10.23 |
| cssz-41b | Central and South America | 281.3336 | 2.9030 | 34.27 | 6 | 5 |
| cssz-41z | Central and South America | 281.9933 | 2.4539 | 34.27 | 35 | 24.85 |
| cssz-42a | Central and South America | 281.2266 | 1.9444 | 31.29 | 17 | 10.23 |
| cssz-42b | Central and South America | 280.8593 | 2.1675 | 31.29 | 6 | 5 |
| cssz-42z | Central and South America | 281.5411 | 1.7533 | 31.29 | 35 | 24.85 |
| cssz-43a | Central and South America | 280.7297 | 1.1593 | 33.3 | 17 | 10.23 |
| cssz-43b | Central and South America | 280.3706 | 1.3951 | 33.3 | 6 | 5 |
| cssz-43z | Central and South America | 281.0373 | 0.9573 | 33.3 | 35 | 24.85 |
| cssz-44a | Central and South America | 280.3018 | 0.4491 | 28.8 | 17 | 10.23 |
| cssz-44b | Central and South America | 279.9254 | 0.6560 | 28.8 | 6 | 5 |
| cssz-45a | Central and South America | 279.9083 | -0.3259 | 26.91 | 10 | 8.49 |
| cssz-45b | Central and South America | 279.5139 | -0.1257 | 26.91 | 4 | 5 |
| cssz-46a | Central and South America | 279.6461 | -0.9975 | 15.76 | 10 | 8.49 |
| cssz-46b | Central and South America | 279.2203 | -0.8774 | 15.76 | 4 | 5 |
| cssz-47a | Central and South America | 279.4972 | -1.7407 | 6.9 | 10 | 8.49 |
| cssz-47b | Central and South America | 279.0579 | -1.6876 | 6.9 | 4 | 5 |
| cssz-48a | Central and South America | 279.3695 | -2.6622 | 8.96 | 10 | 8.49 |
| cssz-48b | Central and South America | 278.9321 | -2.5933 | 8.96 | 4 | 5 |
| cssz-48y | Central and South America | 280.2444 | -2.8000 | 8.96 | 10 | 25.85 |
| cssz-48z | Central and South America | 279.8070 | -2.7311 | 8.96 | 10 | 17.17 |
| cssz-49a | Central and South America | 279.1852 | -3.6070 | 13.15 | 10 | 8.49 |
| cssz-49b | Central and South America | 278.7536 | -3.5064 | 13.15 | 4 | 5 |
| cssz-49y | Central and South America | 280.0486 | -3.8082 | 13.15 | 10 | 25.85 |
| cssz-49z | Central and South America | 279.6169 | -3.7076 | 13.15 | 10 | 17.17 |
| cssz-50a | Central and South America | 279.0652 | -4.3635 | 4.78 | 10.33 | 9.64 |
| cssz-50b | Central and South America | 278.6235 | -4.3267 | 4.78 | 5.33 | 5 |
| cssz-51a | Central and South America | 279.0349 | -5.1773 | 359.4 | 10.67 | 10.81 |
| cssz-51b | Central and South America | 278.5915 | -5.1817 | 359.4 | 6.67 | 5 |
| cssz-52a | Central and South America | 279.1047 | -5.9196 | 349.8 | 11 | 11.96 |
| cssz-52b | Central and South America | 278.6685 | -5.9981 | 349.8 | 8 | 5 |
| cssz-53a | Central and South America | 279.3044 | -6.6242 | 339.2 | 10.25 | 11.74 |
| cssz-53b | Central and South America | 278.8884 | -6.7811 | 339.2 | 7.75 | 5 |
| cssz-53y | Central and South America | 280.1024 | -6.3232 | 339.2 | 19.25 | 37.12 |
| cssz-53z | Central and South America | 279.7035 | -6.4737 | 339.2 | 19.25 | 20.64 |
| cssz-54a | Central and South America | 279.6256 | -7.4907 | 340.8 | 9.5 | 11.53 |
| cssz-54b | Central and South America | 279.2036 | -7.6365 | 340.8 | 7.5 | 5 |
| cssz-54y | Central and South America | 280.4267 | -7.2137 | 340.8 | 20.5 | 37.29 |
| cssz-54z | Central and South America | 280.0262 | -7.3522 | 340.8 | 20.5 | 19.78 |
| cssz-55a | Central and South America | 279.9348 | -8.2452 | 335.4 | 8.75 | 11.74 |

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Table B2: (continued)

| Segment | Description | Longitude (°E) | Latitude (°N) | Strike (°) | Dip (°) | Depth (km) |
|----------|---------------------------|----------------|---------------|------------|---------|------------|
| cssz-55b | Central and South America | 279.5269 | -8.4301 | 335.4 | 7.75 | 5 |
| cssz-55x | Central and South America | 281.0837 | -7.7238 | 335.4 | 21.75 | 56.4 |
| cssz-55y | Central and South America | 280.7009 | -7.8976 | 335.4 | 21.75 | 37.88 |
| cssz-55z | Central and South America | 280.3180 | -8.0714 | 335.4 | 21.75 | 19.35 |
| cssz-56a | Central and South America | 280.3172 | -8.9958 | 331.6 | 8 | 11.09 |
| cssz-56b | Central and South America | 279.9209 | -9.2072 | 331.6 | 7 | 5 |
| cssz-56x | Central and South America | 281.4212 | -8.4063 | 331.6 | 23 | 57.13 |
| cssz-56y | Central and South America | 281.0534 | -8.6028 | 331.6 | 23 | 37.59 |
| cssz-56z | Central and South America | 280.6854 | -8.7993 | 331.6 | 23 | 18.05 |
| cssz-57a | Central and South America | 280.7492 | -9.7356 | 328.7 | 8.6 | 10.75 |
| cssz-57b | Central and South America | 280.3640 | -9.9663 | 328.7 | 6.6 | 5 |
| cssz-57x | Central and South America | 281.8205 | -9.0933 | 328.7 | 23.4 | 57.94 |
| cssz-57y | Central and South America | 281.4636 | -9.3074 | 328.7 | 23.4 | 38.08 |
| cssz-57z | Central and South America | 281.1065 | -9.5215 | 328.7 | 23.4 | 18.22 |
| cssz-58a | Central and South America | 281.2275 | -10.5350 | 330.5 | 9.2 | 10.4 |
| cssz-58b | Central and South America | 280.8348 | -10.7532 | 330.5 | 6.2 | 5 |
| cssz-58y | Central and South America | 281.9548 | -10.1306 | 330.5 | 23.8 | 38.57 |
| cssz-58z | Central and South America | 281.5913 | -10.3328 | 330.5 | 23.8 | 18.39 |
| cssz-59a | Central and South America | 281.6735 | -11.2430 | 326.2 | 9.8 | 10.05 |
| cssz-59b | Central and South America | 281.2982 | -11.4890 | 326.2 | 5.8 | 5 |
| cssz-59y | Central and South America | 282.3675 | -10.7876 | 326.2 | 24.2 | 39.06 |
| cssz-59z | Central and South America | 282.0206 | -11.0153 | 326.2 | 24.2 | 18.56 |
| cssz-60a | Central and South America | 282.1864 | -11.9946 | 326.5 | 10.4 | 9.71 |
| cssz-60b | Central and South America | 281.8096 | -12.2384 | 326.5 | 5.4 | 5 |
| cssz-60y | Central and South America | 282.8821 | -11.5438 | 326.5 | 24.6 | 39.55 |
| cssz-60z | Central and South America | 282.5344 | -11.7692 | 326.5 | 24.6 | 18.73 |
| cssz-61a | Central and South America | 282.6944 | -12.7263 | 325.5 | 11 | 9.36 |
| cssz-61b | Central and South America | 282.3218 | -12.9762 | 325.5 | 5 | 5 |
| cssz-61y | Central and South America | 283.3814 | -12.2649 | 325.5 | 25 | 40.03 |
| cssz-61z | Central and South America | 283.0381 | -12.4956 | 325.5 | 25 | 18.9 |
| cssz-62a | Central and South America | 283.1980 | -13.3556 | 319 | 11 | 9.79 |
| cssz-62b | Central and South America | 282.8560 | -13.6451 | 319 | 5.5 | 5 |
| cssz-62y | Central and South America | 283.8178 | -12.8300 | 319 | 27 | 42.03 |
| cssz-62z | Central and South America | 283.5081 | -13.0928 | 319 | 27 | 19.33 |
| cssz-63a | Central and South America | 283.8032 | -14.0147 | 317.9 | 11 | 10.23 |
| cssz-63b | Central and South America | 283.4661 | -14.3106 | 317.9 | 6 | 5 |
| cssz-63z | Central and South America | 284.1032 | -13.7511 | 317.9 | 29 | 19.77 |
| cssz-64a | Central and South America | 284.4144 | -14.6482 | 315.7 | 13 | 11.96 |
| cssz-64b | Central and South America | 284.0905 | -14.9540 | 315.7 | 8 | 5 |
| cssz-65a | Central and South America | 285.0493 | -15.2554 | 313.2 | 15 | 13.68 |
| cssz-65b | Central and South America | 284.7411 | -15.5715 | 313.2 | 10 | 5 |
| cssz-66a | Central and South America | 285.6954 | -15.7816 | 307.7 | 14.5 | 13.68 |
| cssz-66b | Central and South America | 285.4190 | -16.1258 | 307.7 | 10 | 5 |
| cssz-67a | Central and South America | 286.4127 | -16.2781 | 304.3 | 14 | 13.68 |
| cssz-67b | Central and South America | 286.1566 | -16.6381 | 304.3 | 10 | 5 |
| cssz-67z | Central and South America | 286.6552 | -15.9365 | 304.3 | 23 | 25.78 |
| cssz-68a | Central and South America | 287.2481 | -16.9016 | 311.8 | 14 | 13.68 |
| cssz-68b | Central and South America | 286.9442 | -17.2264 | 311.8 | 10 | 5 |
| cssz-68z | Central and South America | 287.5291 | -16.6007 | 311.8 | 26 | 25.78 |
| cssz-69a | Central and South America | 287.9724 | -17.5502 | 314.9 | 14 | 13.68 |
| cssz-69b | Central and South America | 287.6496 | -17.8590 | 314.9 | 10 | 5 |
| cssz-69y | Central and South America | 288.5530 | -16.9934 | 314.9 | 29 | 50.02 |
| cssz-69z | Central and South America | 288.2629 | -17.2718 | 314.9 | 29 | 25.78 |
| cssz-70a | Central and South America | 288.6731 | -18.2747 | 320.4 | 14 | 13.25 |
| cssz-70b | Central and South America | 288.3193 | -18.5527 | 320.4 | 9.5 | 5 |

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Table B2: (continued)

| Segment | Description | Longitude (°E) | Latitude (°N) | Strike (°) | Dip (°) | Depth (km) |
|----------|---------------------------|----------------|---------------|------------|---------|------------|
| cssz-70y | Central and South America | 289.3032 | -17.7785 | 320.4 | 30 | 50.35 |
| cssz-70z | Central and South America | 288.9884 | -18.0266 | 320.4 | 30 | 25.35 |
| cssz-71a | Central and South America | 289.3089 | -19.1854 | 333.2 | 14 | 12.82 |
| cssz-71b | Central and South America | 288.8968 | -19.3820 | 333.2 | 9 | 5 |
| cssz-71y | Central and South America | 290.0357 | -18.8382 | 333.2 | 31 | 50.67 |
| cssz-71z | Central and South America | 289.6725 | -19.0118 | 333.2 | 31 | 24.92 |
| cssz-72a | Central and South America | 289.6857 | -20.3117 | 352.4 | 14 | 12.54 |
| cssz-72b | Central and South America | 289.2250 | -20.3694 | 352.4 | 8.67 | 5 |
| cssz-72z | Central and South America | 290.0882 | -20.2613 | 352.4 | 32 | 24.63 |
| cssz-73a | Central and South America | 289.7731 | -21.3061 | 358.9 | 14 | 12.24 |
| cssz-73b | Central and South America | 289.3053 | -21.3142 | 358.9 | 8.33 | 5 |
| cssz-73z | Central and South America | 290.1768 | -21.2991 | 358.9 | 33 | 24.34 |
| cssz-74a | Central and South America | 289.7610 | -22.2671 | 3.06 | 14 | 11.96 |
| cssz-74b | Central and South America | 289.2909 | -22.2438 | 3.06 | 8 | 5 |
| cssz-75a | Central and South America | 289.6982 | -23.1903 | 4.83 | 14.09 | 11.96 |
| cssz-75b | Central and South America | 289.2261 | -23.1536 | 4.83 | 8 | 5 |
| cssz-76a | Central and South America | 289.6237 | -24.0831 | 4.67 | 14.18 | 11.96 |
| cssz-76b | Central and South America | 289.1484 | -24.0476 | 4.67 | 8 | 5 |
| cssz-77a | Central and South America | 289.5538 | -24.9729 | 4.3 | 14.27 | 11.96 |
| cssz-77b | Central and South America | 289.0750 | -24.9403 | 4.3 | 8 | 5 |
| cssz-78a | Central and South America | 289.4904 | -25.8621 | 3.86 | 14.36 | 11.96 |
| cssz-78b | Central and South America | 289.0081 | -25.8328 | 3.86 | 8 | 5 |
| cssz-79a | Central and South America | 289.3491 | -26.8644 | 11.34 | 14.45 | 11.96 |
| cssz-79b | Central and South America | 288.8712 | -26.7789 | 11.34 | 8 | 5 |
| cssz-80a | Central and South America | 289.1231 | -27.7826 | 14.16 | 14.54 | 11.96 |
| cssz-80b | Central and South America | 288.6469 | -27.6762 | 14.16 | 8 | 5 |
| cssz-81a | Central and South America | 288.8943 | -28.6409 | 13.19 | 14.63 | 11.96 |
| cssz-81b | Central and South America | 288.4124 | -28.5417 | 13.19 | 8 | 5 |
| cssz-82a | Central and South America | 288.7113 | -29.4680 | 9.68 | 14.72 | 11.96 |
| cssz-82b | Central and South America | 288.2196 | -29.3950 | 9.68 | 8 | 5 |
| cssz-83a | Central and South America | 288.5944 | -30.2923 | 5.36 | 14.81 | 11.96 |
| cssz-83b | Central and South America | 288.0938 | -30.2517 | 5.36 | 8 | 5 |
| cssz-84a | Central and South America | 288.5223 | -31.1639 | 3.8 | 14.9 | 11.96 |
| cssz-84b | Central and South America | 288.0163 | -31.1351 | 3.8 | 8 | 5 |
| cssz-85a | Central and South America | 288.4748 | -32.0416 | 2.55 | 15 | 11.96 |
| cssz-85b | Central and South America | 287.9635 | -32.0223 | 2.55 | 8 | 5 |
| cssz-86a | Central and South America | 288.3901 | -33.0041 | 7.01 | 15 | 11.96 |
| cssz-86b | Central and South America | 287.8768 | -32.9512 | 7.01 | 8 | 5 |
| cssz-87a | Central and South America | 288.1050 | -34.0583 | 19.4 | 15 | 11.96 |
| cssz-87b | Central and South America | 287.6115 | -33.9142 | 19.4 | 8 | 5 |
| cssz-88a | Central and South America | 287.5309 | -35.0437 | 32.81 | 15 | 11.96 |
| cssz-88b | Central and South America | 287.0862 | -34.8086 | 32.81 | 8 | 5 |
| cssz-88z | Central and South America | 287.9308 | -35.2545 | 32.81 | 30 | 24.9 |
| cssz-89a | Central and South America | 287.2380 | -35.5993 | 14.52 | 16.67 | 11.96 |
| cssz-89b | Central and South America | 286.7261 | -35.4914 | 14.52 | 8 | 5 |
| cssz-89z | Central and South America | 287.7014 | -35.6968 | 14.52 | 30 | 26.3 |
| cssz-90a | Central and South America | 286.8442 | -36.5645 | 22.64 | 18.33 | 11.96 |
| cssz-90b | Central and South America | 286.3548 | -36.4004 | 22.64 | 8 | 5 |
| cssz-90z | Central and South America | 287.2916 | -36.7142 | 22.64 | 30 | 27.68 |
| cssz-91a | Central and South America | 286.5925 | -37.2488 | 10.9 | 20 | 11.96 |
| cssz-91b | Central and South America | 286.0721 | -37.1690 | 10.9 | 8 | 5 |
| cssz-91z | Central and South America | 287.0726 | -37.3224 | 10.9 | 30 | 29.06 |
| cssz-92a | Central and South America | 286.4254 | -38.0945 | 8.23 | 20 | 11.96 |
| cssz-92b | Central and South America | 285.8948 | -38.0341 | 8.23 | 8 | 5 |
| cssz-92z | Central and South America | 286.9303 | -38.1520 | 8.23 | 26.67 | 29.06 |

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Table B2: (continued)

| Segment | Description | Longitude (°E) | Latitude (°N) | Strike (°) | Dip (°) | Depth (km) |
|-----------|---------------------------|----------------|---------------|------------|---------|------------|
| cssz-93a | Central and South America | 286.2047 | -39.0535 | 13.46 | 20 | 11.96 |
| cssz-93b | Central and South America | 285.6765 | -38.9553 | 13.46 | 8 | 5 |
| cssz-93z | Central and South America | 286.7216 | -39.1495 | 13.46 | 23.33 | 29.06 |
| cssz-94a | Central and South America | 286.0772 | -39.7883 | 3.4 | 20 | 11.96 |
| cssz-94b | Central and South America | 285.5290 | -39.7633 | 3.4 | 8 | 5 |
| cssz-94z | Central and South America | 286.6255 | -39.8133 | 3.4 | 20 | 29.06 |
| cssz-95a | Central and South America | 285.9426 | -40.7760 | 9.84 | 20 | 11.96 |
| cssz-95b | Central and South America | 285.3937 | -40.7039 | 9.84 | 8 | 5 |
| cssz-95z | Central and South America | 286.4921 | -40.8481 | 9.84 | 20 | 29.06 |
| cssz-96a | Central and South America | 285.7839 | -41.6303 | 7.6 | 20 | 11.96 |
| cssz-96b | Central and South America | 285.2245 | -41.5745 | 7.6 | 8 | 5 |
| cssz-96x | Central and South America | 287.4652 | -41.7977 | 7.6 | 20 | 63.26 |
| cssz-96y | Central and South America | 286.9043 | -41.7419 | 7.6 | 20 | 46.16 |
| cssz-96z | Central and South America | 286.3439 | -41.6861 | 7.6 | 20 | 29.06 |
| cssz-97a | Central and South America | 285.6695 | -42.4882 | 5.3 | 20 | 11.96 |
| cssz-97b | Central and South America | 285.0998 | -42.4492 | 5.3 | 8 | 5 |
| cssz-97x | Central and South America | 287.3809 | -42.6052 | 5.3 | 20 | 63.26 |
| cssz-97y | Central and South America | 286.8101 | -42.5662 | 5.3 | 20 | 46.16 |
| cssz-97z | Central and South America | 286.2396 | -42.5272 | 5.3 | 20 | 29.06 |
| cssz-98a | Central and South America | 285.5035 | -43.4553 | 10.53 | 20 | 11.96 |
| cssz-98b | Central and South America | 284.9322 | -43.3782 | 10.53 | 8 | 5 |
| cssz-98x | Central and South America | 287.2218 | -43.6866 | 10.53 | 20 | 63.26 |
| cssz-98y | Central and South America | 286.6483 | -43.6095 | 10.53 | 20 | 46.16 |
| cssz-98z | Central and South America | 286.0755 | -43.5324 | 10.53 | 20 | 29.06 |
| cssz-99a | Central and South America | 285.3700 | -44.2595 | 4.86 | 20 | 11.96 |
| cssz-99b | Central and South America | 284.7830 | -44.2237 | 4.86 | 8 | 5 |
| cssz-99x | Central and South America | 287.1332 | -44.3669 | 4.86 | 20 | 63.26 |
| cssz-99y | Central and South America | 286.5451 | -44.3311 | 4.86 | 20 | 46.16 |
| cssz-99z | Central and South America | 285.9574 | -44.2953 | 4.86 | 20 | 29.06 |
| cssz-100a | Central and South America | 285.2713 | -45.1664 | 5.68 | 20 | 11.96 |
| cssz-100b | Central and South America | 284.6758 | -45.1246 | 5.68 | 8 | 5 |
| cssz-100x | Central and South America | 287.0603 | -45.2918 | 5.68 | 20 | 63.26 |
| cssz-100y | Central and South America | 286.4635 | -45.2500 | 5.68 | 20 | 46.16 |
| cssz-100z | Central and South America | 285.8672 | -45.2082 | 5.68 | 20 | 29.06 |
| cssz-101a | Central and South America | 285.3080 | -45.8607 | 352.6 | 20 | 9.36 |
| cssz-101b | Central and South America | 284.7067 | -45.9152 | 352.6 | 5 | 5 |
| cssz-101y | Central and South America | 286.5089 | -45.7517 | 352.6 | 20 | 43.56 |
| cssz-101z | Central and South America | 285.9088 | -45.8062 | 352.6 | 20 | 26.46 |
| cssz-102a | Central and South America | 285.2028 | -47.1185 | 17.72 | 5 | 9.36 |
| cssz-102b | Central and South America | 284.5772 | -46.9823 | 17.72 | 5 | 5 |
| cssz-102y | Central and South America | 286.4588 | -47.3909 | 17.72 | 5 | 18.07 |
| cssz-102z | Central and South America | 285.8300 | -47.2547 | 17.72 | 5 | 13.72 |
| cssz-103a | Central and South America | 284.7075 | -48.0396 | 23.37 | 7.5 | 11.53 |
| cssz-103b | Central and South America | 284.0972 | -47.8630 | 23.37 | 7.5 | 5 |
| cssz-103x | Central and South America | 286.5511 | -48.5694 | 23.37 | 7.5 | 31.11 |
| cssz-103y | Central and South America | 285.9344 | -48.3928 | 23.37 | 7.5 | 24.58 |
| cssz-103z | Central and South America | 285.3199 | -48.2162 | 23.37 | 7.5 | 18.05 |
| cssz-104a | Central and South America | 284.3440 | -48.7597 | 14.87 | 10 | 13.68 |
| cssz-104b | Central and South America | 283.6962 | -48.6462 | 14.87 | 10 | 5 |
| cssz-104x | Central and South America | 286.2962 | -49.1002 | 14.87 | 10 | 39.73 |
| cssz-104y | Central and South America | 285.6440 | -48.9867 | 14.87 | 10 | 31.05 |
| cssz-104z | Central and South America | 284.9933 | -48.8732 | 14.87 | 10 | 22.36 |
| cssz-105a | Central and South America | 284.2312 | -49.4198 | 0.25 | 9.67 | 13.4 |
| cssz-105b | Central and South America | 283.5518 | -49.4179 | 0.25 | 9.67 | 5 |
| cssz-105x | Central and South America | 286.2718 | -49.4255 | 0.25 | 9.67 | 38.59 |

(continued on next page)

Table B2: (continued)

| Segment | Description | Longitude (°E) | Latitude (°N) | Strike (°) | Dip (°) | Depth (km) |
|-----------|---------------------------|----------------|---------------|------------|---------|------------|
| cssz-105y | Central and South America | 285.5908 | -49.4236 | 0.25 | 9.67 | 30.2 |
| cssz-105z | Central and South America | 284.9114 | -49.4217 | 0.25 | 9.67 | 21.8 |
| cssz-106a | Central and South America | 284.3730 | -50.1117 | 347.5 | 9.25 | 13.04 |
| cssz-106b | Central and South America | 283.6974 | -50.2077 | 347.5 | 9.25 | 5 |
| cssz-106x | Central and South America | 286.3916 | -49.8238 | 347.5 | 9.25 | 37.15 |
| cssz-106y | Central and South America | 285.7201 | -49.9198 | 347.5 | 9.25 | 29.11 |
| cssz-106z | Central and South America | 285.0472 | -50.0157 | 347.5 | 9.25 | 21.07 |
| cssz-107a | Central and South America | 284.7130 | -50.9714 | 346.5 | 9 | 12.82 |
| cssz-107b | Central and South America | 284.0273 | -51.0751 | 346.5 | 9 | 5 |
| cssz-107x | Central and South America | 286.7611 | -50.6603 | 346.5 | 9 | 36.29 |
| cssz-107y | Central and South America | 286.0799 | -50.7640 | 346.5 | 9 | 28.47 |
| cssz-107z | Central and South America | 285.3972 | -50.8677 | 346.5 | 9 | 20.64 |
| cssz-108a | Central and South America | 285.0378 | -51.9370 | 352 | 8.67 | 12.54 |
| cssz-108b | Central and South America | 284.3241 | -51.9987 | 352 | 8.67 | 5 |
| cssz-108x | Central and South America | 287.1729 | -51.7519 | 352 | 8.67 | 35.15 |
| cssz-108y | Central and South America | 286.4622 | -51.8136 | 352 | 8.67 | 27.61 |
| cssz-108z | Central and South America | 285.7505 | -51.8753 | 352 | 8.67 | 20.07 |
| cssz-109a | Central and South America | 285.2635 | -52.8439 | 353.1 | 8.33 | 12.24 |
| cssz-109b | Central and South America | 284.5326 | -52.8974 | 353.1 | 8.33 | 5 |
| cssz-109x | Central and South America | 287.4508 | -52.6834 | 353.1 | 8.33 | 33.97 |
| cssz-109y | Central and South America | 286.7226 | -52.7369 | 353.1 | 8.33 | 26.73 |
| cssz-109z | Central and South America | 285.9935 | -52.7904 | 353.1 | 8.33 | 19.49 |
| cssz-110a | Central and South America | 285.5705 | -53.4139 | 334.2 | 8 | 11.96 |
| cssz-110b | Central and South America | 284.8972 | -53.6076 | 334.2 | 8 | 5 |
| cssz-110x | Central and South America | 287.5724 | -52.8328 | 334.2 | 8 | 32.83 |
| cssz-110y | Central and South America | 286.9081 | -53.0265 | 334.2 | 8 | 25.88 |
| cssz-110z | Central and South America | 286.2408 | -53.2202 | 334.2 | 8 | 18.92 |
| cssz-111a | Central and South America | 286.1627 | -53.8749 | 313.8 | 8 | 11.96 |
| cssz-111b | Central and South America | 285.6382 | -54.1958 | 313.8 | 8 | 5 |
| cssz-111x | Central and South America | 287.7124 | -52.9122 | 313.8 | 8 | 32.83 |
| cssz-111y | Central and South America | 287.1997 | -53.2331 | 313.8 | 8 | 25.88 |
| cssz-111z | Central and South America | 286.6832 | -53.5540 | 313.8 | 8 | 18.92 |
| cssz-112a | Central and South America | 287.3287 | -54.5394 | 316.4 | 8 | 11.96 |
| cssz-112b | Central and South America | 286.7715 | -54.8462 | 316.4 | 8 | 5 |
| cssz-112x | Central and South America | 288.9756 | -53.6190 | 316.4 | 8 | 32.83 |
| cssz-112y | Central and South America | 288.4307 | -53.9258 | 316.4 | 8 | 25.88 |
| cssz-112z | Central and South America | 287.8817 | -54.2326 | 316.4 | 8 | 18.92 |
| cssz-113a | Central and South America | 288.3409 | -55.0480 | 307.6 | 8 | 11.96 |
| cssz-113b | Central and South America | 287.8647 | -55.4002 | 307.6 | 8 | 5 |
| cssz-113x | Central and South America | 289.7450 | -53.9914 | 307.6 | 8 | 32.83 |
| cssz-113y | Central and South America | 289.2810 | -54.3436 | 307.6 | 8 | 25.88 |
| cssz-113z | Central and South America | 288.8130 | -54.6958 | 307.6 | 8 | 18.92 |
| cssz-114a | Central and South America | 289.5342 | -55.5026 | 301.5 | 8 | 11.96 |
| cssz-114b | Central and South America | 289.1221 | -55.8819 | 301.5 | 8 | 5 |
| cssz-114x | Central and South America | 290.7472 | -54.3647 | 301.5 | 8 | 32.83 |
| cssz-114y | Central and South America | 290.3467 | -54.7440 | 301.5 | 8 | 25.88 |
| cssz-114z | Central and South America | 289.9424 | -55.1233 | 301.5 | 8 | 18.92 |
| cssz-115a | Central and South America | 290.7682 | -55.8485 | 292.7 | 8 | 11.96 |
| cssz-115b | Central and South America | 290.4608 | -56.2588 | 292.7 | 8 | 5 |
| cssz-115x | Central and South America | 291.6714 | -54.6176 | 292.7 | 8 | 32.83 |
| cssz-115y | Central and South America | 291.3734 | -55.0279 | 292.7 | 8 | 25.88 |
| cssz-115z | Central and South America | 291.0724 | -55.4382 | 292.7 | 8 | 18.92 |

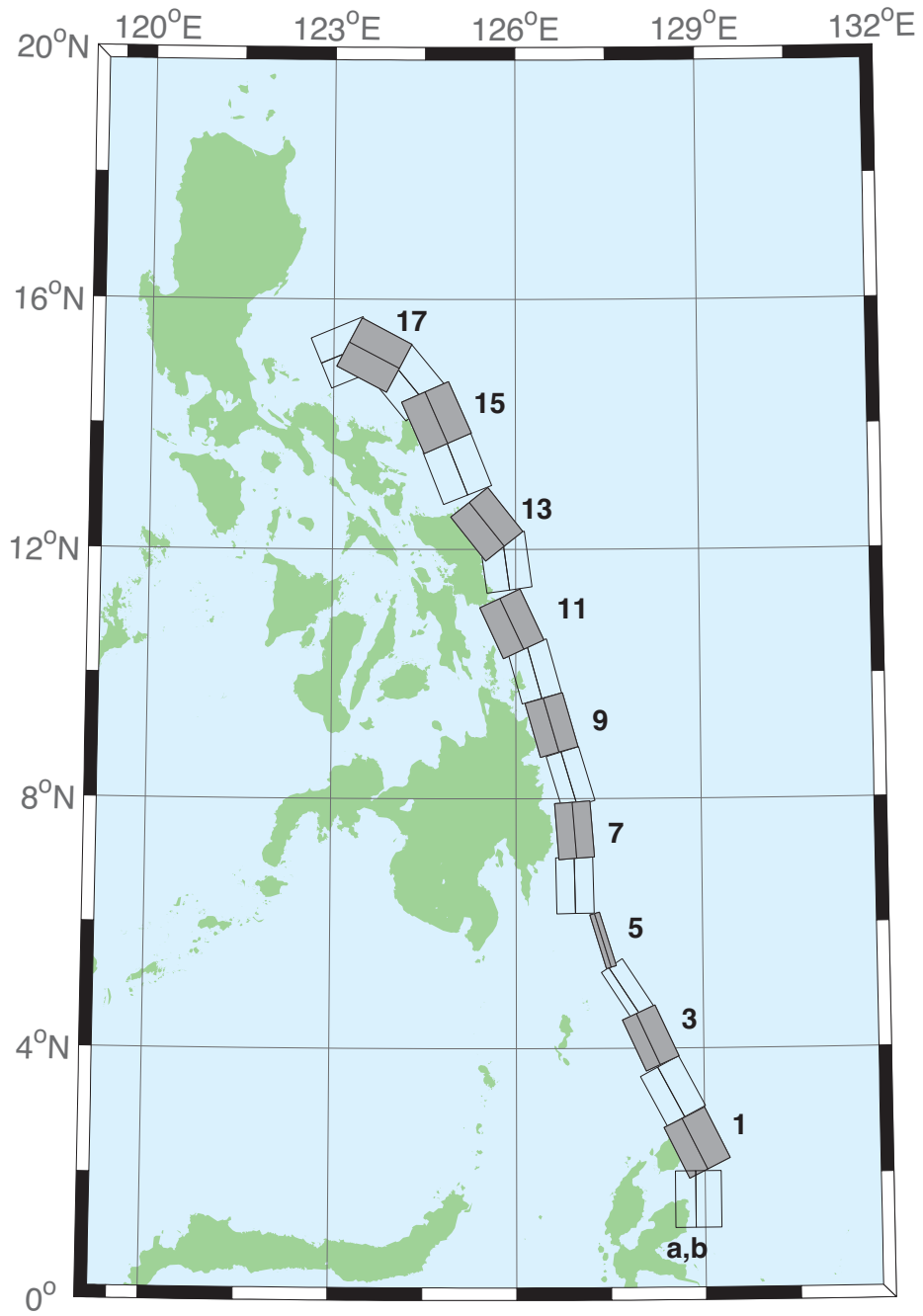


Figure B3: Eastern Philippines Subduction Zone unit sources.

Table B3: Earthquake parameters for Eastern Philippines Subduction Zone unit sources.

| Segment | Description | Longitude (°E) | Latitude (°N) | Strike (°) | Dip (°) | Depth (km) |
|----------|---------------------|----------------|---------------|------------|---------|------------|
| epsz-0a | Eastern Philippines | 128.5264 | 1.5930 | 180 | 44 | 26.92 |
| epsz-0b | Eastern Philippines | 128.8496 | 1.5930 | 180 | 26 | 5 |
| epsz-1a | Eastern Philippines | 128.5521 | 2.3289 | 153.6 | 44.2 | 27.62 |
| epsz-1b | Eastern Philippines | 128.8408 | 2.4720 | 153.6 | 26.9 | 5 |
| epsz-2a | Eastern Philippines | 128.1943 | 3.1508 | 151.9 | 45.9 | 32.44 |
| epsz-2b | Eastern Philippines | 128.4706 | 3.2979 | 151.9 | 32.8 | 5.35 |
| epsz-3a | Eastern Philippines | 127.8899 | 4.0428 | 155.2 | 57.3 | 40.22 |
| epsz-3b | Eastern Philippines | 128.1108 | 4.1445 | 155.2 | 42.7 | 6.31 |
| epsz-4a | Eastern Philippines | 127.6120 | 4.8371 | 146.8 | 71.4 | 48.25 |
| epsz-4b | Eastern Philippines | 127.7324 | 4.9155 | 146.8 | 54.8 | 7.39 |
| epsz-5a | Eastern Philippines | 127.3173 | 5.7040 | 162.9 | 79.9 | 57.4 |
| epsz-5b | Eastern Philippines | 127.3930 | 5.7272 | 162.9 | 79.4 | 8.25 |
| epsz-6a | Eastern Philippines | 126.6488 | 6.6027 | 178.9 | 48.6 | 45.09 |
| epsz-6b | Eastern Philippines | 126.9478 | 6.6085 | 178.9 | 48.6 | 7.58 |
| epsz-7a | Eastern Philippines | 126.6578 | 7.4711 | 175.8 | 50.7 | 45.52 |
| epsz-7b | Eastern Philippines | 126.9439 | 7.4921 | 175.8 | 50.7 | 6.83 |
| epsz-8a | Eastern Philippines | 126.6227 | 8.2456 | 163.3 | 56.7 | 45.6 |
| epsz-8b | Eastern Philippines | 126.8614 | 8.3164 | 163.3 | 48.9 | 7.92 |
| epsz-9a | Eastern Philippines | 126.2751 | 9.0961 | 164.1 | 47 | 43.59 |
| epsz-9b | Eastern Philippines | 126.5735 | 9.1801 | 164.1 | 44.9 | 8.3 |
| epsz-10a | Eastern Philippines | 125.9798 | 9.9559 | 164.5 | 43.1 | 42.25 |
| epsz-10b | Eastern Philippines | 126.3007 | 10.0438 | 164.5 | 43.1 | 8.09 |
| epsz-11a | Eastern Philippines | 125.6079 | 10.6557 | 155 | 37.8 | 38.29 |
| epsz-11b | Eastern Philippines | 125.9353 | 10.8059 | 155 | 37.8 | 7.64 |
| epsz-12a | Eastern Philippines | 125.4697 | 11.7452 | 172.1 | 36 | 37.01 |
| epsz-12b | Eastern Philippines | 125.8374 | 11.7949 | 172.1 | 36 | 7.62 |
| epsz-13a | Eastern Philippines | 125.2238 | 12.1670 | 141.5 | 32.4 | 33.87 |
| epsz-13b | Eastern Philippines | 125.5278 | 12.4029 | 141.5 | 32.4 | 7.08 |
| epsz-14a | Eastern Philippines | 124.6476 | 13.1365 | 158.2 | 23 | 25.92 |
| epsz-14b | Eastern Philippines | 125.0421 | 13.2898 | 158.2 | 23 | 6.38 |
| epsz-15a | Eastern Philippines | 124.3107 | 13.9453 | 156.1 | 24.1 | 26.51 |
| epsz-15b | Eastern Philippines | 124.6973 | 14.1113 | 156.1 | 24.1 | 6.09 |
| epsz-16a | Eastern Philippines | 123.8998 | 14.4025 | 140.3 | 19.5 | 21.69 |
| epsz-16b | Eastern Philippines | 124.2366 | 14.6728 | 140.3 | 19.5 | 5 |
| epsz-17a | Eastern Philippines | 123.4604 | 14.7222 | 117.6 | 15.3 | 18.19 |
| epsz-17b | Eastern Philippines | 123.6682 | 15.1062 | 117.6 | 15.3 | 5 |
| epsz-18a | Eastern Philippines | 123.3946 | 14.7462 | 67.4 | 15 | 17.94 |
| epsz-18b | Eastern Philippines | 123.2219 | 15.1467 | 67.4 | 15 | 5 |

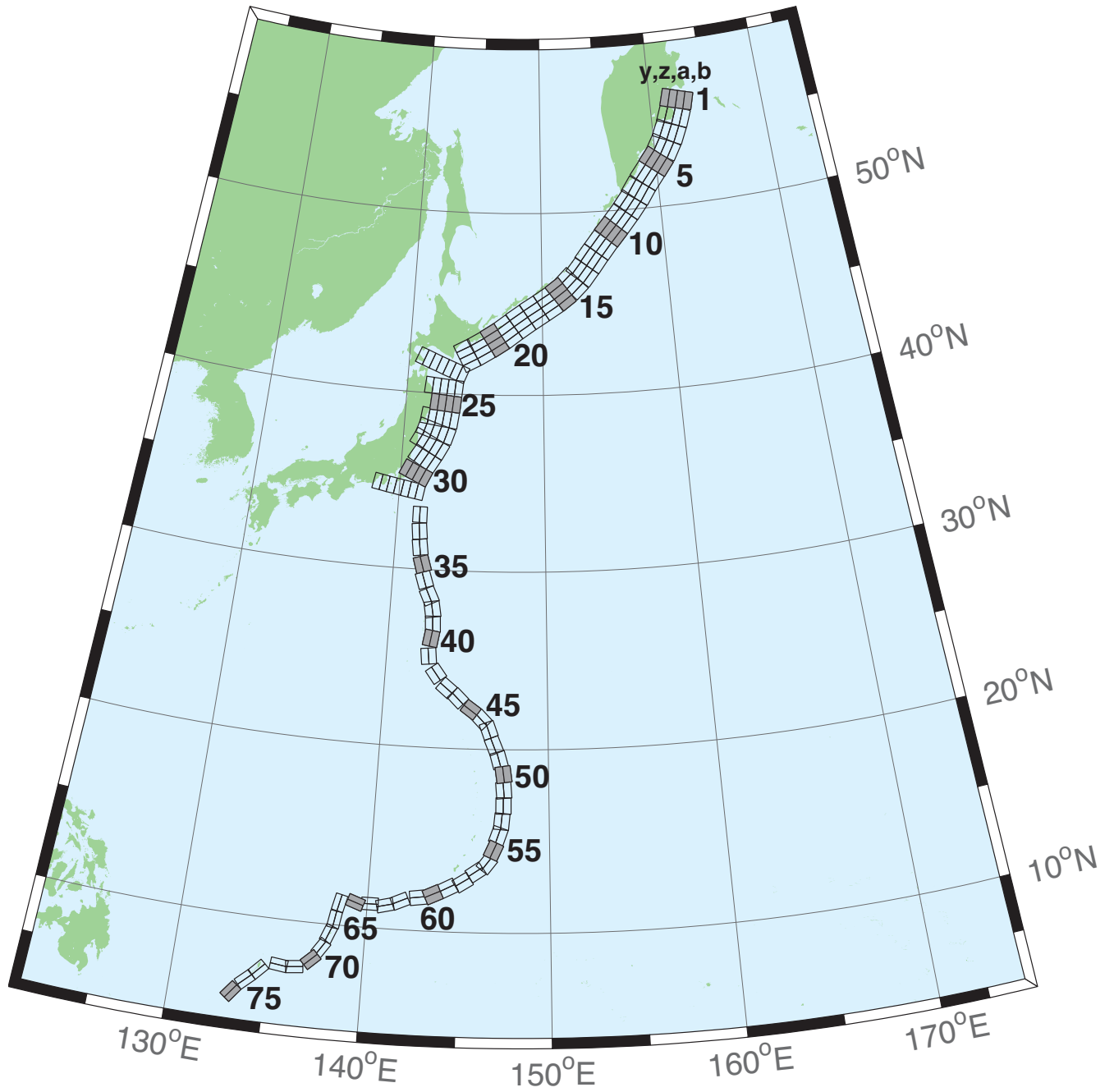


Figure B4: Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap Subduction Zone unit sources.

Table B4: Earthquake parameters for Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap Subduction Zone unit sources.

| Segment | Description | Longitude (°E) | Latitude (°N) | Strike (°) | Dip (°) | Depth (km) |
|----------|---------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|------------|---------|------------|
| kisz-1a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 162.4318 | 55.5017 | 195 | 29 | 26.13 |
| kisz-1b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 163.1000 | 55.4000 | 195 | 25 | 5 |
| kisz-1y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 161.0884 | 55.7050 | 195 | 29 | 74.61 |
| kisz-1z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 161.7610 | 55.6033 | 195 | 29 | 50.37 |
| kisz-2a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 161.9883 | 54.6784 | 200 | 29 | 26.13 |
| kisz-2b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 162.6247 | 54.5440 | 200 | 25 | 5 |
| kisz-2y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 160.7072 | 54.9471 | 200 | 29 | 74.61 |
| kisz-2z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 161.3488 | 54.8127 | 200 | 29 | 50.37 |
| kisz-3a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 161.4385 | 53.8714 | 204 | 29 | 26.13 |
| kisz-3b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 162.0449 | 53.7116 | 204 | 25 | 5 |
| kisz-3y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 160.2164 | 54.1910 | 204 | 29 | 74.61 |
| kisz-3z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 160.8286 | 54.0312 | 204 | 29 | 50.37 |
| kisz-4a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 160.7926 | 53.1087 | 210 | 29 | 26.13 |
| kisz-4b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 161.3568 | 52.9123 | 210 | 25 | 5 |
| kisz-4y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 159.6539 | 53.5015 | 210 | 29 | 74.61 |
| kisz-4z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 160.2246 | 53.3051 | 210 | 29 | 50.37 |
| kisz-5a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 160.0211 | 52.4113 | 218 | 29 | 26.13 |
| kisz-5b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 160.5258 | 52.1694 | 218 | 25 | 5 |
| kisz-5y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 159.0005 | 52.8950 | 218 | 29 | 74.61 |
| kisz-5z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 159.5122 | 52.6531 | 218 | 29 | 50.37 |
| kisz-6a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 159.1272 | 51.7034 | 218 | 29 | 26.13 |
| kisz-6b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 159.6241 | 51.4615 | 218 | 25 | 5 |
| kisz-6y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 158.1228 | 52.1871 | 218 | 29 | 74.61 |
| kisz-6z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 158.6263 | 51.9452 | 218 | 29 | 50.37 |
| kisz-7a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 158.2625 | 50.9549 | 214 | 29 | 26.13 |
| kisz-7b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 158.7771 | 50.7352 | 214 | 25 | 5 |
| kisz-7y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 157.2236 | 51.3942 | 214 | 29 | 74.61 |
| kisz-7z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 157.7443 | 51.1745 | 214 | 29 | 50.37 |
| kisz-8a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 157.4712 | 50.2459 | 218 | 31 | 27.7 |
| kisz-8b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 157.9433 | 50.0089 | 218 | 27 | 5 |
| kisz-8y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 156.5176 | 50.7199 | 218 | 31 | 79.2 |
| kisz-8z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 156.9956 | 50.4829 | 218 | 31 | 53.45 |
| kisz-9a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 156.6114 | 49.5583 | 220 | 31 | 27.7 |
| kisz-9b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 157.0638 | 49.3109 | 220 | 27 | 5 |
| kisz-9y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 155.6974 | 50.0533 | 220 | 31 | 79.2 |
| kisz-9z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 156.1556 | 49.8058 | 220 | 31 | 53.45 |
| kisz-10a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 155.7294 | 48.8804 | 221 | 31 | 27.7 |
| kisz-10b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 156.1690 | 48.6278 | 221 | 27 | 5 |
| kisz-10y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 154.8413 | 49.3856 | 221 | 31 | 79.2 |
| kisz-10z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 155.2865 | 49.1330 | 221 | 31 | 53.45 |
| kisz-11a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 154.8489 | 48.1821 | 219 | 31 | 27.7 |
| kisz-11b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 155.2955 | 47.9398 | 219 | 27 | 5 |
| kisz-11y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 153.9472 | 48.6667 | 219 | 31 | 79.2 |
| kisz-11z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 154.3991 | 48.4244 | 219 | 31 | 53.45 |
| kisz-12a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 153.9994 | 47.4729 | 217 | 31 | 27.7 |
| kisz-12b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 154.4701 | 47.2320 | 217 | 27 | 5 |
| kisz-12y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 153.0856 | 47.9363 | 217 | 31 | 79.2 |
| kisz-12z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 153.5435 | 47.7046 | 217 | 31 | 53.45 |
| kisz-13a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 153.2239 | 46.7564 | 218 | 31 | 27.7 |
| kisz-13b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 153.6648 | 46.5194 | 218 | 27 | 5 |
| kisz-13y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 152.3343 | 47.2304 | 218 | 31 | 79.2 |
| kisz-13z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 152.7801 | 46.9934 | 218 | 31 | 53.45 |
| kisz-14a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 152.3657 | 46.1514 | 225 | 23 | 24.54 |
| kisz-14b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 152.7855 | 45.8591 | 225 | 23 | 5 |

(continued on next page)

Table B4: (continued)

| Segment | Description | Longitude (°E) | Latitude (°N) | Strike (°) | Dip (°) | Depth (km) |
|----------|---------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|------------|---------|------------|
| kisz-14y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 151.5172 | 46.7362 | 225 | 23 | 63.62 |
| kisz-14z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 151.9426 | 46.4438 | 225 | 23 | 44.08 |
| kisz-15a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 151.4663 | 45.5963 | 233 | 25 | 23.73 |
| kisz-15b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 151.8144 | 45.2712 | 233 | 22 | 5 |
| kisz-15y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 150.7619 | 46.2465 | 233 | 25 | 65.99 |
| kisz-15z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 151.1151 | 45.9214 | 233 | 25 | 44.86 |
| kisz-16a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 150.4572 | 45.0977 | 237 | 25 | 23.73 |
| kisz-16b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 150.7694 | 44.7563 | 237 | 22 | 5 |
| kisz-16y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 149.8253 | 45.7804 | 237 | 25 | 65.99 |
| kisz-16z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 150.1422 | 45.4390 | 237 | 25 | 44.86 |
| kisz-17a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 149.3989 | 44.6084 | 237 | 25 | 23.73 |
| kisz-17b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 149.7085 | 44.2670 | 237 | 22 | 5 |
| kisz-17y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 148.7723 | 45.2912 | 237 | 25 | 65.99 |
| kisz-17z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 149.0865 | 44.9498 | 237 | 25 | 44.86 |
| kisz-18a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 148.3454 | 44.0982 | 235 | 25 | 23.73 |
| kisz-18b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 148.6687 | 43.7647 | 235 | 22 | 5 |
| kisz-18y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 147.6915 | 44.7651 | 235 | 25 | 65.99 |
| kisz-18z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 148.0194 | 44.4316 | 235 | 25 | 44.86 |
| kisz-19a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 147.3262 | 43.5619 | 233 | 25 | 23.73 |
| kisz-19b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 147.6625 | 43.2368 | 233 | 22 | 5 |
| kisz-19y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 146.6463 | 44.2121 | 233 | 25 | 65.99 |
| kisz-19z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 146.9872 | 43.8870 | 233 | 25 | 44.86 |
| kisz-20a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 146.3513 | 43.0633 | 237 | 25 | 23.73 |
| kisz-20b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 146.6531 | 42.7219 | 237 | 22 | 5 |
| kisz-20y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 145.7410 | 43.7461 | 237 | 25 | 65.99 |
| kisz-20z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 146.0470 | 43.4047 | 237 | 25 | 44.86 |
| kisz-21a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 145.3331 | 42.5948 | 239 | 25 | 23.73 |
| kisz-21b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 145.6163 | 42.2459 | 239 | 22 | 5 |
| kisz-21y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 144.7603 | 43.2927 | 239 | 25 | 65.99 |
| kisz-21z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 145.0475 | 42.9438 | 239 | 25 | 44.86 |
| kisz-22a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 144.3041 | 42.1631 | 242 | 25 | 23.73 |
| kisz-22b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 144.5605 | 41.8037 | 242 | 22 | 5 |
| kisz-22y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 143.7854 | 42.8819 | 242 | 25 | 65.99 |
| kisz-22z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 144.0455 | 42.5225 | 242 | 25 | 44.86 |
| kisz-23a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 143.2863 | 41.3335 | 202 | 21 | 21.28 |
| kisz-23b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 143.8028 | 41.1764 | 202 | 19 | 5 |
| kisz-23v | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 140.6816 | 42.1189 | 202 | 21 | 110.9 |
| kisz-23w | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.2050 | 41.9618 | 202 | 21 | 92.95 |
| kisz-23x | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.7273 | 41.8047 | 202 | 21 | 75.04 |
| kisz-23y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.2482 | 41.6476 | 202 | 21 | 57.12 |
| kisz-23z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.7679 | 41.4905 | 202 | 21 | 39.2 |
| kisz-24a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.9795 | 40.3490 | 185 | 21 | 21.28 |
| kisz-24b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 143.5273 | 40.3125 | 185 | 19 | 5 |
| kisz-24x | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.3339 | 40.4587 | 185 | 21 | 75.04 |
| kisz-24y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.8827 | 40.4221 | 185 | 21 | 57.12 |
| kisz-24z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.4312 | 40.3856 | 185 | 21 | 39.2 |
| kisz-25a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.8839 | 39.4541 | 185 | 21 | 21.28 |
| kisz-25b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 143.4246 | 39.4176 | 185 | 19 | 5 |
| kisz-25y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.8012 | 39.5272 | 185 | 21 | 57.12 |
| kisz-25z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.3426 | 39.4907 | 185 | 21 | 39.2 |
| kisz-26a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.7622 | 38.5837 | 188 | 21 | 21.28 |
| kisz-26b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 143.2930 | 38.5254 | 188 | 19 | 5 |
| kisz-26x | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.1667 | 38.7588 | 188 | 21 | 75.04 |
| kisz-26y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.6990 | 38.7004 | 188 | 21 | 57.12 |
| kisz-26z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.2308 | 38.6421 | 188 | 21 | 39.2 |

(continued on next page)

Table B4: (continued)

| Segment | Description | Longitude (°E) | Latitude (°N) | Strike (°) | Dip (°) | Depth (km) |
|----------|---------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|------------|---------|------------|
| kisz-27a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.5320 | 37.7830 | 198 | 21 | 21.28 |
| kisz-27b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 143.0357 | 37.6534 | 198 | 19 | 5 |
| kisz-27x | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.0142 | 38.1717 | 198 | 21 | 75.04 |
| kisz-27y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.5210 | 38.0421 | 198 | 21 | 57.12 |
| kisz-27z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.0269 | 37.9126 | 198 | 21 | 39.2 |
| kisz-28a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.1315 | 37.0265 | 208 | 21 | 21.28 |
| kisz-28b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.5941 | 36.8297 | 208 | 19 | 5 |
| kisz-28x | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 140.7348 | 37.6171 | 208 | 21 | 75.04 |
| kisz-28y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.2016 | 37.4202 | 208 | 21 | 57.12 |
| kisz-28z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.6671 | 37.2234 | 208 | 21 | 39.2 |
| kisz-29a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.5970 | 36.2640 | 211 | 21 | 21.28 |
| kisz-29b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.0416 | 36.0481 | 211 | 19 | 5 |
| kisz-29y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 140.7029 | 36.6960 | 211 | 21 | 57.12 |
| kisz-29z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.1506 | 36.4800 | 211 | 21 | 39.2 |
| kisz-30a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.0553 | 35.4332 | 205 | 21 | 21.28 |
| kisz-30b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.5207 | 35.2560 | 205 | 19 | 5 |
| kisz-30y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 140.1204 | 35.7876 | 205 | 21 | 57.12 |
| kisz-30z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 140.5883 | 35.6104 | 205 | 21 | 39.2 |
| kisz-31a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 140.6956 | 34.4789 | 190 | 22 | 22.1 |
| kisz-31b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.1927 | 34.4066 | 190 | 20 | 5 |
| kisz-31v | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 138.2025 | 34.8405 | 190 | 22 | 115.8 |
| kisz-31w | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 138.7021 | 34.7682 | 190 | 22 | 97.02 |
| kisz-31x | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 139.2012 | 34.6958 | 190 | 22 | 78.29 |
| kisz-31y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 139.6997 | 34.6235 | 190 | 22 | 59.56 |
| kisz-31z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 140.1979 | 34.5512 | 190 | 22 | 40.83 |
| kisz-32a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.0551 | 33.0921 | 180 | 32 | 23.48 |
| kisz-32b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.5098 | 33.0921 | 180 | 21.69 | 5 |
| kisz-33a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.0924 | 32.1047 | 173.8 | 27.65 | 20.67 |
| kisz-33b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.5596 | 32.1473 | 173.8 | 18.27 | 5 |
| kisz-34a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.1869 | 31.1851 | 172.1 | 25 | 18.26 |
| kisz-34b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.6585 | 31.2408 | 172.1 | 15.38 | 5 |
| kisz-35a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.4154 | 30.1707 | 163 | 25 | 17.12 |
| kisz-35b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.8662 | 30.2899 | 163 | 14.03 | 5 |
| kisz-36a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.6261 | 29.2740 | 161.7 | 25.73 | 18.71 |
| kisz-36b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.0670 | 29.4012 | 161.7 | 15.91 | 5 |
| kisz-37a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.0120 | 28.3322 | 154.7 | 20 | 14.54 |
| kisz-37b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.4463 | 28.5124 | 154.7 | 11 | 5 |
| kisz-38a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.2254 | 27.6946 | 170.3 | 20 | 14.54 |
| kisz-38b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.6955 | 27.7659 | 170.3 | 11 | 5 |
| kisz-39a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.3085 | 26.9127 | 177.2 | 24.23 | 17.42 |
| kisz-39b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.7674 | 26.9325 | 177.2 | 14.38 | 5 |
| kisz-40a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.2673 | 26.1923 | 189.4 | 26.49 | 22.26 |
| kisz-40b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.7090 | 26.1264 | 189.4 | 20.2 | 5 |
| kisz-41a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.1595 | 25.0729 | 173.7 | 22.07 | 19.08 |
| kisz-41b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.6165 | 25.1184 | 173.7 | 16.36 | 5 |
| kisz-42a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.7641 | 23.8947 | 143.5 | 21.54 | 18.4 |
| kisz-42b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 143.1321 | 24.1432 | 143.5 | 15.54 | 5 |
| kisz-43a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 143.5281 | 23.0423 | 129.2 | 23.02 | 18.77 |
| kisz-43b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 143.8128 | 23.3626 | 129.2 | 15.99 | 5 |
| kisz-44a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 144.2230 | 22.5240 | 134.6 | 28.24 | 18.56 |
| kisz-44b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 144.5246 | 22.8056 | 134.6 | 15.74 | 5 |
| kisz-45a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 145.0895 | 21.8866 | 125.8 | 36.73 | 22.79 |
| kisz-45b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 145.3171 | 22.1785 | 125.8 | 20.84 | 5 |
| kisz-46a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 145.6972 | 21.3783 | 135.9 | 30.75 | 20.63 |
| kisz-46b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 145.9954 | 21.6469 | 135.9 | 18.22 | 5 |

(continued on next page)

Table B4: (continued)

| Segment | Description | Longitude (°E) | Latitude (°N) | Strike (°) | Dip (°) | Depth (km) |
|----------|---------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|------------|---------|------------|
| kisz-47a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 146.0406 | 20.9341 | 160.1 | 29.87 | 19.62 |
| kisz-47b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 146.4330 | 21.0669 | 160.1 | 17 | 5 |
| kisz-48a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 146.3836 | 20.0690 | 158 | 32.75 | 19.68 |
| kisz-48b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 146.7567 | 20.2108 | 158 | 17.07 | 5 |
| kisz-49a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 146.6689 | 19.3123 | 164.5 | 25.07 | 21.41 |
| kisz-49b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 147.0846 | 19.4212 | 164.5 | 19.16 | 5 |
| kisz-50a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 146.9297 | 18.5663 | 172.1 | 22 | 22.1 |
| kisz-50b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 147.3650 | 18.6238 | 172.1 | 20 | 5 |
| kisz-51a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 146.9495 | 17.7148 | 175.1 | 22.06 | 22.04 |
| kisz-51b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 147.3850 | 17.7503 | 175.1 | 19.93 | 5 |
| kisz-52a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 146.9447 | 16.8869 | 180 | 25.51 | 18.61 |
| kisz-52b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 147.3683 | 16.8869 | 180 | 15.79 | 5 |
| kisz-53a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 146.8626 | 16.0669 | 185.2 | 27.39 | 18.41 |
| kisz-53b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 147.2758 | 16.0309 | 185.2 | 15.56 | 5 |
| kisz-54a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 146.7068 | 15.3883 | 199.1 | 28.12 | 20.91 |
| kisz-54b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 147.0949 | 15.2590 | 199.1 | 18.56 | 5 |
| kisz-55a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 146.4717 | 14.6025 | 204.3 | 29.6 | 26.27 |
| kisz-55b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 146.8391 | 14.4415 | 204.3 | 25.18 | 5 |
| kisz-56a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 146.1678 | 13.9485 | 217.4 | 32.04 | 26.79 |
| kisz-56b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 146.4789 | 13.7170 | 217.4 | 25.84 | 5 |
| kisz-57a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 145.6515 | 13.5576 | 235.8 | 37 | 24.54 |
| kisz-57b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 145.8586 | 13.2609 | 235.8 | 23 | 5 |
| kisz-58a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 144.9648 | 12.9990 | 237.8 | 37.72 | 24.54 |
| kisz-58b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 145.1589 | 12.6984 | 237.8 | 23 | 5 |
| kisz-59a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 144.1799 | 12.6914 | 242.9 | 34.33 | 22.31 |
| kisz-59b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 144.3531 | 12.3613 | 242.9 | 20.25 | 5 |
| kisz-60a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 143.3687 | 12.3280 | 244.9 | 30.9 | 20.62 |
| kisz-60b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 143.5355 | 11.9788 | 244.9 | 18.2 | 5 |
| kisz-61a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.7051 | 12.1507 | 261.8 | 35.41 | 25.51 |
| kisz-61b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.7582 | 11.7883 | 261.8 | 24.22 | 5 |
| kisz-62a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.6301 | 11.8447 | 245.7 | 39.86 | 34.35 |
| kisz-62b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.7750 | 11.5305 | 245.7 | 35.94 | 5 |
| kisz-63a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 140.8923 | 11.5740 | 256.2 | 42 | 38.46 |
| kisz-63b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 140.9735 | 11.2498 | 256.2 | 42 | 5 |
| kisz-64a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 140.1387 | 11.6028 | 269.6 | 42.48 | 38.77 |
| kisz-64b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 140.1410 | 11.2716 | 269.6 | 42.48 | 5 |
| kisz-65a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 139.4595 | 11.5883 | 288.7 | 44.16 | 39.83 |
| kisz-65b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 139.3541 | 11.2831 | 288.7 | 44.16 | 5 |
| kisz-66a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 138.1823 | 11.2648 | 193.1 | 45 | 40.36 |
| kisz-66b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 138.4977 | 11.1929 | 193.1 | 45 | 5 |
| kisz-67a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 137.9923 | 10.3398 | 189.8 | 45 | 40.36 |
| kisz-67b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 138.3104 | 10.2856 | 189.8 | 45 | 5 |
| kisz-68a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 137.7607 | 9.6136 | 201.7 | 45 | 40.36 |
| kisz-68b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 138.0599 | 9.4963 | 201.7 | 45 | 5 |
| kisz-69a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 137.4537 | 8.8996 | 213.5 | 45 | 40.36 |
| kisz-69b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 137.7215 | 8.7241 | 213.5 | 45 | 5 |
| kisz-70a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 137.0191 | 8.2872 | 226.5 | 45 | 40.36 |
| kisz-70b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 137.2400 | 8.0569 | 226.5 | 45 | 5 |
| kisz-71a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 136.3863 | 7.9078 | 263.9 | 45 | 40.36 |
| kisz-71b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 136.4202 | 7.5920 | 263.9 | 45 | 5 |
| kisz-72a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 135.6310 | 7.9130 | 276.9 | 45 | 40.36 |
| kisz-72b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 135.5926 | 7.5977 | 276.9 | 45 | 5 |
| kisz-73a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 134.3296 | 7.4541 | 224 | 45 | 40.36 |
| kisz-73b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 134.5600 | 7.2335 | 224 | 45 | 5 |
| kisz-74a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 133.7125 | 6.8621 | 228.1 | 45 | 40.36 |

(continued on next page)

Table B4: (continued)

| Segment | Description | Longitude (°E) | Latitude (°N) | Strike (°) | Dip (°) | Depth (km) |
|----------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| kisz-74b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 133.9263 | 6.6258 | 228.1 | 45 | 5 |
| kisz-75a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 133.0224 | 6.1221 | 217.7 | 45 | 40.36 |
| kisz-75b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 133.2751 | 5.9280 | 217.7 | 45 | 5 |

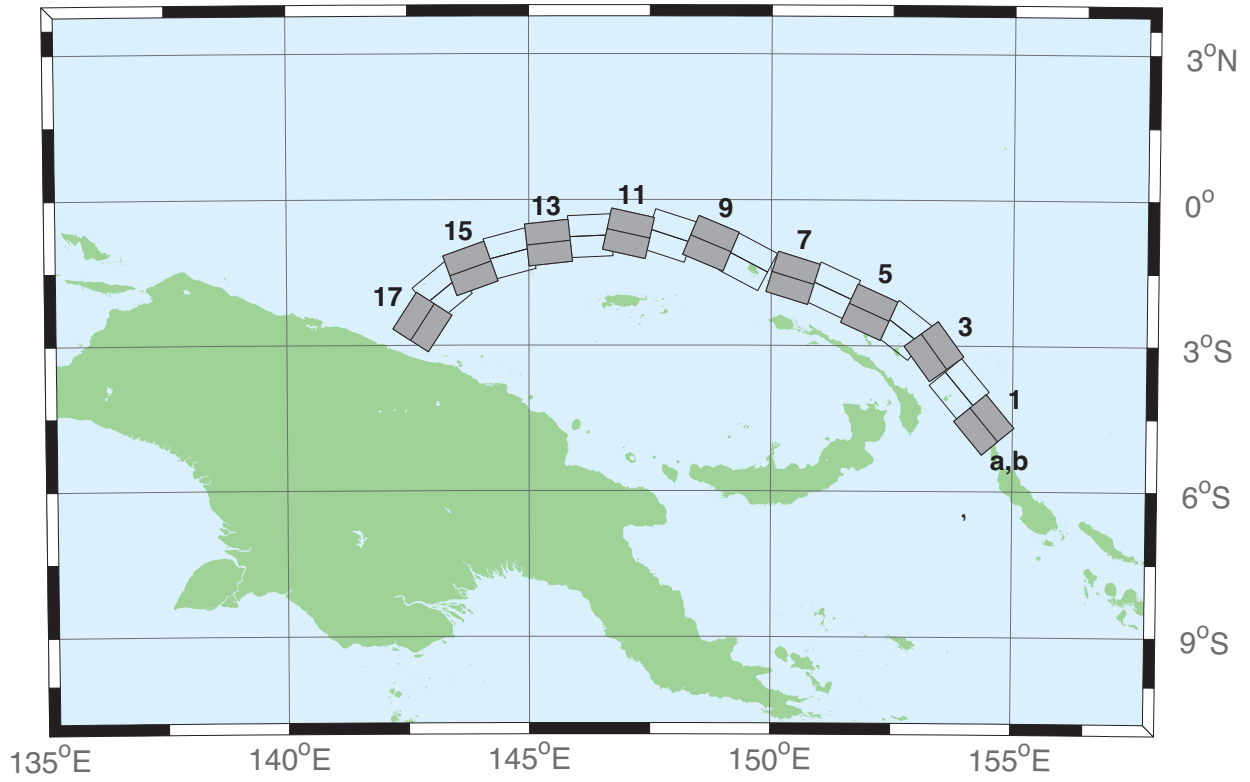


Figure B5: Manus–Oceanic Convergent Boundary Subduction Zone unit sources.

Table B5: Earthquake parameters for Manus–Oceanic Convergent Boundary Subduction Zone unit sources.

| Segment | Description | Longitude (°E) | Latitude (°N) | Strike (°) | Dip (°) | Depth (km) |
|----------|-----------------------------------|----------------|---------------|------------|---------|------------|
| mosz-1a | Manus–Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 154.0737 | -4.8960 | 140.2 | 15 | 15.88 |
| mosz-1b | Manus–Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 154.4082 | -4.6185 | 140.2 | 15 | 5 |
| mosz-2a | Manus–Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 153.5589 | -4.1575 | 140.2 | 15 | 15.91 |
| mosz-2b | Manus–Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 153.8931 | -3.8800 | 140.2 | 15 | 5.35 |
| mosz-3a | Manus–Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 153.0151 | -3.3716 | 143.9 | 15 | 16.64 |
| mosz-3b | Manus–Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 153.3662 | -3.1160 | 143.9 | 15 | 6.31 |
| mosz-4a | Manus–Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 152.4667 | -3.0241 | 127.7 | 15 | 17.32 |
| mosz-4b | Manus–Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 152.7321 | -2.6806 | 127.7 | 15 | 7.39 |
| mosz-5a | Manus–Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 151.8447 | -2.7066 | 114.3 | 15 | 17.57 |
| mosz-5b | Manus–Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 152.0235 | -2.3112 | 114.3 | 15 | 8.25 |
| mosz-6a | Manus–Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 151.0679 | -2.2550 | 115 | 15 | 17.66 |
| mosz-6b | Manus–Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 151.2513 | -1.8618 | 115 | 15 | 7.58 |
| mosz-7a | Manus–Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 150.3210 | -2.0236 | 107.2 | 15 | 17.73 |
| mosz-7b | Manus–Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 150.4493 | -1.6092 | 107.2 | 15 | 6.83 |
| mosz-8a | Manus–Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 149.3226 | -1.6666 | 117.8 | 15 | 17.83 |
| mosz-8b | Manus–Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 149.5251 | -1.2829 | 117.8 | 15 | 7.92 |
| mosz-9a | Manus–Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 148.5865 | -1.3017 | 112.7 | 15 | 17.84 |
| mosz-9b | Manus–Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 148.7540 | -0.9015 | 112.7 | 15 | 8.3 |
| mosz-10a | Manus–Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 147.7760 | -1.1560 | 108 | 15 | 17.78 |
| mosz-10b | Manus–Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 147.9102 | -0.7434 | 108 | 15 | 8.09 |
| mosz-11a | Manus–Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 146.9596 | -1.1226 | 102.5 | 15 | 17.54 |
| mosz-11b | Manus–Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 147.0531 | -0.6990 | 102.5 | 15 | 7.64 |
| mosz-12a | Manus–Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 146.2858 | -1.1820 | 87.48 | 15 | 17.29 |
| mosz-12b | Manus–Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 146.2667 | -0.7486 | 87.48 | 15 | 7.62 |
| mosz-13a | Manus–Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 145.4540 | -1.3214 | 83.75 | 15 | 17.34 |
| mosz-13b | Manus–Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 145.4068 | -0.8901 | 83.75 | 15 | 7.08 |
| mosz-14a | Manus–Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 144.7151 | -1.5346 | 75.09 | 15 | 17.21 |
| mosz-14b | Manus–Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 144.6035 | -1.1154 | 75.09 | 15 | 6.38 |
| mosz-15a | Manus–Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 143.9394 | -1.8278 | 70.43 | 15 | 16.52 |
| mosz-15b | Manus–Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 143.7940 | -1.4190 | 70.43 | 15 | 6.09 |
| mosz-16a | Manus–Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 143.4850 | -2.2118 | 50.79 | 15 | 15.86 |
| mosz-16b | Manus–Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 143.2106 | -1.8756 | 50.79 | 15 | 5 |
| mosz-17a | Manus–Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 143.1655 | -2.7580 | 33 | 15 | 16.64 |
| mosz-17b | Manus–Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 142.8013 | -2.5217 | 33 | 15 | 5 |

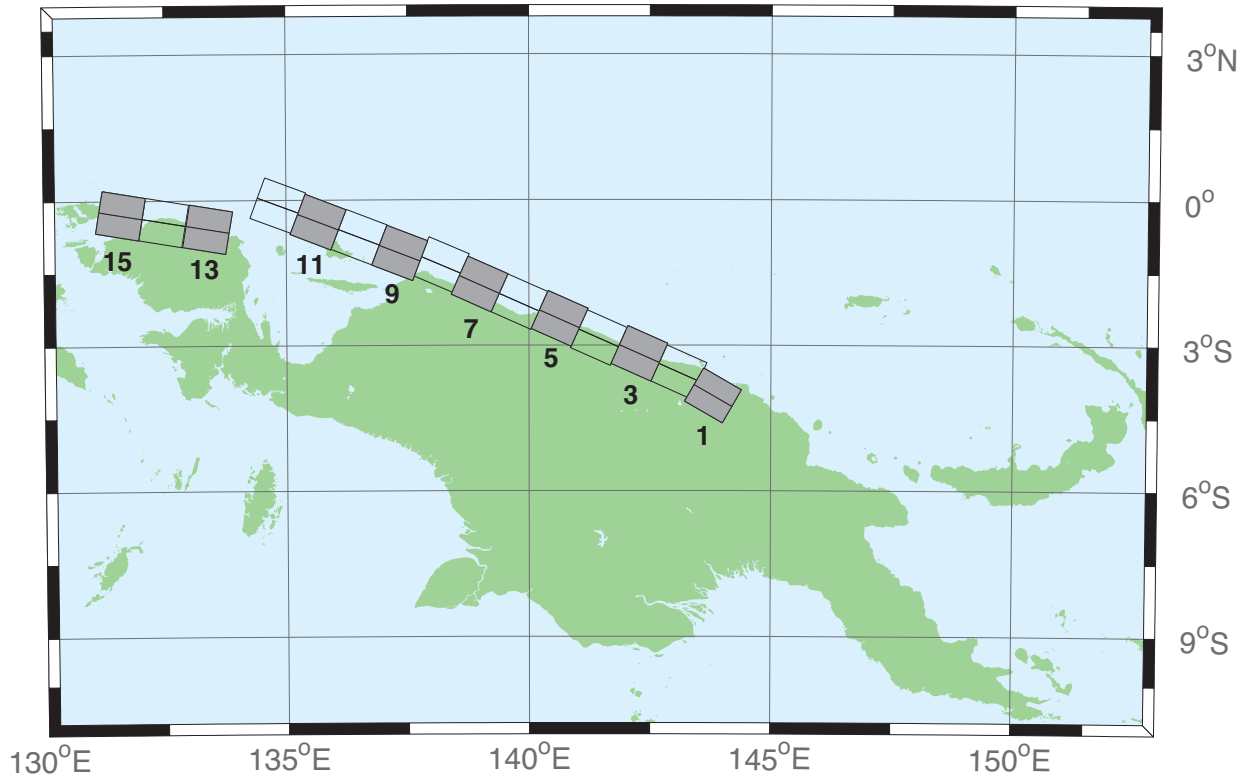


Figure B6: New Guinea Subduction Zone unit sources.

Table B6: Earthquake parameters for New Guinea Subduction Zone unit sources.

| Segment | Description | Longitude (°E) | Latitude (°N) | Strike (°) | Dip (°) | Depth (km) |
|----------|-------------|----------------|---------------|------------|---------|------------|
| ngsz-1a | New Guinea | 143.6063 | -4.3804 | 120 | 29 | 25.64 |
| ngsz-1b | New Guinea | 143.8032 | -4.0402 | 120 | 29 | 1.4 |
| ngsz-2a | New Guinea | 142.9310 | -3.9263 | 114 | 27.63 | 20.1 |
| ngsz-2b | New Guinea | 143.0932 | -3.5628 | 114 | 21.72 | 1.6 |
| ngsz-3a | New Guinea | 142.1076 | -3.5632 | 114 | 20.06 | 18.73 |
| ngsz-3b | New Guinea | 142.2795 | -3.1778 | 114 | 15.94 | 5 |
| ngsz-4a | New Guinea | 141.2681 | -3.2376 | 114 | 21 | 17.76 |
| ngsz-4b | New Guinea | 141.4389 | -2.8545 | 114 | 14.79 | 5 |
| ngsz-5a | New Guinea | 140.4592 | -2.8429 | 114 | 21.26 | 16.14 |
| ngsz-5b | New Guinea | 140.6296 | -2.4605 | 114 | 12.87 | 5 |
| ngsz-6a | New Guinea | 139.6288 | -2.4960 | 114 | 22.72 | 15.4 |
| ngsz-6b | New Guinea | 139.7974 | -2.1175 | 114 | 12 | 5 |
| ngsz-7a | New Guinea | 138.8074 | -2.1312 | 114 | 21.39 | 15.4 |
| ngsz-7b | New Guinea | 138.9776 | -1.7491 | 114 | 12 | 5 |
| ngsz-8a | New Guinea | 138.0185 | -1.7353 | 113.1 | 18.79 | 15.14 |
| ngsz-8b | New Guinea | 138.1853 | -1.3441 | 113.1 | 11.7 | 5 |
| ngsz-9a | New Guinea | 137.1805 | -1.5037 | 111 | 15.24 | 13.23 |
| ngsz-9b | New Guinea | 137.3358 | -1.0991 | 111 | 9.47 | 5 |
| ngsz-10a | New Guinea | 136.3418 | -1.1774 | 111 | 13.51 | 11.09 |
| ngsz-10b | New Guinea | 136.4983 | -0.7697 | 111 | 7 | 5 |
| ngsz-11a | New Guinea | 135.4984 | -0.8641 | 111 | 11.38 | 12.49 |
| ngsz-11b | New Guinea | 135.6562 | -0.4530 | 111 | 8.62 | 5 |
| ngsz-12a | New Guinea | 134.6759 | -0.5216 | 110.5 | 10 | 13.68 |
| ngsz-12b | New Guinea | 134.8307 | -0.1072 | 110.5 | 10 | 5 |
| ngsz-13a | New Guinea | 133.3065 | -1.0298 | 99.5 | 10 | 13.68 |
| ngsz-13b | New Guinea | 133.3795 | -0.5935 | 99.5 | 10 | 5 |
| ngsz-14a | New Guinea | 132.4048 | -0.8816 | 99.5 | 10 | 13.68 |
| ngsz-14b | New Guinea | 132.4778 | -0.4453 | 99.5 | 10 | 5 |
| ngsz-15a | New Guinea | 131.5141 | -0.7353 | 99.5 | 10 | 13.68 |
| ngsz-15b | New Guinea | 131.5871 | -0.2990 | 99.5 | 10 | 5 |

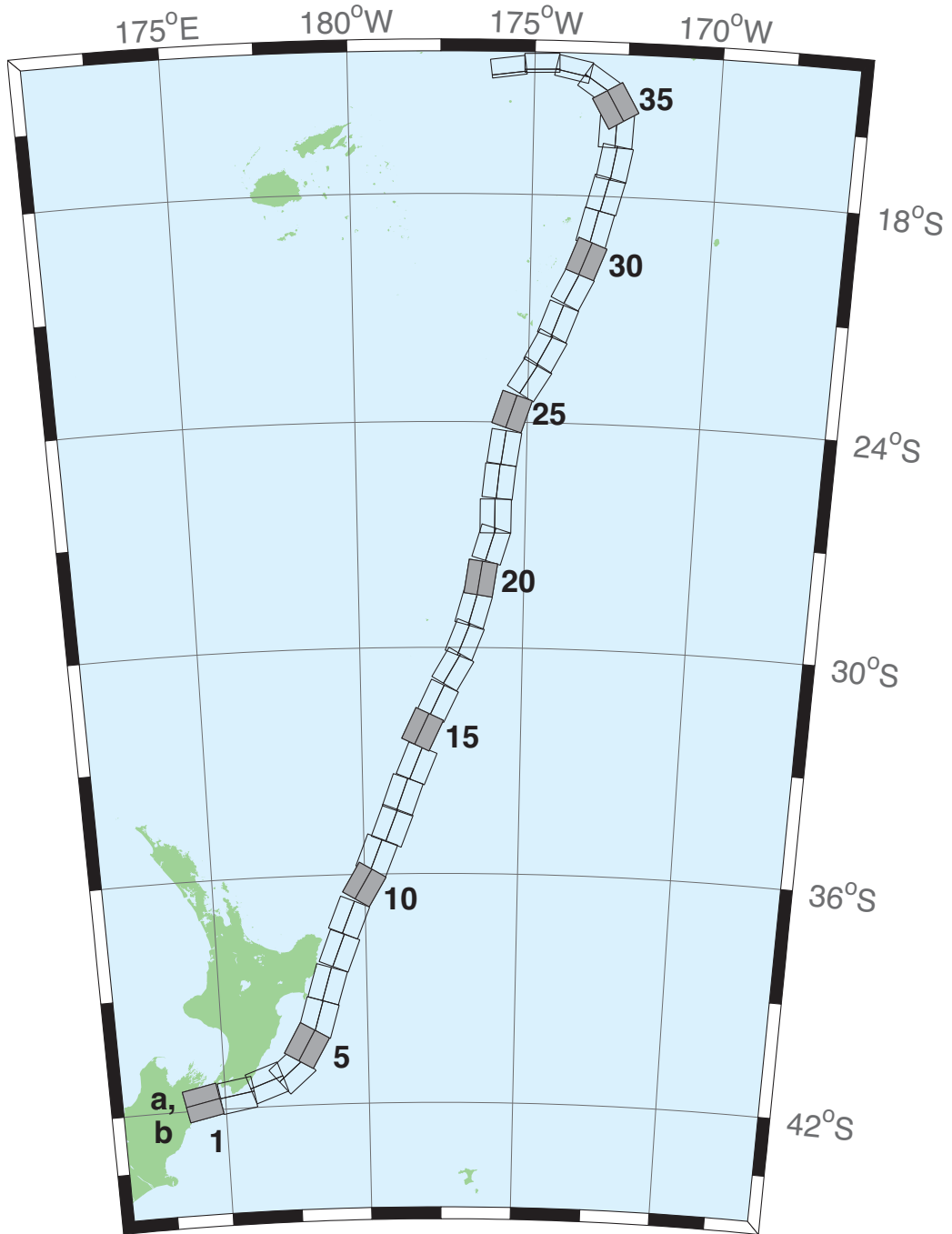


Figure B7: New Zealand-Keradec-Tonga Subduction Zone unit sources.

Table B7: Earthquake parameters for New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga Subduction Zone unit sources.

| Segment | Description | Longitude (°E) | Latitude (°N) | Strike (°) | Dip (°) | Depth (km) |
|----------|---------------------------|----------------|---------------|------------|---------|------------|
| ntsz-1a | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 174.0985 | −41.3951 | 258.6 | 24 | 25.34 |
| ntsz-1b | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 174.2076 | −41.7973 | 258.6 | 24 | 5 |
| ntsz-2a | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 175.3289 | −41.2592 | 260.6 | 29.38 | 23.17 |
| ntsz-2b | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 175.4142 | −41.6454 | 260.6 | 21.31 | 5 |
| ntsz-3a | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 176.2855 | −40.9950 | 250.7 | 29.54 | 21.74 |
| ntsz-3b | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 176.4580 | −41.3637 | 250.7 | 19.56 | 5 |
| ntsz-4a | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 177.0023 | −40.7679 | 229.4 | 24.43 | 18.87 |
| ntsz-4b | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 177.3552 | −41.0785 | 229.4 | 16.1 | 5 |
| ntsz-5a | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 177.4114 | −40.2396 | 210 | 18.8 | 19.29 |
| ntsz-5b | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 177.8951 | −40.4525 | 210 | 16.61 | 5 |
| ntsz-6a | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 177.8036 | −39.6085 | 196.7 | 18.17 | 15.8 |
| ntsz-6b | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 178.3352 | −39.7310 | 196.7 | 12.48 | 5 |
| ntsz-7a | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 178.1676 | −38.7480 | 197 | 28.1 | 17.85 |
| ntsz-7b | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 178.6541 | −38.8640 | 197 | 14.89 | 5 |
| ntsz-8a | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 178.6263 | −37.8501 | 201.4 | 31.47 | 18.78 |
| ntsz-8b | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 179.0788 | −37.9899 | 201.4 | 16 | 5 |
| ntsz-9a | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 178.9833 | −36.9770 | 202.2 | 29.58 | 20.02 |
| ntsz-9b | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 179.4369 | −37.1245 | 202.2 | 17.48 | 5 |
| ntsz-10a | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 179.5534 | −36.0655 | 210.6 | 32.1 | 20.72 |
| ntsz-10b | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 179.9595 | −36.2593 | 210.6 | 18.32 | 5 |
| ntsz-11a | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 179.9267 | −35.3538 | 201.7 | 25 | 16.09 |
| ntsz-11b | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 180.3915 | −35.5040 | 201.7 | 12.81 | 5 |
| ntsz-12a | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 180.4433 | −34.5759 | 201.2 | 25 | 15.46 |
| ntsz-12b | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 180.9051 | −34.7230 | 201.2 | 12.08 | 5 |
| ntsz-13a | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 180.7990 | −33.7707 | 199.8 | 25.87 | 19.06 |
| ntsz-13b | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 181.2573 | −33.9073 | 199.8 | 16.33 | 5 |
| ntsz-14a | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 181.2828 | −32.9288 | 202.4 | 31.28 | 22.73 |
| ntsz-14b | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 181.7063 | −33.0751 | 202.4 | 20.77 | 5 |
| ntsz-15a | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 181.4918 | −32.0035 | 205.4 | 32.33 | 22.64 |
| ntsz-15b | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 181.8967 | −32.1665 | 205.4 | 20.66 | 5 |
| ntsz-16a | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 181.9781 | −31.2535 | 205.5 | 34.29 | 23.59 |
| ntsz-16b | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 182.3706 | −31.4131 | 205.5 | 21.83 | 5 |
| ntsz-17a | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 182.4819 | −30.3859 | 210.3 | 37.6 | 25.58 |
| ntsz-17b | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 182.8387 | −30.5655 | 210.3 | 24.3 | 5 |
| ntsz-18a | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 182.8176 | −29.6545 | 201.6 | 37.65 | 26.13 |
| ntsz-18b | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 183.1985 | −29.7856 | 201.6 | 25 | 5 |
| ntsz-19a | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 183.0622 | −28.8739 | 195.7 | 34.41 | 26.13 |
| ntsz-19b | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 183.4700 | −28.9742 | 195.7 | 25 | 5 |
| ntsz-20a | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 183.2724 | −28.0967 | 188.8 | 38 | 26.13 |
| ntsz-20b | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 183.6691 | −28.1508 | 188.8 | 25 | 5 |
| ntsz-21a | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 183.5747 | −27.1402 | 197.1 | 32.29 | 24.83 |
| ntsz-21b | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 183.9829 | −27.2518 | 197.1 | 23.37 | 5 |
| ntsz-22a | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 183.6608 | −26.4975 | 180 | 29.56 | 18.63 |
| ntsz-22b | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 184.0974 | −26.4975 | 180 | 15.82 | 5 |
| ntsz-23a | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 183.7599 | −25.5371 | 185.8 | 32.42 | 20.56 |
| ntsz-23b | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 184.1781 | −25.5752 | 185.8 | 18.13 | 5 |
| ntsz-24a | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 183.9139 | −24.6201 | 188.2 | 33.31 | 23.73 |
| ntsz-24b | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 184.3228 | −24.6734 | 188.2 | 22 | 5 |
| ntsz-25a | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 184.1266 | −23.5922 | 198.5 | 29.34 | 19.64 |
| ntsz-25b | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 184.5322 | −23.7163 | 198.5 | 17.03 | 5 |
| ntsz-26a | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 184.6613 | −22.6460 | 211.7 | 30.26 | 19.43 |
| ntsz-26b | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 185.0196 | −22.8497 | 211.7 | 16.78 | 5 |
| ntsz-27a | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 185.0879 | −21.9139 | 207.9 | 31.73 | 20.67 |
| ntsz-27b | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 185.4522 | −22.0928 | 207.9 | 18.27 | 5 |
| ntsz-28a | New Zealand–Keradec–Tonga | 185.4037 | −21.1758 | 200.5 | 32.44 | 21.76 |

(continued on next page)

Table B7: (continued)

| Segment | Description | Longitude (°E) | Latitude (°N) | Strike (°) | Dip (°) | Depth (km) |
|----------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| ntsz-28b | New Zealand-Keradec-Tonga | 185.7849 | -21.3084 | 200.5 | 19.58 | 5 |
| ntsz-29a | New Zealand-Keradec-Tonga | 185.8087 | -20.2629 | 206.4 | 32.47 | 20.4 |
| ntsz-29b | New Zealand-Keradec-Tonga | 186.1710 | -20.4312 | 206.4 | 17.94 | 5 |
| ntsz-30a | New Zealand-Keradec-Tonga | 186.1499 | -19.5087 | 200.9 | 32.98 | 22.46 |
| ntsz-30b | New Zealand-Keradec-Tonga | 186.5236 | -19.6432 | 200.9 | 20.44 | 5 |
| ntsz-31a | New Zealand-Keradec-Tonga | 186.3538 | -18.7332 | 193.9 | 34.41 | 21.19 |
| ntsz-31b | New Zealand-Keradec-Tonga | 186.7339 | -18.8221 | 193.9 | 18.89 | 5 |
| ntsz-32a | New Zealand-Keradec-Tonga | 186.5949 | -17.8587 | 194.1 | 30 | 19.12 |
| ntsz-32b | New Zealand-Keradec-Tonga | 186.9914 | -17.9536 | 194.1 | 16.4 | 5 |
| ntsz-33a | New Zealand-Keradec-Tonga | 186.8172 | -17.0581 | 190 | 33.15 | 23.34 |
| ntsz-33b | New Zealand-Keradec-Tonga | 187.2047 | -17.1237 | 190 | 21.52 | 5 |
| ntsz-34a | New Zealand-Keradec-Tonga | 186.7814 | -16.2598 | 182.1 | 15 | 13.41 |
| ntsz-34b | New Zealand-Keradec-Tonga | 187.2330 | -16.2759 | 182.1 | 9.68 | 5 |
| ntsz-35a | New Zealand-Keradec-Tonga | 186.8000 | -15.8563 | 149.8 | 15 | 12.17 |
| ntsz-35b | New Zealand-Keradec-Tonga | 187.1896 | -15.6384 | 149.8 | 8.24 | 5 |
| ntsz-36a | New Zealand-Keradec-Tonga | 186.5406 | -15.3862 | 123.9 | 40.44 | 36.72 |
| ntsz-36b | New Zealand-Keradec-Tonga | 186.7381 | -15.1025 | 123.9 | 39.38 | 5 |
| ntsz-37a | New Zealand-Keradec-Tonga | 185.9883 | -14.9861 | 102 | 68.94 | 30.99 |
| ntsz-37b | New Zealand-Keradec-Tonga | 186.0229 | -14.8282 | 102 | 31.32 | 5 |
| ntsz-38a | New Zealand-Keradec-Tonga | 185.2067 | -14.8259 | 88.4 | 80 | 26.13 |
| ntsz-38b | New Zealand-Keradec-Tonga | 185.2044 | -14.7479 | 88.4 | 25 | 5 |
| ntsz-39a | New Zealand-Keradec-Tonga | 184.3412 | -14.9409 | 82.55 | 80 | 26.13 |
| ntsz-39b | New Zealand-Keradec-Tonga | 184.3307 | -14.8636 | 82.55 | 25 | 5 |

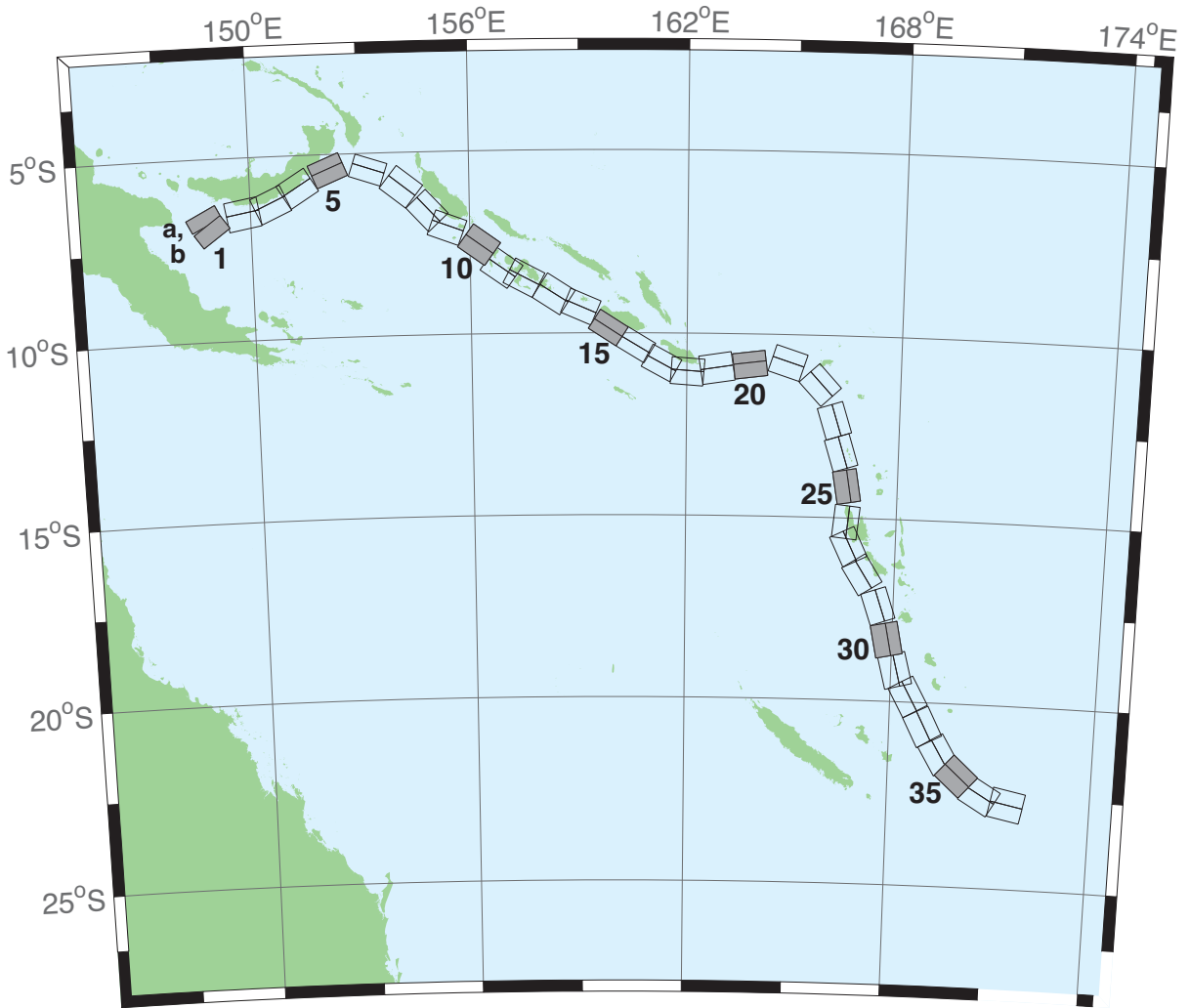


Figure B8: New Britain-Solomons-Vanuatu Zone unit sources.

Table B8: Earthquake parameters for New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu Subduction Zone unit sources.

| Segment | Description | Longitude (°E) | Latitude (°N) | Strike (°) | Dip (°) | Depth (km) |
|----------|------------------------------|----------------|---------------|------------|---------|------------|
| nvsz-1a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 148.6217 | −6.4616 | 243.2 | 32.34 | 15.69 |
| nvsz-1b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 148.7943 | −6.8002 | 234.2 | 12.34 | 5 |
| nvsz-2a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 149.7218 | −6.1459 | 260.1 | 35.1 | 16.36 |
| nvsz-2b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 149.7856 | −6.5079 | 260.1 | 13.13 | 5 |
| nvsz-3a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 150.4075 | −5.9659 | 245.7 | 42.35 | 18.59 |
| nvsz-3b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 150.5450 | −6.2684 | 245.7 | 15.77 | 5 |
| nvsz-4a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 151.1095 | −5.5820 | 238.2 | 42.41 | 23.63 |
| nvsz-4b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 151.2851 | −5.8639 | 238.2 | 21.88 | 5 |
| nvsz-5a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 152.0205 | −5.1305 | 247.7 | 49.22 | 32.39 |
| nvsz-5b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 152.1322 | −5.4020 | 247.7 | 33.22 | 5 |
| nvsz-6a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 153.3450 | −5.1558 | 288.6 | 53.53 | 33.59 |
| nvsz-6b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 153.2595 | −5.4089 | 288.6 | 34.87 | 5 |
| nvsz-7a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 154.3814 | −5.6308 | 308.3 | 39.72 | 19.18 |
| nvsz-7b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 154.1658 | −5.9017 | 308.3 | 16.48 | 5 |
| nvsz-8a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 155.1097 | −6.3511 | 317.2 | 45.33 | 22.92 |
| nvsz-8b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 154.8764 | −6.5656 | 317.2 | 21 | 5 |
| nvsz-9a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 155.5027 | −6.7430 | 290.5 | 48.75 | 22.92 |
| nvsz-9b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 155.3981 | −7.0204 | 290.5 | 21 | 5 |
| nvsz-10a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 156.4742 | −7.2515 | 305.9 | 36.88 | 27.62 |
| nvsz-10b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 156.2619 | −7.5427 | 305.9 | 26.9 | 5 |
| nvsz-11a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 157.0830 | −7.8830 | 305.4 | 32.97 | 29.72 |
| nvsz-11b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 156.8627 | −8.1903 | 305.4 | 29.63 | 5 |
| nvsz-12a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 157.6537 | −8.1483 | 297.9 | 37.53 | 28.57 |
| nvsz-12b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 157.4850 | −8.4630 | 297.9 | 28.13 | 5 |
| nvsz-13a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 158.5089 | −8.5953 | 302.7 | 33.62 | 23.02 |
| nvsz-13b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 158.3042 | −8.9099 | 302.7 | 21.12 | 5 |
| nvsz-14a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 159.1872 | −8.9516 | 293.3 | 38.44 | 34.06 |
| nvsz-14b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 159.0461 | −9.2747 | 293.3 | 35.54 | 5 |
| nvsz-15a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 159.9736 | −9.5993 | 302.8 | 46.69 | 41.38 |
| nvsz-15b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 159.8044 | −9.8584 | 302.8 | 46.69 | 5 |
| nvsz-16a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 160.7343 | −10.0574 | 301 | 46.05 | 41 |
| nvsz-16b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 160.5712 | −10.3246 | 301 | 46.05 | 5 |
| nvsz-17a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 161.4562 | −10.5241 | 298.4 | 40.12 | 37.22 |
| nvsz-17b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 161.2900 | −10.8263 | 298.4 | 40.12 | 5 |
| nvsz-18a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 162.0467 | −10.6823 | 274.1 | 40.33 | 29.03 |
| nvsz-18b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 162.0219 | −11.0238 | 274.1 | 28.72 | 5 |
| nvsz-19a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 162.7818 | −10.5645 | 261.3 | 34.25 | 24.14 |
| nvsz-19b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 162.8392 | −10.9315 | 261.3 | 22.51 | 5 |
| nvsz-20a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 163.7222 | −10.5014 | 262.9 | 50.35 | 26.3 |
| nvsz-20b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 163.7581 | −10.7858 | 262.9 | 25.22 | 5 |
| nvsz-21a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 164.9445 | −10.4183 | 287.9 | 40.31 | 23.3 |
| nvsz-21b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 164.8374 | −10.7442 | 287.9 | 21.47 | 5 |
| nvsz-22a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 166.0261 | −11.1069 | 317.1 | 42.39 | 20.78 |
| nvsz-22b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 165.7783 | −11.3328 | 317.1 | 18.4 | 5 |
| nvsz-23a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 166.5179 | −12.2260 | 342.4 | 47.95 | 22.43 |
| nvsz-23b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 166.2244 | −12.3171 | 342.4 | 20.4 | 5 |
| nvsz-24a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 166.7236 | −13.1065 | 342.6 | 47.13 | 28.52 |
| nvsz-24b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 166.4241 | −13.1979 | 342.6 | 28.06 | 5 |
| nvsz-25a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 166.8914 | −14.0785 | 350.3 | 54.1 | 31.16 |
| nvsz-25b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 166.6237 | −14.1230 | 350.3 | 31.55 | 5 |
| nvsz-26a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 166.9200 | −15.1450 | 365.6 | 50.46 | 29.05 |
| nvsz-26b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 166.6252 | −15.1170 | 365.6 | 28.75 | 5 |
| nvsz-27a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 167.0053 | −15.6308 | 334.2 | 44.74 | 25.46 |
| nvsz-27b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 166.7068 | −15.7695 | 334.2 | 24.15 | 5 |
| nvsz-28a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 167.4074 | −16.3455 | 327.5 | 41.53 | 22.44 |

(continued on next page)

Table B8: (continued)

| Segment | Description | Longitude (°E) | Latitude (°N) | Strike (°) | Dip (°) | Depth (km) |
|----------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| nvsz-28b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 167.1117 | -16.5264 | 327.5 | 20.42 | 5 |
| nvsz-29a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 167.9145 | -17.2807 | 341.2 | 49.1 | 24.12 |
| nvsz-29b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 167.6229 | -17.3757 | 341.2 | 22.48 | 5 |
| nvsz-30a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 168.2220 | -18.2353 | 348.6 | 44.19 | 23.99 |
| nvsz-30b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 167.8895 | -18.2991 | 348.6 | 22.32 | 5 |
| nvsz-31a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 168.5022 | -19.0510 | 345.6 | 42.2 | 22.26 |
| nvsz-31b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 168.1611 | -19.1338 | 345.6 | 20.2 | 5 |
| nvsz-32a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 168.8775 | -19.6724 | 331.1 | 42.03 | 21.68 |
| nvsz-32b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 168.5671 | -19.8338 | 331.1 | 19.49 | 5 |
| nvsz-33a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 169.3422 | -20.4892 | 332.9 | 40.25 | 22.4 |
| nvsz-33b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 169.0161 | -20.6453 | 332.9 | 20.37 | 5 |
| nvsz-34a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 169.8304 | -21.2121 | 329.1 | 39 | 22.73 |
| nvsz-34b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 169.5086 | -21.3911 | 329.1 | 20.77 | 5 |
| nvsz-35a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 170.3119 | -21.6945 | 311.9 | 39 | 22.13 |
| nvsz-35b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 170.0606 | -21.9543 | 311.9 | 20.03 | 5 |
| nvsz-36a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 170.9487 | -22.1585 | 300.4 | 39.42 | 23.5 |
| nvsz-36b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 170.7585 | -22.4577 | 300.4 | 21.71 | 5 |
| nvsz-37a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 171.6335 | -22.3087 | 281.3 | 30 | 22.1 |
| nvsz-37b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 171.5512 | -22.6902 | 281.3 | 20 | 5 |

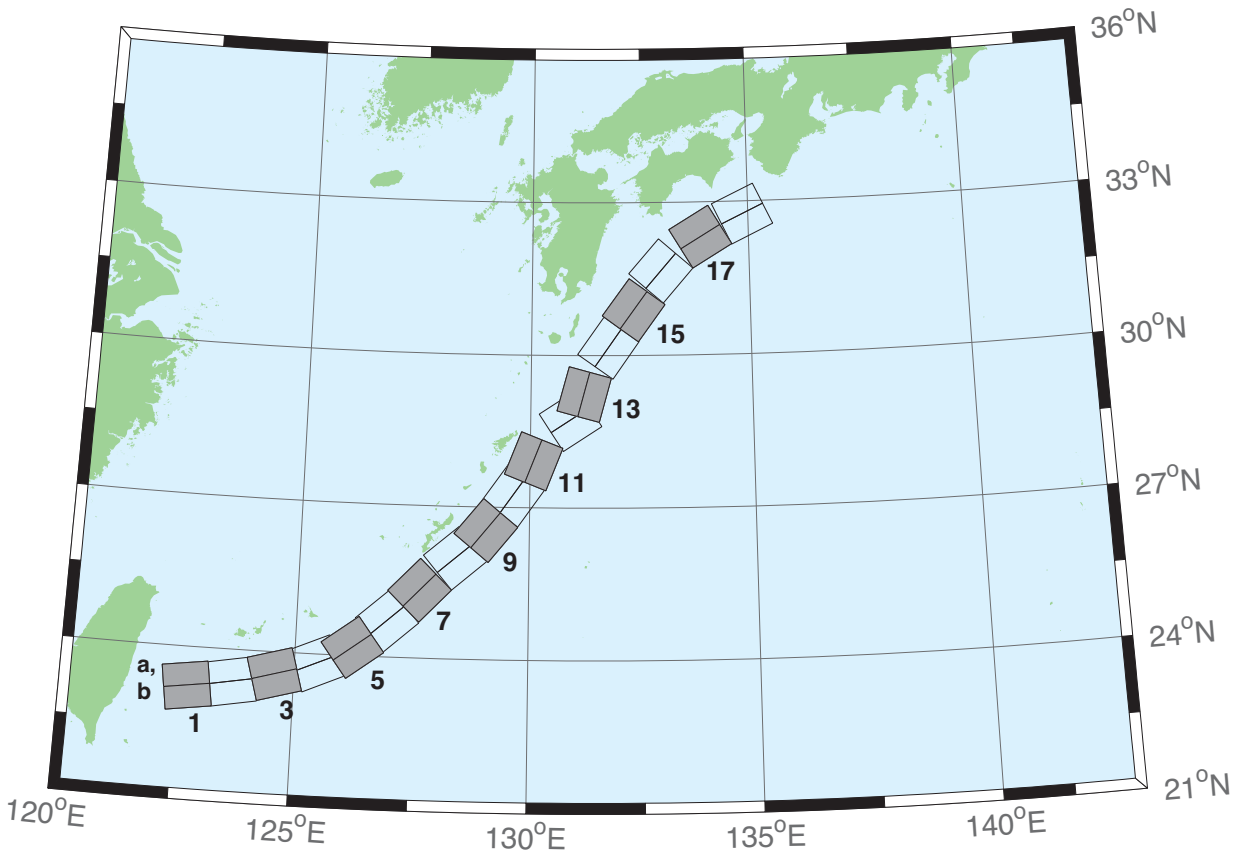


Figure B9: Ryukyu-Kyushu-Nankai Zone unit sources.

Table B9: Earthquake parameters for Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai Subduction Zone unit sources.

| Segment | Description | Longitude (°E) | Latitude (°N) | Strike (°) | Dip (°) | Depth (km) |
|----------|----------------------|----------------|---------------|------------|---------|------------|
| rnsz-1a | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 122.6672 | 23.6696 | 262 | 14 | 11.88 |
| rnsz-1b | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 122.7332 | 23.2380 | 262 | 10 | 3.2 |
| rnsz-2a | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 123.5939 | 23.7929 | 259.9 | 18.11 | 12.28 |
| rnsz-2b | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 123.6751 | 23.3725 | 259.9 | 10 | 3.6 |
| rnsz-3a | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 124.4604 | 23.9777 | 254.6 | 19.27 | 14.65 |
| rnsz-3b | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 124.5830 | 23.5689 | 254.6 | 12.18 | 4.1 |
| rnsz-4a | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 125.2720 | 24.2102 | 246.8 | 18 | 20.38 |
| rnsz-4b | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 125.4563 | 23.8177 | 246.8 | 16 | 6.6 |
| rnsz-5a | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 125.9465 | 24.5085 | 233.6 | 18 | 20.21 |
| rnsz-5b | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 126.2241 | 24.1645 | 233.6 | 16 | 6.43 |
| rnsz-6a | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 126.6349 | 25.0402 | 228.7 | 17.16 | 19.55 |
| rnsz-6b | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 126.9465 | 24.7176 | 228.7 | 15.16 | 6.47 |
| rnsz-7a | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 127.2867 | 25.6343 | 224 | 15.85 | 17.98 |
| rnsz-7b | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 127.6303 | 25.3339 | 224 | 13.56 | 6.26 |
| rnsz-8a | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 128.0725 | 26.3146 | 229.7 | 14.55 | 14.31 |
| rnsz-8b | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 128.3854 | 25.9831 | 229.7 | 9.64 | 5.94 |
| rnsz-9a | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 128.6642 | 26.8177 | 219.2 | 15.4 | 12.62 |
| rnsz-9b | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 129.0391 | 26.5438 | 219.2 | 8 | 5.66 |
| rnsz-10a | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 129.2286 | 27.4879 | 215.2 | 17 | 12.55 |
| rnsz-10b | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 129.6233 | 27.2402 | 215.2 | 8.16 | 5.45 |
| rnsz-11a | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 129.6169 | 28.0741 | 201.3 | 17 | 12.91 |
| rnsz-11b | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 130.0698 | 27.9181 | 201.3 | 8.8 | 5.26 |
| rnsz-12a | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 130.6175 | 29.0900 | 236.7 | 16.42 | 13.05 |
| rnsz-12b | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 130.8873 | 28.7299 | 236.7 | 9.57 | 4.74 |
| rnsz-13a | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 130.7223 | 29.3465 | 195.2 | 20.25 | 15.89 |
| rnsz-13b | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 131.1884 | 29.2362 | 195.2 | 12.98 | 4.66 |
| rnsz-14a | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 131.3467 | 30.3899 | 215.1 | 22.16 | 19.73 |
| rnsz-14b | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 131.7402 | 30.1507 | 215.1 | 17.48 | 4.71 |
| rnsz-15a | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 131.9149 | 31.1450 | 216 | 15.11 | 16.12 |
| rnsz-15b | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 132.3235 | 30.8899 | 216 | 13.46 | 4.48 |
| rnsz-16a | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 132.5628 | 31.9468 | 220.9 | 10.81 | 10.88 |
| rnsz-16b | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 132.9546 | 31.6579 | 220.9 | 7.19 | 4.62 |
| rnsz-17a | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 133.6125 | 32.6956 | 239 | 10.14 | 12.01 |
| rnsz-17b | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 133.8823 | 32.3168 | 239 | 8.41 | 4.7 |
| rnsz-18a | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 134.6416 | 33.1488 | 244.7 | 10.99 | 14.21 |
| rnsz-18b | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 134.8656 | 32.7502 | 244.5 | 10.97 | 4.7 |

Glossary

Arrival Time The time when the first tsunami wave is observed at a particular location, typically given in local and/or universal time but also commonly noted in minutes or hours relative to time of earthquake.

Bathymetry The measurement of water depth of an undisturbed body of water.

Cascadia Subduction Zone Fault that extends from Cape Mendocino in Northern California northward to mid-Vancouver Island Canada. The fault marks the convergence boundary where the Juan de Fuca tectonic plate is being subducted under the margin of the North America plate.

Current Speed The scalar rate of water motion measured as distance/time.

Current Velocity Movement of water expressed as a vector quantity. Velocity is the distance of movement per time coupled with direction of motion.

Deep-ocean Assessment and Reporting of Tsunamis (DART[®]) Tsunami detection and transmission system that measures the pressure of an overlying column of water and detects the passage of a tsunami

Digital Elevation Model (DEM) A digital representation of bathymetry or topography based on regional survey data or satellite imagery. Data are arrays of regularly spaced elevations referenced to map projection of geographic coordinate system.

Epicenter The point on the surface of the earth that is directly above the focus of an earthquake.

Far-field Region outside of the source of a tsunami where no direct observations of the tsunami-generating event are evident, except for the tsunami waves themselves.

Focus The point beneath the surface of the earth where a rupture or energy release occurs due to a build up of stress or the movement of earth's tectonic plates relative to one another.

Inundation The horizontal inland extent of land that a tsunami penetrates, generally measured perpendicularly to a shoreline.

Marigram Tide gauge recording of wave level as a function of time at a particular location. The instrument used for recording is termed marigraph.

Moment Magnitude (MW) The magnitude of an earthquake on a logarithmic scale in terms of the energy released. Moment magnitude is based on the size and characteristics of a fault rupture as determined from long-period seismic waves.

Method of Splitting Tsunamis (MOST) A suite of numerical simulation codes used to provide estimates of the three processes of tsunami evolution: tsunami generation, propagation, and inundation.

Near-field Region of primary tsunami impact near the source of the tsunami. The near-field is defined as the region where non-tsunami effects of the tsunami-generating event have been observed, such as earth shaking from the earthquake, visible or measured ground deformation, or other direct (non-tsunami) evidences of the source of the tsunami wave.

Propagation database A basin-wide database of pre-computed water elevations and flow velocities at uniformly spaced grid points throughout the world Oceans. Values are computed from tsunamis generated by earthquakes with a fault rupture at any one of discrete 100×50 km unit sources along worldwide subduction zones.

Runup or Run-up Vertical difference between the elevation of tsunami inundation and the sea level at the time of a tsunami. Runup is the elevation of the highest point of land inundated by a tsunami as measured relative to a stated datum, such as mean sea level.

Short-term Inundation Forecasting for Tsunamis (SIFT) A tsunami forecast system that integrates tsunami observations in the deep-ocean with numerical models to provide an estimate of tsunami wave arrival, amplitude, at specific coastal locations while a tsunami propagates across an ocean basin.

Subduction zone A submarine region of the earth's crust at which two or more tectonic plates converge to cause one plate to sink under another, overriding plate. Subduction zones are regions of high seismic activity.

Synthetic event Hypothetical events based on computer simulations or theory of possible or even likely future scenarios.

Tidal wave Term frequently used incorrectly as a synonym for tsunami. A tsunami is unrelated to the predictable periodic rise and fall of sea level due to the gravitational attractions of the moon and sun: the tide.

Tide The predictable rise and fall of a body of water (ocean, sea, bay, etc.) due to the gravitational attractions of the moon and sun.

Tide Gauge An instrument for measuring the rise and fall of a column of water over time at a particular location.

Tele-tsunami or distant tsunami Most commonly, a tsunami originating from a source greater than 1000 km away from a particular location. In some contexts, a tele-tsunami is one that propagates through deep-ocean before reaching a particular location without regard to distance separation.

Travel time The time it takes for a tsunami to travel from the generating source to a particular location.

Tsunami meter An oceanographic instrument used to detect and measure tsunamis in the deep-ocean. Tsunami measurements are typically transmitted acoustically to a surface buoy that in turn relays them in real-time to ground stations via satellite.

Tsunami A Japanese term that literally translates to “harbor wave.” Tsunamis are a series of long period shallow water waves that are generated by the sudden displacement of water due to subsea disturbances such as earthquakes, submarine landslides, or volcanic eruptions. Less commonly, meteoric impact to the ocean or meteorological forcing can generate a tsunami.

Tsunami Hazard Assessment A systematic investigation of seismically active regions of the world oceans to determine their potential tsunami impact at a particular location. Numerical models are typically used to characterize tsunami generation, propagation, and inundation and to quantify the risk posed a particular community from tsunamis generated in each source region investigated.

Tsunami Magnitude A number that characterizes the strength of a tsunami based on the tsunami wave amplitudes. Several different tsunami magnitude determination methods have been proposed.

Tsunami Propagation The directional movement of a tsunami wave outward from the source of generation. The speed at which a tsunami propagates depends on the depth of the water column in which the wave is traveling. Tsunamis travel at a speed of 700 km/hr (450 mi/hr) over the average depth of 4000 m in the open deep Pacific Ocean.

Tsunami Source Abrupt deformation of the ocean surface that generates series of long gravity waves propagating outward from the source area. The deformation is typically produced by underwater earthquakes, landslide, volcano eruptions or other catastrophic geophysical processes.

Wave amplitude The maximum vertical rise or drop of a column of water as measured from wave crest (peak) or trough to a defined mean water level state.

Wave crest or peak The highest part of a wave or maximum rise above a defined mean water level state, such as mean lower low water.

Wave height The vertical difference between the highest part of a specific wave (crest) and its corresponding lowest point (trough).

Wavelength The horizontal distance between two successive wave crests or troughs.

Wave period The length of time between the passage of two successive wave crests or troughs as measured at a fixed location.

Wave trough The lowest part of a wave or the maximum drop below a defined mean water level state, such as mean lower low water.

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